# **BANDA DISTRICT ASSEMBLY**



# MEDIUM TERM DEVELOPMENT PLAN (MTDP)

2018-2021

**JULY 2018** 

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# LIST OF ACRONYMS

BDA	Banda District Assembly
CHPS	Community Health Planning Service
CWSA	Community Water and Sanitation
DA	District Assembly
DACF	District Assembly Common Fund
DBA	District Budget Analyst
DDE	District Director of Education
DDF	District Development Facility
DDH	District Director of Health
DEHO	District Environmental Health Officer
DISEC	District Security Committee
DMTDP	District Medium Term Development Plan
DPCU	District Planning Coordinating Unit
DPO	District Planning
GES	Ghana Education Service
GHARP	Ghana Adolescent Reproductive Health Programme
GHS	Ghana Health Service
GSGDA	Ghana Shared Growth Development Agenda
IGF	Internally Generated Fund
MOFA	Ministry of Food and Agriculture
MSHAP	Multi Sectoral HIV/AIDS Programme
MTDP	Medium Term Development Plan
NDPC	National Development Planning Commission
NGOs	Non-Governmental Organizations
POCC	Potentials Opportunities Constraints Challenges
RCC	Regional Coordinating Council

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Banda District is one of the twenty seven Administrative Districts in the Brong Ahafo Region of Ghana. It was created and inaugurated on 28<sup>th</sup> June 2012 with a Legislative Instrument (LI) 2092. The Banda District has Banda Ahenkro as its capital. It arose as a result of the large size of the then Tain District and lies within latitudes 7° and 8° 45` North and longitudes 2° 52` and 0° 28` West. The District shares boundaries with the Bole District (Northern Region) to the North, Tain District to the south, La Cote D'Ivoire to the East and Kintampo South to the West. Banda Ahenkro, the District capital is 126 kilometers away from Sunyani, the regional capital (approximately 1 hour 47 minutes' drive by road).

#### Vision

The Banda District Assembly envisages reducing the high level of economic, social and political deprivation through effective utilization of the limited resources to harness the existing potentials and opportunities to improve the living standards of its people.

#### Mission Statement of the Assembly

The Banda District Assembly exists to mobilize human, physical and financial resources to provide basic social services through active participation of the people to create enabling environment for wealth creation to enhance the living conditions of the people in the District.

#### Functions of the Assembly

These are deliberative, legislative and execution; Section 10 of Local Government Act, 1993, Act 462 lists them as follows:

- (a) Be responsible for the overall development of the District and shall ensure the preparation and submission to the government for approval of the development plan and budget for the District ;
- (b) Formulate programmes and strategies for the effective mobilization and utilization of human, physical, financial and other resources in the District ;
- (c) Promote and support productive activity and social development in the District and remove any obstacles to initiative and development in the District ;
- (d) Initiate programmes for the development of basic infrastructure and provide municipal works and services in the District;
- (e) Be responsible for the development, improvement and management of human settlements and the environment in the District.

- (f) In co-operation with the appropriate national and local security agencies, be responsible for the maintenance of security and public safety in the District ;
- (g) Ensure ready access to the courts and public tribunals in the District for the promotion of justice.
- (h) Initiate, sponsor or carry out such studies as may be necessary for the discharge of any of the functions conferred by this law or any other enactment; and perform such other functions as may be referred to it by the government.

#### The MTDP's preparations, stakeholders and indicative budget

The Implementation of the Development Plan will start from 2018-2021 under the Agenda for Jobs (2018-2021), guided by the National Development Policy Framework which seeks to provide the framework for the Socio-Economic and Infrastructural Development of the District. It also seeks to mobilize the Human ,financial and Economic resources of the District through participation in Decision making by the people ,involvement of stakeholders and Non-Governmental Organizations, Faith-based Organizations, and Development Partners in the implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation of Programmes and Projects in the District Medium Term Development Plan.

The Plan seeks among other things to improve Socio- economic infrastructure, improve the Local economy, Reduce Poverty and ultimately improve the standard of living of the People.

After the implementation of the Programmes and Projects in the GSGDA1I Policy Framework, the government designed a New National Development Agenda which is premised on creating employment for the teaming youth and improving infrastructural development.

The Agenda for Jobs has five main development dimensions, which are;

- Economic Development
- Social Development
- Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement
- Governance, Corruption and Accountability
- Ghana's role in international affairs

In coming out with the DTMDP, the District Planning Coordinating Unit (DPCU) has made a wide range of consultations with all the major stakeholders in the district through data collection,

preparations and harmonization of area council and community level plans as well as various public hearings. The objective of this was to create and sustain the people's participation and ownership of the plan.

The Medium term development Plan was prepared by the District Planning Coordinating Unit comprising of 11 members. The team started the process with the performance review, data collection, analysis and finalization of the report. Several meetings and workshops including public hearing were organized involving stakeholders such as community members, assembly members, and heads of departments, non-governmental organization and development partners.

The focus of the 2014-2017 District Medium Term Development plan focuses on job creations, infrastructure provision, human resource development and environmental sustainability

The total cost of the plan stands at  $GH \notin 56$ , 267,000.00. However the expected cash inflow is  $GH \notin 22$ , 053,250.08. The financial gap is  $GH \notin 34,213,749.92$ . It is expected that the district assembly will step up revenue generation drive to mobilize funds to finance some of the projects and programmes in the District Medium Term Development plan. Other development partners are encouraged to support in providing Funds to address the Funding gap.

#### **CHAPTER ONE**

#### PERFORMANCE REVIEW AND DISTRICT PROFILE

#### **1.1 INTRODUCTION**

The District Assemblies (DAs) are required to prepare development plans reflecting spatial dimensions in relation to the Guidelines provided by the NDPC. The Guidelines are to facilitate the translation of the Ghana Share Growth and Development Agenda II 2014-2017 into programmes, projects and activities to be implemented for the benefit of the people. This should be done by analyzing the specific DAs' context and circumstances with regards to meeting the local needs and aspirations in harmony with the national development goals and objectives as contained in the National Medium Term Development Policy Framework

In 2014, the Government of Ghana (GoG) launched the medium term development plan (MTDP) containing the Country's medium term strategic direction, development priorities and implementation strategies for a four-year planning horizon between financial year (FY) 2014-2017. The thrust of the MTDP is to accelerate socioeconomic transformation which, according to the MTDP strategy is expected to be demonstrated by improved employment levels, higher per capita income, improved labour force distribution in line with sectoral GDP shares, substantially improved human development and gender equality indicators, and improvement in the country's competitiveness position, among others. The main sources of economic growth are expected to come from the 8 'primary growth sectors' which are stated as agricultural development, forestry, tourism, mining, oil and gas, manufacturing, information and communications technology (ICT) and housing development.

As required in the MTDP implementation framework, a performance review (PR) to assess progress made towards the achievement of the MTDP objectives, results and other milestones is mandatory. Besides assessing progress made on targeted results and objectives, this PR is also intended to unearth challenges encountered during the three years of implementation of the Plan to date and to make recommendations on corrective measures needed to enhance the MTDP implementation over the remaining period.

#### 1.2 VISION, MISSION, CORE VALUES AND FUNCTIONS.

#### A. Vision

The Banda District Assembly envisages reducing the high level of economic, social and political deprivation through effective utilization of the limited resources to harness the existing potentials and opportunities to improve the living standards of its people.

#### **B.** Mission Statement of the Assembly

The Banda District Assembly exists to mobilize human, physical and financial resources to provide basic social services through active participation of the people to create enabling environment for wealth creation to enhance the living conditions of the people in the District.

#### C. Functions of the Assembly

These are deliberative, legislative and execution; Section 10 of Local Government Act, 1993, Act 462 lists them as follows:

- (i) Be responsible for the overall development of the District and shall ensure the preparation and submission to the government for approval of the development plan and budget for the District ;
- (j) Formulate programmes and strategies for the effective mobilization and utilization of human, physical, financial and other resources in the District;
- (k) Promote and support productive activity and social development in the District and remove any obstacles to initiative and development in the District;
- Initiate programmes for the development of basic infrastructure and provide municipal works and services in the District;
- (m)Be responsible for the development, improvement and management of human settlements and the environment in the District .
- (n) In co-operation with the appropriate national and local security agencies, be responsible for the maintenance of security and public safety in the District;
- (o) Ensure ready access to the courts and public tribunals in the District for the promotion of justice.

(p) Initiate, sponsor or carry out such studies as may be necessary for the discharge of any of the functions conferred by this law or any other enactment; and perform such other functions as may be referred to it by the government.

The Assembly has two committees which is the Executive Committee and Public Relation and complainant Committee. The Assembly performs its functions through the Executive Committee and a network of Sub-Committees. The Executive Committee exercises executive and co-coordinating functions of the Assembly while the five (5) statutory Sub-Committees and other Sub-Committees collate and deliberate on issues relevant to their functional areas.

The five Statutory Sub- Committees are:

i. Development Planning

ii. Social Services

iii. Works

- iv. Finance and Administration
- v. Justice and Security

The other Sub- Committees include;

i. Small and Medium Scale Business Sub Committee

Apart from the Executive Committee, Heads of Department attend General Assembly, Executive and Sub-Committee meetings and offer technical /professional advice. They do not have voting right

The review is to enable the Assembly;

- Identify challenges during the period (2014-2017).
- Unfold key problems/issues encountered during the implementation stage that hindered the achievements of the goals and objectives of the DMTDP (2014-2017)
- Identify good practices, lessons and recommendations on the implementation of the DMTDP (2014-2017) which will have implication on the next plan.

#### **1.3 PERFORMANCE REVIEW**

Planning is all about solving the problems of the people concerned, hence the need to involve actively those for whom the plan is for. In accordance with this, the participatory process was used in reviewing the performance of DMTDP (2014-2017). Various stakeholders at both the District and Sub-District levels were engaged in a two-day workshop at the District capital to collect and collate disaggregated data for the performance review. Those involved in the review exercise included the DPCU; chairpersons of all the two (2) Area/Town Councils; Heads of Departments, and Civil Society Organisations like Resource Link Foundation. Since these stakeholders were actively involved during the preparation and implementation of the plan, it was imperative to engage them at this stage of the planning process in order for everybody to appreciate the overall progress the District has chalked so far.

During the data collection and collation exercise, all stakeholders were asked to produce their Annual Performance Report (APR) from 2014 to 2017. These reports when collated, served as the instrument for measuring holistically the status of development of the District over the four- year period. The development indicators generated during the preparation of the monitoring and evaluation plan were used as yardsticks to measure the development status of the District. The assessment was done in relation to the Thematic of GSGDA II (2014-2017).

The tables below show the performance of the district in implementation of development programmes under the thematic areas of GSGDA II.

### Table 1.1 Performance Review

	Policy Object	ives: Increase In	ternally Generated Fu	nd by 45%					
	Programme s	Sub Programmes			Indicators		Indicators		Remarks
				Baseline 2013	MTDP Target	Achievement			
2014	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Establish District Socio-economic Database System	N/A	Establishment of socio- economic data base at Banda Ahenkro by GIZ	Road map for data collection as well as budget have been drafted but fund is yet to be released for the exercise	Programme implementation is slow		
	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Sensitize the communities on the need to pay tax	30.8% of projected revenue were collected as at 2013	40% increase in IGF	35%	The cost of collection of IGF need more commitment and logistics		
	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Procure 4No motorbikes for revenue collection	None	Procurement of 1 Motor bikes for revenue colectors	None	Programme implementation is slow		
2015	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Establish District Socio-economic Database System	N/A	Establishment of socio- economic data base at Banda Ahenkro by GIZ	Road map for data collection as well as budget have been drafted but fund is yet to be released for the exercise	Programme was left standstill due to lack of funds		
	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Sensitize the communities on the need to pay tax	30.8% of projected revenue were collected as at 2013	45% increase in IGF	40%	The cost of collection of IGF need more commitment and logistics		
	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Procure 4No motorbikes for revenue collection	None	Procurement of 1 Motor bikes for revenue colectors	1 No. motorbike have been procured for the revenue superintended	Programme implementation is slow		
	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Strengthen the revenue task force to monitor revenue collectors	36% of projected revenue were collected as at 2013	IGF increased by 40%	-Training workshop has been organized for revenue collectors	The cost of collection of IGF need more commitment and logistics		

2016	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Sensitize the communities on the need to pay tax	30.8% of projected revenue were collected as at 2013	45% increase in IGF	42%	The cost of collection of IGF need more commitment and logistics
	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Strengthen the revenue task force to monitor revenue collectors	36% of projected revenue were collected as at 2013	IGF increased by 45%	None	Limited funds was the problem
2017	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Sensitize the communities on the need to pay tax	30.8% of projected revenue were collected as at 2013	50% increase in IGF	45%	The cost of collection of IGF need more commitment and logistics
	Management and Administrati on	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Strengthen the revenue task force to monitor revenue collectors	36% of projected revenue were collected as at 2013	IGF increased by 45%	-Training workshop has been organized for revenue collectors	The cost of collection of IGF need more commitment and logistics

Period	-	01	ess of Ghana's Private Sector				
	Policy Object Programme	ives 1: To increase the num Sub Programmes	ber of tourists from 3,000 to 15 Broad project/activity	5,000 by 2017	Indicators		Remarks
	S			Baseline 2013	MTDP Target	Achievement	-
2014	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Reshape roads linking Bongase and National Park	To total Number of tourists to the site annually was 10,000	30km reshaped	0	Preparation and adoption of DMTDP delayed
	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Provide recreational facilities at the tourist site	N/A	Fully furnish ICT center established	None	Preparation and adoption of DMTDP delayed
2015	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Reshape roads linking Bongase and National Park	To total Number of tourists to the site annually was 10,000	30km reshaped	10km	Roads linking Bongase to the National Park need to be tarred
	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Provide recreational facilities at the tourist site	N/A	Fully furnish ICT center established	None	Management paid less attention to the project
2016	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Reshape roads linking Bongase and National Park	To total Number of tourists to the site annually was 10,000	30km reshaped	15km	Roads linking Bongase to the National Park need to be tarred

	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Provide recreational facilities at the tourist site	N/A	Fully furnish ICT center established	None	Management paid less attention to the project
2017	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Reshape roads linking Bongase and National Park	To total Number of tourists to the site annually was 10,000	30km reshaped	12km	Roads linking Bongase to the National Park need to be tarred
	Policy Object	ive 2. Reduce unemployme	nt rate from 16.5% to 8.0% by	2017			
2014	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Employ 520 workers under BrightGeneratonCommunityFoundationProjectandSaveTheEnvironment Foundation	N/A	To employ at least 100 people workers under Bright Generation community project	20 employed	Programme is ongoing but slow
	Economic Developmen t	Agricultural development	Sensitize the youth to engage in Agriculture	16.5% of active population was unemployed	Unemployment rate to drop to 8%	Unemployment rate to drop to 16%	Programme is on track but slow due to limited funds
	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Construct 3 No market facility and a lorry park	Banda Ahenkro, Fawoman Bongase Market facility was available	3 market stores developed at Banda Ahenkro, Bongase and Fawoman	None	Not implemented
	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Train 400 youth on employable skills and carry out HIV/AIDS for youth in Agriculture	N/A	400 youth train on employable skills	None	Not implemented
2015	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Employ 520 workers under Bright Generaton Community Foundation Project and Save The Environment Foundation	N/A	To employ at least 100 people workers under Bright Generation community project	70 employed	Programme is ongoing but slow
	Economic Developmen t	Agricultural development	Sensitize the youth to engage in Agriculture	16.5% of active population was unemployed	Unemployment rate to drop to 8%	Unemployment rate to drop to 14%	Programme is on track but slow due to limited funds
	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Construct 3 No market facility and a lorry park	Banda Ahenkro, Fawoman Bongase Market facility was available	3 market stores developed at Banda Ahenkro, Bongase and Fawoman	One Market developed	Project is on track

	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Train 400 youth on employable skills and carry out HIV/AIDS for youth in Agriculture	N/A	400 youth train on employable skills	None	Not implemented
2016	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Employ 520 workers underBrightGeneratonCommunityFoundationProjectandSaveEnvironment Foundation	N/A	To employ at least 100 people workers under Bright Generation community project	100 employed	Programme is ongoing but slow
	Economic Developmen t	Agricultural development	Sensitize the youth to engage in Agriculture	16.5% of active population was unemployed	Unemployment rate to drop to 8%	Unemployment rate to drop to 12%	Programme is on track but slow due to limited funds
	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Construct 3 No market facility and a lorry park	Banda Ahenkro, Fawoman Bongase Market facility was available	3 market stores developed at Banda Ahenkro, Bongase and Fawoman	Two Markets developed	Project is on track
2017	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Employ 520 workers under BrightGeneraton GeneratonCommunityFoundationProjectandSaveEnvironment Foundation	N/A	To employ at least 100 people workers under Bright Generation community project	100 employed	Programme is ongoing but slow
	Economic development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial development	Construct 3 No market facility and a lorry park	Banda Ahenkro, Fawoman Bongase Market facility was available	3 market stores developed at Banda Ahenkro, Bongase and Fawoman	3No 32 unit market stalls has been constructed at Banda Ahenkro, Bongase and Fawoman	Project implemented

	Programmes	Sub Programmes	Broad project/activity		Remarks		
	1 rogrammes	Subirogrammes	bioud project/activity	Baseline 2013	Indicators MTDP Target	Achievement	Kellur Kö
2014	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Educate farmers in various technologies in farming mainly row planting for optimum production, seed planting materials production and multiplication techniques	7009 farmers get education	All farmers get educated	55% of farmers educated	Programme is on track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Support women groups in farming	N/A	All women groups get support	One women groups have been supported	Programme is slow
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Lobby for more Agricultural Extension Agents (AEAs) and veterinary officers and support their services	Farmer to AEA ratio was 1:7,009	1: 200	Farmer to AEA ratio was 1:7,009	AEAs need to be recruited
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Facilitate easy access to farming inputs by farmers	N/A	All farmers get farm inputs	1,245 fertilizer inputs were subsidized to farmers	On track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Procure logistics and equipment for Agric Extension Agents	N/A	Procurement of motor bikes and wellington boots	None	Programme was not implemented
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Organized National farmers Day celebration annually	One farmers day celebration per year	4 farmers day successfully celebrated within the plan period	1 farmers day organized	On track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Carry out annual vaccination and treatment exercise in the District	One vaccination exercise yearly	4 vaccination exercise within the plan period	One annual vaccination on anti-rabies and six treatment exercise have been undertaken	slow
2015	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Educate farmers in various technologies in farming mainly row planting for optimum production, seed planting materials production and multiplication techniques	7009 farmers get education	All farmers get educated	73.5% of farmers educated	Programme is on track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Support women groups in farming	N/A	All women groups get support	One women groups have been supported	Programme is slow
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Lobby for more Agricultural Extension Agents (AEAs) and veterinary officers and support their services	Farmer to AEA ratio was 1:7,009	1: 200	Farmer to AEA ratio was 1:7,009	AEAs need to be recruited

	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Facilitate easy access to farming inputs by farmers	N/A	All farmers get farm inputs	1,450 fertilizer inputs were subsidized to farmers	On track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Procure logistics and equipment for Agric Extension Agents	N/A	Procurement of motor bikes and wellington boots	None	Programme was not implemented
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Organized National farmers Day celebration annually	One farmers day celebration per year	4 farmers day successfully celebrated within the plan period	1 farmers day organized	On track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Carry out annual vaccination and treatment exercise in the District	One vaccination exercise yearly	4 vaccination exercise within the plan period	Two annual vaccination on anti-rabies and six treatment exercise have been undertaken	Programme is on track
2016	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Educate farmers in various technologies in farming mainly row planting for optimum production, seed planting materials production and multiplication techniques	7009 farmers get education	All farmers get educated	82% of farmers educated	Programme is on track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Lobby for more Agricultural Extension Agents (AEAs) and veterinary officers and support their services	Farmer to AEA ratio was 1:7,009	1: 200	Farmer to AEA ratio was 1:7,009	AEAs need to be recruited
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Facilitate easy access to farming inputs by farmers	N/A	All farmers get farm inputs	1,450 fertilizer inputs were subsidized to farmers	On track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Organized National farmers Day celebration annually	One farmers day celebration per year	4 farmers day successfully celebrated within the plan period	1 farmers day organized	On track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Carry out annual vaccination and treatment exercise in the District	One vaccination exercise yearly	4 vaccination exercise within the plan period	Two annual vaccination on anti-rabies and six treatment exercise have been undertaken	Programme is on track
2017	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Educate farmers in various technologies in farming mainly row planting for optimum production, seed planting materials production and multiplication techniques	7009 farmers get education	All farmers get educated	85% of farmers educated	Programme is on track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Lobby for more Agricultural Extension Agents (AEAs) and veterinary officers and support their services	Farmer to AEA ratio was 1:7,009	1: 200	Farmer to AEA ratio was 1:7,009	AEAs need to be recruited

	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Facilitate easy access to farming inputs by farmers	N/A	All farmers get farm inputs	1,834 fertilizer inputs were subsidized to farmers	On track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Organized National farmers Day celebration annually	One farmers day celebration per year	4 farmers day successfully celebrated within the plan period	1 farmers day organized	On track
	Economic Development	Agricultural development	Carry out annual vaccination and treatment exercise in the District	One vaccination exercise yearly	4 vaccination exercise within the plan period	one annual vaccination on anti-rabies and six treatment exercise have been undertaken	Programme is on track
	Policy objectiv	e 2: Control the degrad	lation of the forest and land				
2014	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Plant trees to re-forest the degraded areas	35% of total land area is degraded	80 ha of degraded forest restored	20ha of degraded land is being restored with cashew trees	On track
	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Organize regular training programme for environmental protection volunteers	35% of total land area is degraded	Quarterly education programme on environmental protection	There has been monthly training programme for Fire Volunteer Groups (FVG) in some communities.	On track
	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Enact and enforce bye laws on the environment	35% of total land area is degraded	Availability of Environmental bye- laws	None	Programme not implemented
2015	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Plant trees to re-forest the degraded areas	35% of total land area is degraded	80 ha of degraded forest restored	50ha of degraded land is being restored with cashew trees	On track
	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Organize regular training programme for environmental protection volunteers	35% of total land area is degraded	Quarterly education programme on environmental protection	There has been monthly training programme for Fire Volunteer Groups (FVG) in some communities.	On track
	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Enact and enforce bye laws on the environment	35% of total land area is degraded	Availability of Environmental bye- laws	None	Programme not implemented
2016	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Plant trees to re-forest the degraded areas	35% of total land area is degraded	80 ha of degraded forest restored	60ha of degraded land is being restored with cashew trees	On track

	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Organize regular training programme for environmental protection volunteers	35% of total land area is degraded	Quarterlyeducationprogrammeonenvironmentalprotection	There has been monthly training programme for Fire Volunteer Groups (FVG) in some communities.	On track
	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Enact and enforce bye laws on the environment	35% of total land area is degraded	Availability of Environmental bye- laws	None	Programme not implemented
2017	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Plant trees to re-forest the degraded areas	35% of total land area is degraded	80 ha of degraded forest restored	80ha of degraded land is being restored with cashew trees in 3 communities, as well as bamboo trees and weeding is ongoing.	On track
	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Organize regular training programme for environmental protection volunteers	35% of total land area is degraded	Quarterly education programme on environmental protection	There has been monthly training programme for Fire Volunteer Groups (FVG) in some communities.	On track
	Environmenta l and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	Enact and enforce bye laws on the environment	35% of total land area is degraded	Availability of Environmental bye- laws	None	Programme not implemented

Period		Thematic Area: Infrastructure and Human Settlements Policy Objectives 1: Reshape 50km length of feeder roads linking major towns and villages									
	Programmes	Sub Programmes	Broad project/activity		Indicators						
				Baseline 2013	MTDP Target	Achievement					
2014	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Reshape 50km length of feeder roads in the District	30km length of road reshaped	Additional 50km length of road reshaped	40km length of feeder roads have been reshaped as at 2014	On track				
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct Bridge on Sabiye River	N/A	Concrete bridge on Sabiye River	N/A	Not completed				
2015	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Reshape 50km length of feeder roads in the District	30km length of road reshaped	Additional 50km length of road reshaped	52km length of feeder roads have been reshaped as at 2015	On track				
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct Bridge on Sabiye River	N/A	Concrete bridge on Sabiye River	N/A	Not completed				

2016	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Reshape 50km length of feeder roads in the District	30km length of road reshaped	Additional 50km length of road reshaped	75km length of feeder roads have been reshaped as at 2016	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct Bridge on Sabiye River	N/A	Concrete bridge on Sabiye River	N/A	Not completed
2017	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Reshape 50km length of feeder roads in the District	30km length of road reshaped	Additional 50km length of road reshaped	63km length of feeder roads have been reshaped as at 2017	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct Bridge on Sabiye River	N/A	Concrete bridge on Sabiye River	N/A	Not completed
	Policy Objectiv	e 2: Develop plannin	g scheme for Banda Ahenkro, B	Bongase and Sabiye		·	
2014	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Sensitize traditional authorities and communities on the need for development permit.	N/A	TAs sensitized on development permit	None.	Programme not implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Design planning schemes for the communities	N/A	Planning scheme developed for Banda Ahenkro	None	Programme not implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Carry out street naming of all principal roads in the district	N/A	All the principal streets in the district named	Only principal street in Banda Ahenkro have been named	Slow
2015	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Sensitize traditional authorities and communities on the need for development permit.	N/A	TAs sensitized on development permit	None.	Programme not implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Design planning schemes for the communities	N/A	Planning scheme developed for Banda Ahenkro	None	Programme not implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Carry out street naming of all principal roads in the district	N/A	All the principal streets in the district named	Only principal street in Banda Ahenkro have been named	Slow
2016	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Sensitize traditional authorities and communities on the need for development permit.	N/A	TAs sensitized on development permit	Programme outline for the sensitization has been developed but the exercise is yet to start.	Programme not implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Design planning schemes for the communities	N/A	Planning scheme developed for Banda Ahenkro	Feasibility studies and layout have started at Banda Ahenkro	Programme partially implemented in Banda Ahenkro by GIZ
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Carry out street naming of all principal roads in the district	N/A	All the principal streets in the district named	Only principal street in Banda Ahenkro have been named	Slow

2017	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Design planning schemes for the communities	N/A	Planning scheme developed for Banda Ahenkro	Feasibility studies and layout have started at Banda Ahenkro	Programme partially implemented in Banda Ahenkro by GIZ
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Carry out street naming of all principal roads in the district	N/A	All the principal streets in the district named	Only principal street in Banda Ahenkro have been named	Slow
	Policy Objectiv	ve 3: Ensure that 85	% of the population have access	to potable water by 2017			
2014	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Drill 10 No. boreholes in the district	75% of total population have access to safe drinking water but water facilities are under pressure	10 No boreholes drilled	5 constructed	Ongoing
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Mechanize 5No boreholes	75% of total population have access to safe drinking water but water facilities are under pressure	5 No boreholes mechanized	N/A	Programme not fully implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 1No. small town water system	One small Town Water System at Sabiye	1 No small town water system constructed	N/A	Programme is stagnant
2015	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Drill 10 No. boreholes in the district	75% of total population have access to safe drinking water but water facilities are under pressure	10 No boreholes drilled	7 constructed,	Ongoing
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Mechanize 5No boreholes	75% of total population have access to safe drinking water but water facilities are under pressure	5 No boreholes mechanized	N/A	Programme not fully implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 1No. small town water system	One small Town Water System at Sabiye	1 No small town water system constructed	N/A	Programme is stagnant
2016	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Drill 10 No. boreholes in the district	75% of total population have access to safe drinking water but water facilities are under pressure	10 No boreholes drilled	11 constructed	Ongoing
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Mechanize 5No boreholes	75% of total population have access to safe drinking water but water facilities are under pressure	5 No boreholes mechanized	N/A	Programme not fully implemented

	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 1No. small town water system	One small Town Water System at Sabiye	1 No small town water system constructed	N/A	Programme is stagnant
2017	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Drill 10 No. boreholes in the district	75% of total population have access to safe drinking water but water facilities are under pressure	10 No boreholes drilled	15 constructed, still on ground level (no concrete slab constructed and no Hand pump)	Ongoing
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Mechanize 5No boreholes	75% of total population have access to safe drinking water but water facilities are under pressure	5 No boreholes mechanized	N/A	Programme not fully implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 1No. small town water system	One small Town Water System at Sabiye	1 No small town water system constructed	N/A	Programme is stagnant
	Policy Objectiv	ve 4: Enhance access to	o toilet facilities by 85% cover				
2014	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	Total number of drop holes in the district was 215 as at 2013	15 HH latrines successfully constructed	10 households latrines have been constructed	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 5 No Institutional latrines	Total number of drop holes in the district was 215 as 2013	5 latrines constructed in schools	None	Not implemented
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 2 No. public toilet facilities in needy communities	1 public latrine was available	Additional 1 public latrine successfully constructed	None	Not implemented
2015	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	Total number of drop holes in the district was 215 as at 2013	15 HH latrines successfully constructed	20 households latrines have been constructed	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 5 No Institutional latrines	Total number of drop holes in the district was 215 as 2013	5 latrines constructed in schools	4 No. 6 seater institutional latrines constructed at Banda Ahenkro	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 2 No. public toilet facilities in needy communities	1 public latrine was available	Additional 1 public latrine successfully constructed	None	Not implemented
2016	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	Total number of drop holes in the district was 215 as at 2013	15 HH latrines successfully constructed	24 households latrines have been constructed	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 5 No Institutional latrines	Total number of drop holes in the district was 215 as 2013	5 latrines constructed in schools	6 No. 6 seater institutional latrines	On track

						constructed at Banda Ahenkro	
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 2 No. public toilet facilities in needy communities	1 public latrine was available	Additional 1 public latrine successfully constructed	1No. 16 seater toilet facility is ongoing at Banda Ahenkro.	slow
2017	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	Total number of drop holes in the district was 215 as at 2013	15 HH latrines successfully constructed	30 households latrines have been constructed	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 5 No Institutional latrines	Total number of drop holes in the district was 215 as 2013	5 latrines constructed in schools	9 No. 6 seater institutional latrines constructed at Banda Ahenkro	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Construct 2 No. public toilet facilities in needy communities	1 public latrine was available	Additional 1 public latrine successfully constructed	1No. 16 seater toilet facility is ongoing at Banda Ahenkro.	slow
		ve 5: Increase access	to electricity by 35%				
2014	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Extend electricity to 2 New communities and new sites of expanding communities	71.7% of households had access to electricity	2 new communities connected to the national grid	1 community connected	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Procure 100 No electricity poles	N/A	Procure 100 No electricity poles for extension	N/A	Not implemented due to limited funds
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Procure street light and rehabilitate old ones	65% of households had access to electricity	500 streets light procured for extension	200 street light have been procured	On track
2015	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Extend electricity to 2 New communities and new sites of expanding communities	71.7% of households had access to electricity	2 new communities connected to the national grid	1 community connected	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Procure 100 No electricity poles	N/A	Procure 100 No electricity poles for extension	N/A	Not implemented due to limited funds
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Procure street light and rehabilitate old ones	65% of households had access to electricity	500 streets light procured for extension	350 street light have been procured	On track

2016	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Extend electricity to 2 New communities and new sites of expanding communities	71.7% of households had access to electricity	2 new communities connected to the national grid	2 community connected	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Procure 100 No electricity poles	N/A	Procure 100 No electricity poles for extension	N/A	Not implemented due to limited funds
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Procure street light and rehabilitate old ones	65% of households had access to electricity	500 streets light procured for extension	400 street light have been procured	On track
2017	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Extend electricity to 2 New communities and new sites of expanding communities	71.7% of households had access to electricity	2 new communities connected to the national grid	1 community connected	On track
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Procure 100 No electricity poles	N/A	Procure 100 No electricity poles for extension	N/A	Not implemented due to limited funds
	Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Procure street light and rehabilitate old ones	65% of households had access to electricity	500 streets light procured for extension	150 street light have been procured	Slow

Period	Thematic Area	a: Human Developr	nent, Productivity and Emplo	oyment			
	Policy Objecti	ves 1: Improve on t	he performance and standard	l of education			
	Programmes	Sub Programmes	Broad project/activity		Indicators		Remarks
				Baseline 2013	MTDP Target	Achievement	
2014	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 1 No.6 unit classroom blocks	1 No. 6 unit classroom blocks and constructed	To successfully construct 1 No. 6 unit classrooms blocks	-1 No. 6 unit classroom block have been constructed at Kabrono.	Implemented
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Procure teaching and learning materials (TLMs)	TLMs in schools were inadequate especially science and Maths books	To provide enough TLMS at all levels of basic education	TLMs have been provide for schools but not adequate	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 3 No residential accommodation for teachers	N/A	3 new teachers bungalow constructed	None	Not implemented due to slow in MTDP preparation
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Procure furniture for basic and second cycle institutions	2,500 furniture were available	To procure additional 1,000 furniture	1,000 dual desk have been provided to basic schools	Implemented

	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Support 20 No needy but brilliant students in tertiary institutions especially girls	Financial assistance were given to needy students	All brilliant but needy students should be supported	Financial assistance have been given to needy students who apply.	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	Sports activities were ongoing	To sustain the ongoing yearly sports activities	-Sports activities take place at the beginning of every academic year	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Educate communities on Girl Child Education	Gender Parity index;-KG0.97-PRIMARY0.93-JHS0.70-SHS0.79	Gender Parity index; -KG 1:1 -PRIMARY 1:1 -JHS 1:1 -SHS 1:1	-Girl child unit is created in the district and sensitization on girl child education is ongoing -Adolescent reproductive health programme which covers education of school children is ongoing	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Expand and Manage school feeding Programme	5,820 pupils were benefiting from the programme	To expand the programme to cover many schools	None	Not implemented
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Improve infrastructure base of Banda SHS	Boarding facilities for boys and girls as well as classrooms were under construction at Banda SHS	To construct boarding facilities, classrooms, administration blocks and dining halls at Banda SHS	None	Not implemented
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Support independence day celebration	Independence day celebration were ongoing annually	To sustain independence day celebration	Independence day celebration successfully carried out	On track
2015	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 1 No.6 unit classroom blocks	No. 6 unit classroom blocks and constructed	To successfully construct 1 No. 6 unit classrooms blocks	-1 No. 6unit classroom block have been constructed at Boasi	Implemented
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Procure teaching and learning materials (TLMs)	TLMs in schools were inadequate especially science and Maths books	To provide enough TLMS at all levels of basic education	There are 2320 and 3254 science text books for Primary and JHS respectively.	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 3 No residential accommodation for teachers	N/A	3 new teachers bungalow constructed	2-No.Semi-detached Bungalow for Teachers constructed at Bandaman SHS.	slow

	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Procure furniture for basic and second cycle institutions	2,500 furniture were available	To procure additional 1,000 furniture	None	Not implemented due to limited fund
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Support 20 No needy but brilliant students in tertiary institutions especially girls	Financial assistance were given to needy students	All brilliant but needy students should be supported	Financial assistance have been given to needy students who apply.	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	Sports activities were ongoing	To sustain the ongoing yearly sports activities	-Sports activities take place at the beginning of every academic year	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Educate communities on Girl Child Education	Gender Parity index; -KG 0.97 -PRIMARY 0.93 -JHS 0.70 -SHS 0.79	Gender Parity index; -KG 1:1 -PRIMARY 1:1 -JHS 1:1 -SHS 1:1	-Girl child unit is created in the district and sensitization on girl child education is ongoing -Adolescent reproductive health programme which covers education of school children is ongoing	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Expand and Manage school feeding Programme	5,820 pupils were benefiting from the programme	To expand the programme to cover many schools	5 news schools benefitted	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Improve infrastructure base of Banda SHS	Boarding facilities for boys and girls as well as classrooms were under construction at Banda SHS	To construct boarding facilities, classrooms, administration blocks and dining halls at Banda SHS	Construction of ultra-modern e-block at Bandaman SHS is ongoing	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Support independence day celebration	Independence day celebration were ongoing annually	To sustain independence day celebration	Independence day celebration successfully carried out	On track
2016	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 1 No.6 unit classroom blocks	1 No. 6 unit classroom blocks and constructed	To successfully construct 1 No. 6 unit classrooms blocks	Construction of 1No. 6 Unit classroom block Constructed at Beima	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 2 No residential accommodation for teachers	N/A	2 new teachers bungalow constructed	1No 2- Semi-Detached Bungalow for Teachers have been at Banda Boasi	On track

	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Procure furniture for basic and second cycle institutions	2,500 furniture were available	To procure additional 1,500 furniture	1,000 dual desk have been provided to basic schools 750 desk for KGs (Per Head)	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Support 20 No needy but brilliant students in tertiary institutions especially girls	Financial assistance were given to needy students	All brilliant but needy students should be supported	Financial assistance have been given to needy students who apply.	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	Sports activities were ongoing	To sustain the ongoing yearly sports activities	-Sports activities take place at the beginning of every academic year -Jerseys and football kids have been supplied to schools	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Expand and Manage school feeding Programme	5,820 pupils were benefiting from the programme	To expand the programme to cover many schools	10 schools with 3,100 pupils are benefitting from the programme	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Support independence day celebration	Independence day celebration were ongoing annually	To sustain independence day celebration	Independence day celebration successfully carried out	On track
2017	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 1 No.6 unit classroom blocks	1 No. 6 unit classroom blocks and constructed	To successfully construct 1 No. 6 unit classrooms blocks	Construction of 1 No. 6 unit classroom block at Banda Ahenkro.	Implemented
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Procure teaching and learning materials (TLMs)	TLMs in schools were inadequate especially science and Maths books	To provide enough TLMS at all levels of basic education	TLMs have been provide for schools but not adequate	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 2 No residential accommodation for teachers	N/A	2 new teachers bungalow constructed	N/A	Not Implemented
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Procure furniture for basic and second cycle institutions	2,500 furniture were available	To procure additional 1,000 furniture	1,250 Mono Desk have been provided to schools 750 desk for KGs (Per Head)	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Support 20 No needy but brilliant students in tertiary institutions especially girls	Financial assistance were given to needy students	All brilliant but needy students should be supported	Financial assistance have been given to needy students who apply.	On track

	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	Sports activities were ongoing	To sustain the ongoing yearly sports activities	-Sports activities take place at the beginning of every academic year -Jerseys and football kids have been supplied to schools	On track
	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Support independence day celebration	Independence day celebration were ongoing annually	To sustain independence day celebration	Independence day celebration successfully carried out	On track
	Policy objective	2: Improve upon the	quality of health care delivery by	y ensuring 95% of total p	opulation have access	to quality health services by 20	17
2014	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Educate the public on the incidence and causes of malaria, cholera and other diseases	education was ongoing	To sustain the malaria prevention programme	Campaign on malaria carried out by DHD	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct 1 Community Health Planning Systems (CHPS) Compound	8 CHPS compounds were available	To construct additional 1 CHPS compound	None	Not implemented
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Procure equipment and logistics for the health centres and CHPS Compound	N/A	To fully equip all the CHPS compound	None	Not implemented
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct 1 No Modern Hospital	N/A	To construct District Hospital	The site for the project yet to be secured.	Not implemented
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Create mental health unit in the district	N/A	To create Mental health unit in 3 health centers	Mental health units have been created at Banda	Achieved
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Support adolescent reproductive Health programmes	The programe was ongoing in the district	To sustain the reproductive health programme	Education on adolescent health, advocacy, training of peer groups and creation of 2 adolescent corners	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct residential accommodation for health workers	N/A	Health Directors quarters constructed	None.	Not implemented
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Ensure quality nutritional services delivery	Nutritional programme was ongoing	To educate pregnant women on nutrition	Health education in OPD, child welfare clinic and antenatal clinic Administration of Vit. A to children of 6-59 months Growth monitoring of children up to 59 months.	On track

2015	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Educate the public on the incidence and causes of malaria, cholera and other diseases	education was ongoing	To sustain the malaria prevention programme	All communities and members in the district reached with messages on incidence and causes of malaria, cholera and other diseases	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct 2 Community Health Planning Systems (CHPS) Compound	8 CHPS compounds were available	To construct additional 2 CHPS compound	2 No. CHPS compound constructed	Implemented
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Procure equipment and logistics for the health centres and CHPS Compound	N/A	To fully equip all the CHPS compound	Tables and chairs, beds, Delivery sets,	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct 1 No Modern Hospital	N/A	To construct District Hospital	The site for the project yet to be secured.	Not implemented
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Support adolescent reproductive Health programmes	The programe was ongoing in the district	To sustain the reproductive health programme	Education on adolescent health, advocacy, training of peer groups and creation of 2 adolescent corners	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct residential accommodation for health workers	N/A	Health Directors quarters constructed	None	Not implemented
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Ensure quality nutritional services delivery	Nutritional programme was ongoing	To educate pregnant women on nutrition	Health education in OPD, child welfare clinic and antenatal clinic Administration of Vit. A to children of 6-59 months Growth monitoring of children up to 59 months.	On track
2016	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Educate the public on the incidence and causes of malaria, cholera and other diseases	education was ongoing	To sustain the malaria prevention programme	All communities and members in the district reached with messages on incidence and causes of malaria, cholera and other diseases	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct 1 Community Health Planning Systems (CHPS) Compound	8 CHPS compounds were available	To construct additional 1 CHPS compound	1 No. CHPS compound constructed	Implemented

	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Procure equipment and logistics for the health centres and CHPS Compound	N/A	To fully equip all the CHPS compound	The following items have been procured and supplied; Tables and chairs, beds, Delivery sets, accessories, 10 BP apparatus, 3 Thermometers, 3 washing seals and Drugs	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Support adolescent reproductive Health programmes	The programe was ongoing in the district	To sustain the reproductive health programme	Education on adolescent health, advocacy, training of peer groups and creation of 2 adolescent corners	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct residential accommodation for health workers	N/A	Health Directors quarters constructed	Health Directors quarters have been constructed at Banda Ahenkro.	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Ensure quality nutritional services delivery	Nutritional programme was ongoing	To educate pregnant women on nutrition	Health education in OPD, child welfare clinic and antenatal clinic Administration of Vit. A to children of 6-59 months Growth monitoring of children up to 59 months.	On track
2017	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Educate the public on the incidence and causes of malaria, cholera and other diseases	education was ongoing	To sustain the malaria prevention programme	All communities and members in the district reached with messages on incidence and causes of malaria, cholera and other diseases	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct 1 Community Health Planning Systems (CHPS) Compound	8 CHPS compounds were available	To construct additional 1 CHPS compound	1 No. CHPS compound constructed	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Train 10 staffs on HIV/AIDS counseling and testing	N/A	To train health professionals to support HIV/AIDS programme	<ul> <li>Staff have been trained to receive refresher training on the programme.</li> <li>Prevention of Mother To Child Transmission (PMTCT) of HIV</li> <li>HIV testing and counseling services</li> <li>Health education on HIV</li> <li>Test kits (HIV) supplied from RMS</li> </ul>	Very slow

	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Support adolescent reproductive Health programmes	The programe was ongoing in the district	To sustain the reproductive health programme	Education on adolescent health, advocacy, training of peer groups and creation of 2 adolescent corners	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Construct residential accommodation for health workers	N/A	Health Directors quarters constructed	Health Directors quarters have been constructed at Banda Ahenkro.	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	Ensure quality nutritional services delivery	Nutritional programme was ongoing	To educate pregnant women on nutrition	Health education in OPD, child welfare clinic and antenatal clinic Administration of Vit. A to children of 6-59 months Growth monitoring of children up to 59 months.	On track
	Policy objective	3: Improve the living	conditions of the vulnerable	groups		· •	
2014	Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Provide support and job training to the physically challenged	106 people were disabled	To support all the disabled in the district	3% DACF support was given	On track
2015	Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Provide support and job training to the physically challenged	106 people were disabled	To support all the disabled in the district	3% DACF support was given	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Educate school children on teenage pregnancy especially the females	Education was ongoing	To sustain teenage pregnancy education	Twenty Five (25) out of fifty six (53) schools in the district have been educated on teenage pregnancy	On track
	Environmental and sanitation management	Disaster prevention and management	Provide 1 No. fire Tender in the district	N/A	1 No fire tender provided	N/A	Not implemented
2016	Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Provide support and job training to the physically challenged	106 people were disabled	To support all the disabled in the district	<ul><li>50 out of 106 people with physically challenge have been registered on NHIS.</li><li>3% DACF support was given</li></ul>	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Educate school children on teenage pregnancy especially the females	Education was ongoing	To sustain teenage pregnancy education	Thirty Five (35) out of fifty six (53) schools in the district have been educated on teenage pregnancy	On track
	Environmental and sanitation management	Disaster prevention and management	Provide 1 No. fire Tender in the district	N/A	1 No fire tender provided	Fire tender has been procured and functional at Banda Ahenkro	On track

2017	Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Provide support and job training to the physically challenged	106 people were disabled	To support all the disabled in the district	<ul><li>70 out of 106 people with physically challenge have been registered on NHIS.</li><li>3% DACF support was given</li></ul>	On track
	Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Educate school children on teenage pregnancy especially the females	Education was ongoing	To sustain teenage pregnancy education	Thirty Five (35) out of fifty six (53) schools in the district have been educated on teenage pregnancy	On track

Period		<b>A</b>	accountable governance ticipation of the citizenry es	pecially women ir	1 local governance		
	Programmes	Sub Programmes	Broad project/activity	<b>F</b> <sup></sup>	Indicators		Remarks
					MTDP Target	Achievement	
2014	Management and Administration	General Administration	Sensitize women on the need to take part in public activities	N/A	To ensure women take active role in decision making	Road map for the programme is designed but activities are halted	Programme not implemented
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Organize workshop for women groups in local governance and development	N/A	Women to be active in local governance	One workshop organized for hairdresser and tailors association in Banda Ahenkro.	On track
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Build the Capacity of the sub-district structure	N/A	To fully equip all the two sub structures	None	Stagnant
2015	Management and Administration	General Administration	Sensitize women on the need to take part in public activities	N/A	To ensure women take active role in decision making	None	Programme not implemented
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Organize workshop for women groups in local governance and development	N/A	Women to be active in local governance	None	Programme not implemented
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Build the Capacity of the sub-district structure	N/A	To fully equip all the two sub structures	None	Programme not implemented
2016	Management and Administration	General Administration	Sensitize women on the need to take part in public activities	N/A	To ensure women take active role in decision making	One community durbar organized	Slow in implementation due to limited attention by management
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Build the Capacity of the sub-district structure	N/A	To fully equip all the two sub structures	One training workshop has been organized for area council chairmen an	Slow

2017	Management and	General Administration	Build the Capacity of the sub-district structure	N/A	To fully equip all the two sub structures	None	Programme not implemented
	Administration	2. Improve upon th	e security situation in the distri	lot			
2014	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Lobby for more police personnel in the district	Police citizen ratio was 1: 12999	To reduce police citizen ratio to 1: 10000	None	Not implemented
	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Construct 1 No police posts	N/A	To construct Boasi police post	None	Not implemented
2015	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Lobby for more police personnel in the district	Police citizen ratio was 1: 12999	To reduce police citizen ratio to 1: 7000	None	Not implemented
	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Construct 2 No police posts	N/A	To construct Boasi and Dorbor police post	Banda Boasi, police post has been constructed	On track
	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Construct 1No Semi- Detached Bungalow for Police Commander	N/A	To provide bungalows for police personnel	1No.3 unit quarters for police commander has been constructed at Banda Ahenkro	Implemented
2016	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Lobby for more police personnel in the district	Police citizen ratio was 1: 12999	To reduce police citizen ratio to 1: 7000	Police citizen ratio has changed from 1:12999 to 1:10000	On track
	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Construct 2 No police posts	N/A	To construct Boasi and Dorbor police post	Banda Boasi, and Dorbor police post have been constructed	On track
	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Construct 1No Semi- Detached Bungalow for Magistrate at Banda Ahenkro.	N/A	To provide bungalow for Magistrate	None	Not implemented
2017	Management and Administration	Legislative Oversight	Lobby for more police personnel in the district	Police citizen ratio was 1: 12999	To reduce police citizen ratio to 1: 7000	Police citizen ratio has changed from 1:12999 to 1:10000	On track
		3: Ensure good gov		1			1
2014	Management and Administration	General Administration	Complete the construction of Office Administration	The project was ongoing	To complete construction of Office Administration	The administration block has been roofed	Ongoing
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Construct residential accommodation for DA staff	Bungalows were available for DCE, DCD, DPO and Assistant Director IIB and Internal Auditor	To construct residential accommodation for senior and junior staff	None	Not implemented due to limited funds

	Management and Administration	General Administration	Procure office equipment and logistics for DA and other departments	The programme was ongoing periodically	To sustain the programme	Regular procurement of stationery.	On track
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Construct 3 No office accommodation for sub- district structures	N/A	2 new office constructed for 3 substructures and furnish them	None	Not implemented
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Procure 1 No. 4X4 Double Decker Pick-up	N/A	Procure 1 No. 4X4 Double Decker Pick-up to facilitate M&E exercise	N/A	Not implemented
2015	Management and Administration	General Administration	Complete the construction of Office Administration	The project was ongoing	To complete construction of Office Administration	The administration block has been roofed	Ongoing
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Construct residential accommodation for DA staff	Bungalows were available for DCE, DCD, DPO and Assistant Director IIB and Internal Auditor	To construct residential accommodation for senior and junior staff	1 No. 3 bungalow for Senior Officers constructed	On track
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Procure office equipment and logistics for DA and other departments	The programme was ongoing periodically	To sustain the programme	5 No. Swivel chairs procured Regular procurement of stationery.	On track
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Construct 3 No office accommodation for sub- district structures	N/A	2 new office constructed for 3 substructures and furnish them	None.	Not implemented
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Procure 1 No. 4X4 Double Decker Pick-up	N/A	Procure 1 No. 4X4 Double Decker Pick-up to facilitate M&E exercise	None	Not implemented
2016	Management and Administration	General Administration	Construct residential accommodation for DA staff	Bungalows were available for DCE, DCD, DPO and Assistant Director IIB and Internal Auditor	To construct residential accommodation for senior and junior staff	None	Not implemented
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Procure office equipment and logistics for DA and other departments	The programme was ongoing periodically	To sustain the programme	3No. cabinets Regular procurement of stationery.	On track
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Construct 3 No office accommodation for sub- district structures	N/A	2 new office constructed for 3 substructures and furnish them	An office space secured for Sabiye area council.	Very slow

	Management and Administration	General Administration	Procure 1 No. 4X4 Double Decker Pick-up	N/A	Procure 1 No. 4X4 Double Decker Pick-up to facilitate M&E exercise	1 No. 4X4 Double Decker Pick-up has been procured	Achieved
2017	Management and Administration	General Administration	Construct residential accommodation for DA staff	Bungalows were available for DCE, DCD, DPO and Assistant Director IIB and Internal Auditor	To construct residential accommodation for senior and junior staff	1 No. 3 bungalow for Senior Officers constructed	On track
	Management and Administration	General Administration	Procure office equipment and logistics for DA and other departments	The programme was ongoing periodically	To sustain the programme	5 No. Swivel chairs procured Regular procurement of stationery.	On track

# Table 1.2: Total releases from Government of Ghana

PERSON	AL EMOLUMENTS						
Year	Requested	Approved	Released	Deviations		Actual Expenditure D	Utilization capacity
	A	В	C	A-B	B-C		(C-D)
2014		502,968.78	688,312.73		(185,343.95)	664,021.64	24,291.09
2015		752,024.37	70,961.69		681,062.68	70,961.69	0
2016		742,948.00	55,460.71		687,487.29	15,460.00	40,000.71
2017		748,597.00	914,521.52			914,521.52	0
CAPITAI	L EXPENDITURES/A	ASSETS					
2014		821,199.00	461,604.02		359,594.98	1,042,119.12	(580,515.10)
2015			159,275.90			2,700,460.40	(2,541,184.50)
2016			1,560,534.57			2,672,823.75	(1,112,289.18)
2017		1,674,778.00	1,111,323.44			1,111,323.44	0
GOODS A	AND SERVICES		• • •		·		
2014		75,089.00	85,064.03		(9,975.03)	511,405.14	(426,341.11)
2015		2,552,850.00	1,357,579.39		1,195,270.61	462,897.41	(894,681.98)
2016		1,661,202.00	1,949,599.59		(288,397.59)	975,918.35	973,681.24
2017		2,485,304.00	827,311.00		1,657,987.00	827,311.00	0

# Table 1.3: All Sources of financial resources to the DA

Source		2014			2015			2016		2017		
	Approved	Actual received	Variance	Approved	Actual received	Variance	Approved	Actual received	Variance	Approved	Actual received	Variance
GOG	589,763.40	688,312.73	(98549.33)	790,825.64	70,961.69	(719,863.9 5)	742,948.00	55,460.71	687488	801,119.00	990,511.71	(189,392. 71)
DACF	2,628,751.00	717,062.64	1911688.36	3,494,105.4 4	2,298,877.77	1195226.67	3,590,253.2 7	2,393,146.6 8	1,197,106.5 9	3,208,728.0 0	1,905,981.7 4	1,302,746. 26
Donors	1,414,479.00	470,118.50	944360.50	958,958.00	346,640.61	612318.00	368,627.00	143,487.68	225139.32	104,400.00	-	
DDF	416,162.00	592,922.78	176760	1,059,896.3 3	225,918.00	833978.33	883,294.00	454,389.00	428,905.00	378,269.00	-	
IGF	72,330.00	84,927.32	(12597.32)	85,561.00	344,112.79	(258551.79 )	187,655.00	225,337.50	(37682.50)	308,010.00	235,551.00	72,459.00
Total												

Note: GOG (Departmental transfers, Compensation, School feeding and PLWD)

Donors (DDF and GHARP)

Ohers (MSHAP, MPCF)

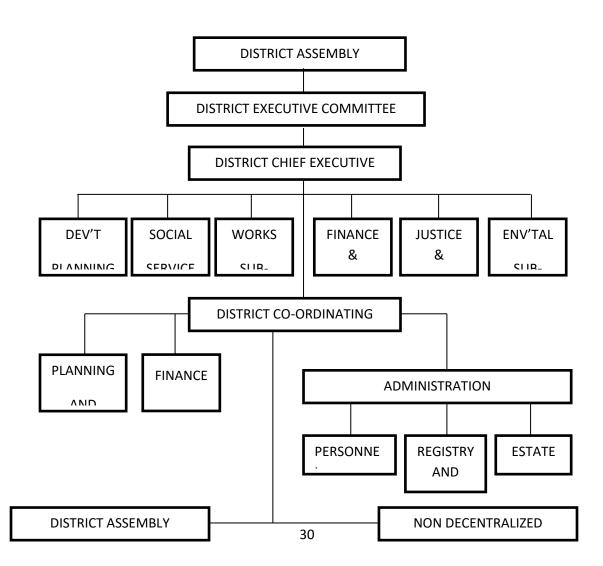
## **1.4 COMPILATION OF DISTRICT PROFILE**

This section of the plan, which is the development profile of the Banda District. The primary aim of this section is to give detailed analysis of development indicators in the district; their response to contemporary planning policies, assessment of these policies and their effect on the socio-economic lives of the people.

## **1.4.1 Institutional Capacity**

The administrative wing of the assembly is headed by the district coordinating director who has an oversight responsibility over all other decentralized departments and agencies in the district. Other key administrative units of the district are the District Planning Coordinating Unit and the Internal Audit. Organogram is shown below

## Fig 1.1 Organogram of the District Planning Authority



#### **1.4.2 Physical and Natural Environment**

This sub-chapter assesses the physical and natural conditions of the district and how they shape and influence the development of the district. Physical and natural conditions affect the way people live in every social setting. It influences the food, culture and socio-economic dynamics of the people. It is therefore important to assess these factors and how they relate to the development of the district.

#### Location and size

Banda District is one of the twenty seven Administrative Districts in the Brong Ahafo Region of Ghana. It was created and inaugurated on 28<sup>th</sup> June 2012 with a Legislative Instrument (LI) 2092. The Banda District has Banda Ahenkro as its capital. It arose as a result of the large size of the then Tain District and lies within latitudes 7° and 8° 45` North and longitudes 2° 52` and 0° 28` West. The District shares boundaries with the Bole District (Northern Region) to the North, Tain District to the south, La Cote D'Ivoire to the East and Kintampo South to the West. Banda Ahenkro, the District capital is 126 kilometers away from Sunyani, the regional capital (approximately 1 hour 47 minutes drive by road). In terms of land area, the District covers a total of 2,298.34570 kilometers square out of the regional size of 39,558kilometres square. The population density of the District is 8.8 percent. The figures below show the map of the District in National and Regional context. As well as the District map.

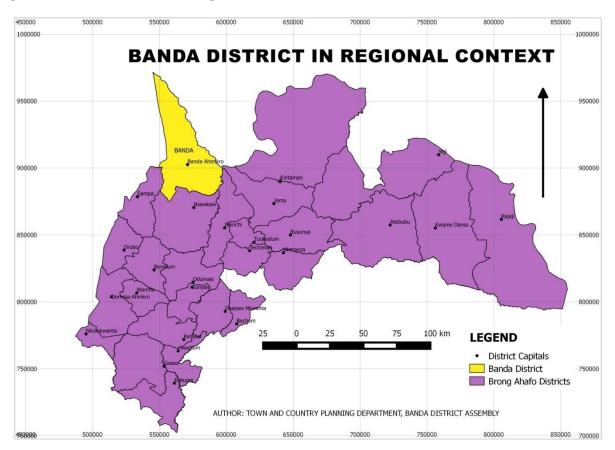


Figure 1.2 Banda District in Regional context

Source: Planning Unit, Banda

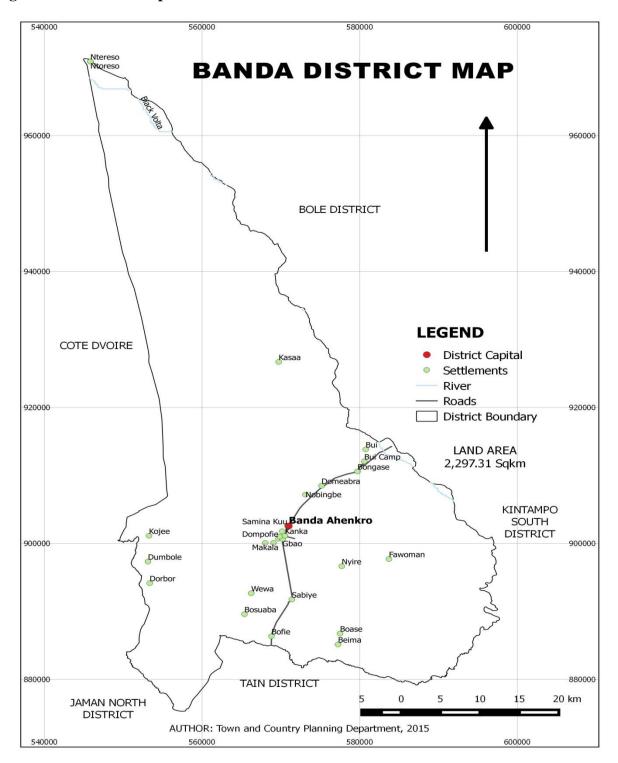


Figure 1.3: the Base Map of Banda District

Source: Planning Unit, Banda

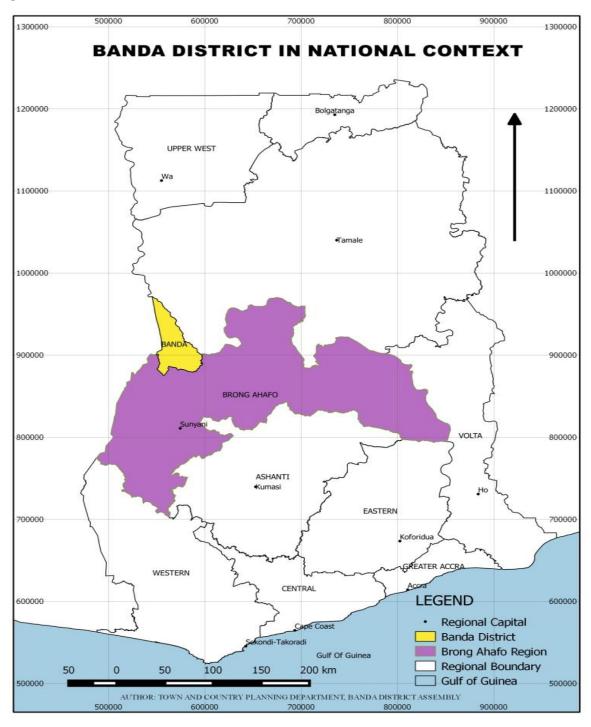


Figure 1.4 Banda District in National context

Source: Planning Unit, Banda

#### **Relief and Drainage**

The topography is predominantly undulating with gentle slopes of less than 1% inclination. The land generally rises from 30m above sea level to over 61m in the North. There is also high stretches of Table Mountains often known as Escarpment with valleys which serve as basins to the tributaries of the Black Volta.

The tributary rivers which serve the communities in the District are Tain, Tombe, Chin, Sidoo, Lepla. Kuhuli, Jinde, Yooloo, Fini. Seelooand Gojongo. Some of the rivers dry up during the dry season but River Tain and River Tombe flows throughout the year. The Black Volta marks the northern boundary of the District (and that of BAR) with the Northern Region. This river also flows throughout the year and as a result, the second largest hydroelectric dam (Bui Dam) in Ghana has been constructed, which supports the national grid with 400 megawatt (MW) of power. The Bui Dam whose construction began on January 2008 and fully became operational on December 2013, was built across the Black Volta River at the Bui Gorge, at the southern region. The Dam serves as a tourist attraction site which will attract a lot of people into the District. As a multipurpose dam, it provides water for irrigation and also improves the fishing industry in Ghana. This has led to the creation of employment avenues for those within or outside the District.

Ground water potential in the District is highly viable and this has accounted for the construction and high dependence on boreholes for water supply.

There is also a high stretch of Table Mountains known as Escarpment with valleys which serve as basins to the tributaries of the Black Volta.

## 1.4.3 Culture

The Banda Traditional Area is located in the north-western part of Brong Ahafo just southwest of the boundary between Brong-Ahafo and the Northern Region. The Banda are ethnically Nafana just like those of Sampa who are known also as Fantra of Mfantra.

Historical accounts of the Banda people have it that their ancestral home is Kakala (Kakera) in the neighbourhood of Jimini near Bondoukou in the eastern part of the Republic of Cote d'Ivoire. They left home around the beginning of the 17<sup>th</sup> Century however; the exact period of their migration is not recalled. Oral tradition states that the people, under the leadership of their chief

Kralongo disserted Kakala because of dissatisfaction with the relationship that exist between the chief and a section of the royal family. When they left Kakala, Kralongo and his people founded a new settlement at Tampe located farther west of the Banda Hills now included in the Ivorian territory.

When Tampe became over-populated Kralongo detailed his son –in-law, Ghana, who was a skilled hunter to explore the Banda hills and beyond for a suitable land. The messenger returned with good new that he had discovered a level site behind the chain of (Banda) mountains. Kralongo then moved with his people and inhabited a portion of the land, which they called Makala located southwest of Banda Ahenkro at the base of the mountains. Some subjects of Kralongo remained at Tampe under the leadership of Shiemba, a distant relative of the former. The people of Tampe still have a strong affinity with the Banda people.

Oral tradition indicates that the people of Sampa in the Jaman North District were part of the people who stayed at Tampe. However, they were separated, together with the Werikye people under the leadership of Sieyono from the main Nafana at Tampe. Makala later became unsuitable because there was no arable land at the place owing to its nearness to the mountains. As a result, the people moved on and established Dadiease, which is now Kabrono, on the environs of Banda Ahenkro. With time, Ngunu Sielongo became chief of the Banda people and formed friendship with the chief of Nkoranza, Nana BaffoPim.

The story is told of BaffoPim having led Ngulu Sielongo to the Asantehene who saw bows and arrows for the first time. Before leaving for Kumasi the Banda chief and his troops armed themselves with arrows for any eventuality, as tribal wars were rampant in those days. When the team arrived in Kumasi, the Asantehene was curious about the bow and arrows he therefore asked the guest to demonstrate the use their implement. After the former had seen the prowess of the latter he developed friendship with them resulting in the Banda people supporting Asante in many of their wars.

When NguluSielongo died at Dadiease, the Nafana royals who had assimilated many of the customs of the neighbouring Bono and Asante peoples blackened the departed chief's stool for the first time, a practice they have maintained till this day. By that, the principal stool of Banda is known as Sielongo stool.

NguluSakyi succeeded Ngulu Sielongo, his uncle. During his time, the Asantehene Nana OseiKwadwo (1753-1781) is said to have asked the Nafana (Banda) people to serve the Golden Stool Asante. The Bandahene, according to the traditions, in refusing the Asantehene's demands told the Asante emissaries that if the Asantehene served gold, he NguluSakyi had enough gold in his room and would not leave it to render allegiance to him (the Asantehene). That message infuriated the Asantehene and so he dispatches an army under the command of the Dadiesoabahene, to invade the Nafana State and capture the supposed riches of the overlord. The Nafana who were then allied with Nsawkaw (Nsoko) requested for the latter's assistance. The Asante contingents marched towards Dadiase and were met by the Nafana and their allies at the southern bank of River Chen, which is now a village called Bema. A fierce battle was fought. The Nafana and their allies chased out the Asante troops. The Asantehene ordered a reinforcement of troops to the battlefield under the Kumawuhene. The battle resumed at Sindo, two miles southwest of now Banda Ahenkro. When all hopes of victory on the part Nafana had failed, NguluSakyi, the chief sent a message to the old men, women and children at Dadiase to take refuge in the gallery of caves, which abounded on the mountains. The Nafana who were short of arrows resorted to the use of rocks, which they hurled on the enemies. There was no captive form either side; but it is said many people died. The Asante troops took hostage of the deserted Dadiase settlement. Eventually, the Nafana army surrounded and formed friendship with their foes, thereby bringing the war to an end.

The tradition indicate that the Moslem group in the Banda whose language Ligbe once lived under the leadership of Sullemanu at Begho, an important commercial centre, between Nsawkaw, Seikwa and Hani. Their main occupation was trading. However, in times of war the Banda kings supplicated their prayers. It was that mutual relationship that gave the Moslem community a peranent stay on the Bandaland.

During the reign of Ngulu Wulodwo (Wurawo) the Asantehene Nana Osei BonsuPanin (1800-1824) asked for the assistance of the chief of Nafana in a war against the Fante. It is recounted that when the Nafana troops under the command of NgunuWulodwo arrived in Kumasi they played 'Sabi' (drums) and danced throughout the night. The following day, the Adumhene, who was host of the Nafana, inquired why the latter played throughout the night when the nation was preparing for war. He was told that it was the tradition of the Nafanas to play on the Sabi and keep vigil until they reached the war front. By this account the Nafana people became known as "Won nna" literary they are insomniac, now corrupted to Banda.

#### 1.4.3.1 Traditional Set Up

The District with regards to traditional set up has one (1) paramount chief who resides in the District capital; Banda Ahenkro. There also exist sub chiefs located in various communities.

#### 1.4.3.2 Ethnic Diversity

Ethnicity refers to the ethnic group that a person belongs to. The District dominant population is the Bandas whose language is Nafaana. The other ethnic groups are Kologo, Bono, Lugei, Bator, Ewe, Ga-Adangbe, Moe and few others.

#### 1.4.3.3 Situation of Communal Spirit and Participation

Communal spirit is high in rural areas since individuals are considered to be a homogeneous group. Given the homogeneity of the Banda District which is entirely rural, communal spirit is positively high since resources are collectively owned by all. As a result of this high communal spirit, they willing adhere to any call which invites them to participate in any activity.

#### 1.4.3.4 Traditional Knowledge, Attitude and Practices

Knowledge about the tradition and history is easily passed on from one generation to the other because of the homogeneous nature of the District. Hence this makes the people to identify with ease their origin and traditional practices.

Hospitality is one of the hallmarks of the inhabitants in the District. They are very welcoming and tend to make strangers feel at home.

## 1.4.3.5 Positive Cultural Practices

The popular festival celebrated in the District is Fofie by the people of Banda Ahenkro. Fofie is a Yam festival celebrated in the month of October every year. The festival is used as a means to remember their ancestors and to be protected and favored by them. It is also held to purify the area and allow its people to go into the New Year with hope.

These festivals also tend to bring families and the community as a whole together which to some extent promotes unity among them.

#### **1.4.4 Economy of the District**

The local economy is structured into three key sectors. The agricultural, commerce/service and industrial sectors all have their fair share of the local economic base. Agriculture dominate with about 85% of the total population engaged in it.

All three sectors are to some extent found in the District. Those in the primary sector of the District cultivate yam, pepper, cassava, groundnut, cowpea and plantain in large quantities. Apart from these food crops, the District is also a major producer of cashew for export. Fishing activities also goes on in the District at Bongase but this is on small scale basis. The secondary sector which comprise of a few populace employs builders, dressmakers, carpenters to mention but a few. With regards to tertiary sector, services such as communication provided by all Ghanaian Telecommunication networks are present with the exception of GLO and Expresso. For banking services, ZENITH Bank is located at Bui, there are also the Nafaana Rural Bank and Brodi Community Credit Union.

Though the nature of the economy is a primary economy, there is no agro-based industry in the District to process raw materials produced in this sector.

#### 1.4.4.1 Household Income and Expenditure

The average annual household income is  $GH \notin 1,136.00$  with expenditure of  $GH \notin 1,305$ . Also there is an average remittance of approximately  $GH \notin 170.00$ . Considering the District annual average household expenditure as against the income, one can say that the people in the District have to rely on relatives and friends for remittances and other sources of income like loans in order to manage the poverty situation in the District.

1.4.4.2 Major Economic Activities

## AGRICULTURE

The major contributor to the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of Ghana is agriculture. Ghana's economy is regarded as an agrarian economy. It involves various activities whose understanding

may generally enhance decision makers' ability to formulate relevant policies to improve the output of sectors. The District is entirely rural and most of its households (78.6%) engage in agricultural activities whiles 21.4 percent are non agricultural households. Before a person can engage in any economic activity, the person must be 15 years and above

The major food crops grown are yam, maize, plantain,cocoyam and cassava. Major vegetables grown are tomatoes, garden eggs, okro and pepper. Cash crops grown are cashew and shea nut. The acquisition and availability of land, favorable weather conditions, high soil fertility, double maxima rainfall pattern, easiness of land acquisition among others make production high and places the District at an investment destination.

Cashew is the leading crop grown in the District. The major cashew production areas in the District are Dorbor, Bongase, Boase, Biema, Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye.

### THE IMPACT OF AGRICULTURE IN THE DISTRICT

Agriculture is the main stay of the District. The prevailing climatic conditions in the District constitute important parameters for development. The rainfall is characterized by seasonality which is a limiting factor in agriculture and plant growth.

Below are some of the impacts of agriculture in the District

- Food security: The food security situation has improved as farmers are adopting improved technologies disseminated to them by the agricultural extension agents (AEAs). The introduction of improved varieties especially maize has gradually improved yields over the years. In addition, the introduction of improved varieties and technologies, input supply by SADA has also enabled resource poor farmers to engage in agricultural production.
- 2. Employment Creation: As a result of the availability of AEAs to provide technical assistance many of the youth are going into farming as a business. Acreages of some crops especially cashew, cassava, yam and groundnuts are improving yearly. This helps to improve the employment situation as more people get engage on the farms.
- 3. Increased Income: due to the availability of improved varieties and technologies productivity of stales like yam (which is also a cash crop) as well as other cash crops like

cashew and cassava has improved. The leads to increase in the produce available to the farmer. He therefore has surplus to sell improving his income.

- 4. Improved Livelihood: This is evident in the housing sector as more housing structures keep springing up. The transport sector has also improved in quantity and quality.
- 5. Internally Generated Funds: Increased production also improves the revenue generation in the District .
- 6. Reduced Streetism: Many of the youth have started vacating the streets to engage in agricultural production. This may ultimately lead to a reduction in crime rate.

Besides, these desirable impacts, global warming is a negative impact that agriculture and industry bring about. As the name indicates it is an issue of global concern.

Poultry are also raised and have a great potential for growth when effectively harnessed. The Black Volta which has been dam has increased the volume of water which is a high potential for irrigation activity.

## THE THREE MAIN GOVERNMENT PROJECT ON-GOING IN THE DISTRICT

- 1. Northern rural growth project
- 2. SADA Project
- 3. Root and tuber improvement marketing project (RTIMP)

## MINING AND QUARRYING

Large quantities of gold deposits exist in the District. The stretched of table mountain in the District, exploration done in many years ago indicates there is large quantities of gold.

Stone quarry is a potential resource this is because the mountains contained hard rock's which was evidenced during the construction of the Bui hydroelectric project. These rocks were quarried and used for the construction of the dam. Only (0.3%), are into mining and quarrying.

## MANUFACTURING AND OTHERS

With the rest of the population in this same age bracket, 3.1 percent are into manufacturing but not into agro- processing which the District has a comparative advantage, there is a large produce cashew which can be processes for export and local consumption

5.8 percent are into construction of roads and building and 7.0 percent deal with wholesale and retail, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles.

Other economic activities in the District include transport, storage, accommodation and food services activities (4.2%), to mention but a few.

Even though there is the availability of vast acres of land for development, no real estate activities goes on in the District.

1.4.4.3 Revenue and Expenditure Status

The Assembly budgeted for GHC2,115,744.78 and received 1,088,658.59 with a revenue shortage of 1,027,086.69 representing 32.05%. It means the Assembly would not be able to commit its self to its development Projects and Programmes.

With the District Assembly Common Fund (DACF) which is meant for execution of projects and programmes in the District, the total budget fell by an amount of GHC1,169,289.49 representing 59.14% of the Fund. This implies that the District was not able to receive the entire amount allocated for the District Assembly Common Fund. This situation affected developmental Projects and Programmes in the District simply because projects came into standstill as Contractors were not paid.

The District's Internally Generated Fund exceeded its target (that is, about 12.3% of its budgeted revenue). This performance could be attributed to the fact that, the Assembly was able to increase the number of revenue collectors and also educated the people on the importance of tax collection. With the exception of these, there was also an intensive monitoring.

 Table 1.5 Financial Analysis of The Assembly for the Year 2016.

Source	Budget (GHC)	Receipt (GHC)	Expenditure (GHC)
1. IGF	43,000.00	55,032.4	55,032.4
2. GOG	12,641.78	12,641.78	12,590.75

3. DACF	1,560,000.00	390,710.51	390,710.51
4. DDF	500,103.00	500,103.00	500,040.38
5. Others (school			
feeding)	-	130,170.40	129,420.38
TOTAL	2,115,744.78	1,088,658.09	1,087,794.42

Source: Accounts office, Banda 2016

## 1.4.4.4 Economic Resources

The District is endowed with lots of economic resources which include cashew, shea nuts, vast lands, teak, to mention but a few. Stone quarry and Gold is also an untapped resource which has generated illegal mining popularly known as galamsey.

## 1.4.4.5 Inter/Intra Trade

In the District capital, the market day occurs once in a week, thus every Tuesday. People tend to bring various goods or products to the market for sale. There are other markets scattered across some communities in the District. People travel from far or near to either sell or buy certain items they may need.

## 1.4.4.6 Economically Active Population

A total of 11,949 of the District population are aged 15 years and above. Out of this number, 9,469 (79.2%) are economically active. For the population that is economically active, 97.02 percent are employed whiles 2.98 are unemployed.

Even though lots of the economically active are employed, there is still a large portion of the labour force that can be exploited since 282 and 2,480 individuals are unemployed and economically not active respectively.

## 1.4.4.7 Business/Investment Potential

The District can boast of countless profitable business areas which when money is invested in will yield the investor dividend. One of such investments is the Bui Dam project which when completed would attract so many people to the area. Investors in the estate development could take advantage of the vast land around the area and construct accommodation facilities for the in-migrants who would engage in one activity or the other due to the construction of the dam in the District.

Also, Bui national park which is the third largest wildlife protected area with an area of 1821km2 which is notable for its resident hippopotamus population in the black Volta which is the second largest in west Africa ,it also have primates like the endangered black and white colobus monkey and variety antelopes and birds.

As a result of the dam, the total land area covered by the water about is 444Km2 which has formed the lake reservoir with length and width of about 33km<sup>2</sup> and 20km<sup>2</sup> respectively. Boat cruising and Jet Skining is also another attention where tourist derived a lot pleasure.

Banda Mountain Cave which is located on the large stretched of Table Mountain popularly known as Escarpment. it gives a beautiful overview scene when moving and looking at the west from Sabiye-Bongase in the Banda District . A beautiful story is told.

Mountain hiking is also potential which also gives tourist a lot of pleasure. Investors in the hotel industry can take advantage by constructing classes of hotel which will attract a lot of people there.

There is also vast arable land which can be used for large plantation farm. As a result of inadequate funds for the local farmers, they are not able to fully utilize the arable land in the District. When it comes to cashew, Banda is among the District s with high output rates, but no cashew processing plant has been established in the District. If this plant is however constructed, apart from attracting other services, it will create employment opportunities and in the long run lead to the development of the District.

Fishing and it associated activities is also booming due to the large reservoir the dam has created.

1.4.4.8 Economic Infrastructure

#### Energy

The analyses from the data collected indicate that 48.5% of the 33 communities in the District have access to electricity. Specifically, 16 communities have been connected to the national electricity grid; the number of households connected to electricity is 16,791.

With the completion of the Bui Dam Project, it is expected that all communities will be connected to electricity. The project is also expected to boost road construction, job creation and tourism in the District. Bui Dam is the second largest hydroelectric dam (Bui Dam) in Ghana which supports the national grid with 400 megawatt (MW) of power. The 400 MW Bui hydropower scheme is considered to be the most technically and economically attractive hydropower site in Ghana after the Akosombo and Kpong hydro power plants. The Bui Dam, whose construction began on January 2008 and fully became operational on December 2013, was built across the Black Volta River at the Bui Gorge, at the southern end of the Bui National Park. It is located on the border of the Brong Ahafo region and the Northern region. As a multipurpose dam, it provides water for irrigation and also improves the fishing industry in Ghana.

The construction of the dam saw the resettlement of some communities. Table 5.1 shows details of communities that were resettled in the Banda District.

Affected	No. of	No. of People	Status	Preferred Resettlement
Communities	Households			Site
Bui Village	42	297	Not Yet	New Bui
Bator Akanyakrom	63	437	Not Yet	New Bator Akanyakrom
Dokokyina	36	165	Not Yet	New Dokokyina
Bui National Camp	36	100	Not Yet	Bui
Total	177	999	-	-

 Table 1.6: The Details of the Communities that were resettled are provided below:

Source: DPCU Report (2016)

## 1.4.4.9 Food Security

The economy of the District is primary where there is a lot of raw material production. Most of these raw materials are food stuffs. The District is purely rural with majority of the people engaged in agriculture activity. This has led to the production of a lot of food stuffs which has enhanced the food security of the District.

The District is able to produce enough for the inhabitants within the District with the surplus transported outside the District. One major crop cultivated in the District is yam which accounts for 10.4% of the annual total produce level. Other food crops produced in the District with their annual total produce level are pepper-5.1%; cassava- 5.6%; cocoyam-3.2%; groundnut-4.2%; cowpea-4.3% and plantain-4.9%. Apart from these food crops, the District is also a major producer of cashew.

#### 1.4.5 Nutrition

The table below shows the nutritional status of the district. As indicated in the table above, the district is faced with high level of malnutrition. This is attributed to lack of complementary feeding, non-adherence to exclusive breast feeding and inappropriate infant feeding practices. Lack of income generating ventures for the women also affects the nutritional status of mothers and infants. This implies that the physical and mental development of children will be adversely affected. Women should therefore be supported to increase their disposable income. This would help improve family diet. The attitude of mothers needs to be changed through vigorous educational campaign on exclusive breast feeding.

No.	INDICATOR	2014	2015	2016	2017
1	Actually malnourished	223	154	216	104
2.	At risk of malnutrition <23mhs	1046	9984	15288	8885
3	Stunting				
4	Wasting				

 Table 1.7: Nutritional status of the district

Source: DHMT, BDA 2016

#### **1.4.6 Governance**

Governance is the process of steering development. Over the years decentralized governance has assumed enormous importance as a tool for propelling development and ensuring grassroots participation. Ghana has since 1988 been implementing a decentralization system aimed at devolving decision making power to local governments. Within the framework of decentralized administration in Ghana, the District Assembly is the highest decision making body at the local level. District Assemblies have legislative, executive and deliberative powers and as such are responsible for the planning and development of areas under their jurisdiction. A District Assembly comprised;

1. The District Chief Executive who is nominated by the President of the Republic and approved by 2/3 majority of assembly members

- 2. All elected and appointed assembly members
- 3. Member(s) of Parliament in the District
- 4. A Presiding member who is elected from among the Assembly members presides over general assembly meetings

Under the general assembly is the Executive Committee (EXECO) which is one-third of the entire Assembly and made up of chairpersons of the various sub-committees of the assembly.

The district has four political administrative units (Area Councils), 30 Unit Committee members and one paramouncy to enhance effective and easy political governance. It has 9 Assembly Members; out of which 6 are elected, 3 appointed, including the District Chief Executive and the Member of Parliament. Assembly women form the minority with only one member appointed. The Member of Parliament is an ex-officio member of the Assembly without voting rights.

## 1.4.6.1 Area Council

The District has two area councils thus, Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye. These Area Councils are constituted by their respective Assembly Members, Unit Committee Members and the secretariat.

## 1.4.6.2 Sub-committees of the Assembly

The Assembly also has 5 sub-committees: Public Relations and Complaints, Justice and Security, Social Services, Finance and Administration, Development Planning Committee, help in the district development process.

## 1.4.6.3 Traditional Authority

The chieftaincy Institution in the district is one of the important traditional institutions that the people highly value and are usually called Nana. All communities are organized under their respective chiefs who serve as a main medium of community mobilization for popular participation in development activities, conflict resolution and law enforcement.

The district has one traditional paramouncy.

The traditional authority in the district is dedicated to the development of their traditional areas through education and enlightenment of the people. They also provide land for infrastructural development, mobilization of community for communal labour and arbitration of disputes. They therefore offer positive contribution to the economic and social transformation of the district and must be seen as part of the decentralization process.

## 1.4.7 Social services

## Education

The district currently has 31 public KGs, 27 public Primary schools, 24 JHS and 1 SHS. There are 317 classrooms for KGs, 129 for JHS and 17 for SHS.

There 3 private schools in the district which are located in Bongase, Dorbor and Ahenkro. The private schools in Bongase and Dorbor have KG, Primary and JHS whiles the one in Ahenkro has only KG and primary.

## A. Enrolment

LEVEL	MALE		FEMALE		TOTAL
	Enrolment	%	Enrolment	%	
Pre-School	1028	50%	1027	50%	2,055
Primary	2062	57%	1551	43%	3,613
Junior High	912	69%	418	31%	1,330
Senior High	403	64%	222	36%	625
TOTAL	4405	57.78	3218	42.22	7,623

Source: GES, Banda District (2016)

## **Table 1.9: Total Number of Schools**

Level		Kindergarten	Primary	J.H.S.	SHS	Total
No.	of	31	27	24	1	82
Schools						

Source: DPCU Report (2016)

#### Table 1.10: The State of Basic School Infrastructures in the Banda District

			STATUS OF CLASSROOM					
Level	No. of Schs.	Sch. Under Trees	%	Dilapidated Structure	%			
KG	22	8	36.4	9	40.9			
PRIM.	23	-	-	6	26.1			
JHS	13	-	-	3	23.1			
TOTAL	58	8	13.8	18	31			

From the above we realize 36.4% of school children under a kindergarten school are schooling under trees. On the whole 45% of schools ranging from KG-JHS classes are on-going under either

a dilapidated structure or under trees. This implies the Assembly will have to commit more of its infrastructural projects on developing classroom accommodations for basic schools. We also seen from the table 63% of schools do not have potable drinking water and 31% do not also have toilet facility.

Levels of Education	Pupil Teacher Ratio	Gender Parity Index
Pre-school	42:1	1.0
Primary	41:1	0.92
Junior High	17:1	0.82
*Senior High		-

## **B.** Pupil/Teacher Ratio and Gender Parity Index

Source: DPCU Report 2016

## Health

The District has now established its Health Directorate which have oversight responsibilities over all the clinics and CHPS, namely Banda, Sabiye, and Bui health

All the Health Facilities in the District provide both clinical and preventive services.

Table 1.11: Health Facilities in the District.

Туре	Health Centres	CHPS Compound	<b>Outreach Points</b>	Total
Number	3	4	28	38

Source: Ghana Health Service, Banda District 2016

There also exist (3) three health centres, four (4) CHPS compound and 28 outreach points to attend to the health needs of the people.

## Health Centres

- Banda Ahenkro Health Centre
- Sabiye Health Centre
- Bui Health Centre

CHPS Compounds

- Dorbor CHPS Compound
- Banda Boase CHPS Compound

- Wewa CHPS Compound
- Bui Village CHPS Compound

# Information On Hiv/Aids And Syphilis Screening During Anc

A record of HIV/AIDS is difficult to come by due it sensitive. Voluntary counseling and testing (VCT) is not taking place here in the District officially due lack of facility. PMCT is test done for the pregnant women during the Anti-natal period with the aim of preventing mother to child transmission.

An available record indicates in the table below;

	TOTAL	HI	V Screenii	1g	Syphilis Screening		
YEAR	ANC REGISTR- ANTS	Total screened	No. Positive	% Positive	Total screened	No. Positive	% Positive
2015	581	581	1		700	11	
2016	749	749	13		749	5	

Table 1.12: HIV/AIDS Screening during ANC - 2015/2016

Source: Ghana Health Service, Banda District 2016

The district achieved 100% screening of ANC women against HIV and Syphilis. Attendants who were registered later part of 2014 and were not screened for Syphilis also had the opportunity of going through the screening in early 2015

# Sanitation

Sanitation in the District revealed that 85% of the total population use open dumping as their system of disposing solid waste in their communities. Also 95% dispose off their solid waste indiscriminately while 5% use the public container. The available records indicate 9 containers have been distributed to 9 Communities as against 33 Communities we have in District. The District lacks behind the provision of portable sanitation facilities. Banda District does not have a single toilet facility for public use. This situation has led to the indiscriminate defecating in the environment.

# Table 1.13 Percentages of people with water and sanitation facilitiesWATER AND SANITATION FACILITIES

Without Toilet Facility	%	Without Bore Hole	%
13	59.1	12	54.5
14	60.1	5	21.7
10	76.9	1	7.7
37	63.8	18	31

Source: Banda baseline survey, 2016

### Water Security

Water is a very essential component of human living and without it life can become unbearable. Depending on how it is treated, it can improve or deteriorate the health standards of the users. The sources of water for both industrial and domestic purposes in the district include boreholes, rivers and others. The commonest source of water in the district is borehole. An assessment on the water situation in the District revealed that, 73.9% depend on pipes, 11.1% depend on boreholes and 15% on streams/rivers as their main source of drinking water. Among these sources, rivers and streams are considered not healthy for human drinking. Therefore policies should be in place to save 15% of the population from water born diseases and guinea worm

The survey revealed that the average time spent to access water facilities in the district during the peak period is as follows; 66.7% spend 1-5 minutes, 20% spend 6-10 minutes, 8.3% spend 11-15 minutes and 5.0% spend more than 15 minutes.

The survey revealed that 61.5% of the population says that water facilities are not adequate causing frequent water shortages in their localities, 6.1% complained of frequent light off which causes water shortage, 26.3% complained on the cost of buying water while 4.5% of the population did not have any problem with water facilities in the district. Table 1.8 shows water facilities in the district

Inadequate access to safe water is perennial problem in rural and urban areas of the country. Poor access to safe water in Banda District is not different of what the nation witnessed during the dry season. Therefore access to safe drinking water should be the top priority of the Banda District

 Table 1.14 Status of Water in the Community

Year	Pop.	Broken Down Bore Hole	Existing	Back-Log N-E
2014	20,122	42	53	95

2015	23,573	44	57	101
2016	24,000	47	59	109

Source: DPCU 2016

With women being the heavy users of water, this places a strain on them in their quest for portable drinking water for their families. This analysis implied the assembly should drill more borehole or if possible lobby for the construction of small, rural water system in the District.

Also the total number of facilities are not enough to commensurate the current population of the district. For now the district has only one small town water system which is located at Sabiye, the district capital.

## 1.4.8 Poverty, Inequality and Social Protection

Vulnerability means the state or condition of being weak or poorly defended. Communities or people can become vulnerable due natural disaster or man -made disaster. With regard to natural disasters, the communities will not have any power to control but only manage the situation to minimise adverse effects.

Town/Area Council	Poverty Ranking	Characteristics
		Scattered nature of settlements
Sabiye Area Council	Most Poverty Stricken	• Poor road network and surface condition
		Low level of education
		• Poor housing condition
		Inadequate access to potable water
		Low income levels
		No access to banking facility
		Malnutrition
		No market
		Inadequate access to electricity
Banda Ahenkro Area	2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Poverty Stricken	Scattered nature of settlements
Council		High illiteracy level
		• Poor road network and surface condition
		• Poor housing condition
		No access to banking facility
		Malnutrition
		No market
		Low income level
		Inadequate access to electricity

**Table 1.15 Tentative Poverty Pockets and Characteristics** 

The physically challenged people are also the most vulnerable people in the District .Banda District have a total number of 200 people with disabilities. They are in categories, visual impaired, Deaf, Damp, epileptics, mentally retarded and Disable.

Kind of Disability	Number	MALE	FEMALE
Visual impaired	75	44	31
Dumb	10	7	3
Deaf	15	10	5
Disabled	65	45	20
Mentally retarded	18	10	8
Epileptics	17	7	10
Total	200	123	77

Table 1.18: The table below shows the category and number

Source: DPCU Report (2016)

The above numbers are the physically challenged people who have registered with the disability association in the District. 63.50% are males and 36.50% are females. The Assembly would have to support them to enable them to earn a living and this support must come out of the 2% of the common fund which is the disability.

Banda District is vulnerable to these Black fly Insects (Similuimfly) that caused Onchocerciasis popularly known as River blindness. Most of the Communities in the Banda District are located along the Black Volta and other river such as Tain, Tombe etc. The situation is that the black flies can only breed in fast running water. The hidden places of the flies on land are the bushy Areas.

 Table 1.19: Analysis of the Black Fly peak period, Communities more vulnerable, and the effects

No	Communities	Peak	Lean			
		period	period	Reasons for	Nature of irritation	Effects
				vulnerable		

Most vulnerable communitie s to the black flies nuisance	Bator Akanyakrom Bui village Dorkakyina Bongasi Bui wildlife camp Nyire Fawoman Surogbokrom Tainano Sabiye Wewa	June- Octob er	Novemb er – February	Near fast running water e.g. Black Volta , river Tombe, and Tain	<ul> <li>Ratio of 1: 50 insects per bits during the peak season.</li> <li>Ration 1: 10 insects per bitsin lean season</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Formati on of noodles around the body</li> <li>Total Blindnes s</li> </ul>
Less vulnerable communitie s to the black flies nuisance	Banda Ahenkro Kabrono Kanka Saase Gbao Dompofie Sanwa Makala	June- Octob er	Novemb er – February	Far away from fast running water eg Black Volta, River Tombe, and Tain.	<ul> <li>Ration of 1:15 insects per bits during the peak season</li> <li>Ration of 1:3 insects per bits during the lean seasons</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Format ion of noodle s around the body</li> <li>Partial blindn ess</li> </ul>

Source: DPCU Report (2014)

Disparities among women and men are being reduced as result of specific interventions at all levels of the economic, political, social and cultural structures. Despite progress made to broaden the space for women in politics and decision making, a lot more needs to be done.

 Table 1.20:
 Gender participation of women

No	Assembly members	Men	Women		
1	Elected members	6	0		
2	Appointed members	3	1		
	Total	9	1		

With reference to above table, only one (1) woman is a member of the assembly out of eight (8) men. This implies women are not involved much into governance in the District

## 1.4.9 Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

ICT (information and communications technology - or technologies) is an umbrella term that includes any communication device or application, encompassing: radio, television, cellular phones, computer and network hardware and software, satellite systems and so on, as well as the

various services and applications associated with them, such as videoconferencing and distance learning.

The survey revealed that 88.3% of the district population has access to Radio, Television, Mobile services and information centers. 11.7% of the population does not have access to mobile services. It is therefore important to widen the network of various communication networks to cover the whole district to improve technology. The situation in the district is not encouraging since the district cannot boost of one fully constructed and furnished ICT center. However, there is the need for ICT centres to be constructed in the district

#### 1.4.10 Biodiversity, Climate change, green economy and environment in general

The prevailing climatic conditions in the District constitute important parameters for development. The temperature in Banda District is generally high averaging about 24.5°C (779°F) throughout the year (Benneh and Dickson, 1970). Average maximum temperature is 30.9°C and minimum of 21.2°C with the hottest months being February, March April.

Table 1.21: Mean Monthly and Annual Maximum and Minimum Temperature in "C" for Banda (2016)

Temperature	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
Mean Max	32.5	34.3	33.7	32.5	31.4	30.1	28.2	28.1	28.7	29.1	30.7	30.8	30.9
Mean Min	19.9	22.0	22.2	22.3	22.3	21.9	21.4	21.0	20.9	20.8	20.9	19.8	21.2
Mean <sup>o</sup> C	26.2	28.2	28.0	27.4	27.4	26.7	26.7	24.6	24.8	25.3	25.6	25.3	26.1

Source: Ghana Meteorological Service, Wenchi-2016

Relative humidity in the District is also quite high averaging over 75 percent throughout the year. Humidity is high in the wet months and low in the dry months.

#### Rainfall

With an average annual rainfall between 1,140 and 1,270mm, the District has a bio-modal rainfall regime. Major rainfall occurs between April to July and that of minor rainfall period occurs between September and late October. Following the rains is the dry season which starts in November and ends in March. Mid- November to February ending marks the main dry season.

#### Vegetation

The Banda District lies within the moist semi-deciduous forest and the Guinea Savannah woodland vegetation zones. Timber species like Odum, Sapele, Wawa and Mahogany are found in places such as Dorbor and Bongase. Wildlife like the deer, hippopotamus and antelopes are found in the Bui National Park situated in the District. Other forest reserves in the District are Sawsaw, Yaya and Bawa watershed. The combination of the vegetation zones – guinea savannah and the forest permit the cultivation of a variety of crops – cereal, tubers and vegetables; and animal rearing.

The forest reserves and the few groves around the water bodies in the District help protect the Black Volta and Tain Rivers from excessive evapo-transpiration. Figure 1.4 shows vegetation of Banda District.

#### **1.4.11 Gender Equality**

Gender analysis mainly centres on men, women, boys and girls in the society. It encompasses the societal roles and responsibilities of men, women, boys and girls as well as power relations between them. The analysis measures the extent to which gender gaps exist among issues such as opportunities, needs, rights, voices, participation, access to resources, control of resources and decision making. It provides information on the different roles of women and men at different levels; their respective access to and control over the material and non-material benefits of society; their priorities, needs and responsibilities. It shows the linkages between inequalities at different societal levels; needs assessment is a vital component of gender analysis. Needs analysis is a necessary step when identifying appropriate strategies for the promotion of gender equality.

The roles and responsibilities of men and women are based on the various activities performed by both in the society. Men's and women's activities are identified as either "reproductive" or "productive" types, and these activities reflect access to and control over income and resources in the community. Under the productive work, women are often engaged in activities which fetch them small remuneration. They are mostly involved in wage labour, subsistent farming, crafts and so on. With regards to reproductive work, they are engaged in childbearing and rearing, domestic tasks that guarantee the maintenance and reproduction of the current and future work force, for example, cooking, cleaning and so on. They are also engaged in care and maintenance of the household and its members (bearing and caring for children, food preparation, water and fuel collection, shopping housekeeping and family health care). Works which are seldom considered 'real work' and are usually unpaid are most at times the responsibilities of girls and women. As a result of this, women and girls have minimal access and control over resources like land, education, equipment, labour, cash from sales, extension services, training, agricultural inputs, irrigation, technology and credit.

## 1.4.12 Settlement systems

Brief description of settlement systems and linkages relating among others will help to know the communications between facilities and their users. It will also show distance covered to access basic amenities.

## **Distribution of Services and Infrastructure**

The Banda District Assembly is endowed with numerous services distributed across the entire District. These services and infrastructure which enhance the daily lives of the people have been categorized according to Area Councils; Banda Area Council and Sabiye Area Council. The tables below show the services and infrastructure that are found in both Area Councils

# 1.3.9.2 Banda Area Council

## Table 1.22: Service and Infrastructure Distribution in the Banda Area Council

HEALTH	EDUCATION	BANKING	OTHER AGENCIES	COMMUNICATION	ENERGY	
Ahenkro Health Centre	Government Schools -11 KG. Schools - 12 Prim. Schools - 7 J.H.S	Ecobank	District Assembly	Vodafone Mast	Electricity (12 Communities)	
Bui Clinic	Ghana Education Service Directorate	Naffana Rual Bank	Pioneer Ghana Service	Airtel Mast		
Bui village clinic		Zenith Bank	Game and Wildlife Division	MTN Mast		
Health directorate		Susu Collection Agencies	Bui Power Authority			
			Action Aid Office			
			Agric Directorate			
			Naffana Literacy			
			Centre			
			Ghana Police			
			Service			

Source: DPCU Report (2016)

# SABIYE AREA COUNCIL

EDUCATION BANKING OTHER AGENCIES		COMMUNICATION	ENERGY
No Banking	No other	No most	Electricity
Services	government	No mast	(5 Communities)
	agencies are	But access to some few	
	present in the	networks	
	community		
	providing services		
h	No Banking Services	BANKING     AGENCIES       No     Banking     No     other       Services     government     agencies     are       Image:	BANKING     AGENCIES     COMMUNICATION       No     Banking Services     No     other government     No mast       agencies     are present in the community     But access to some few networks       providing services     providing services

Table 1.23: Service and Infrastructure Distribution in the Banda Area Council

Source: DPCU Report (2016)

The figure below shows the hierarchical distribution of services and infrastructure in the two area councils; Banda Area Council and Sabiye Area Council. The Sabiye Area Council has the least services and infrastructure distributed in the Area hence its position at the bottom of the pyramid. The Banda Area Council positioned at the apex has the most services and infrastructure.

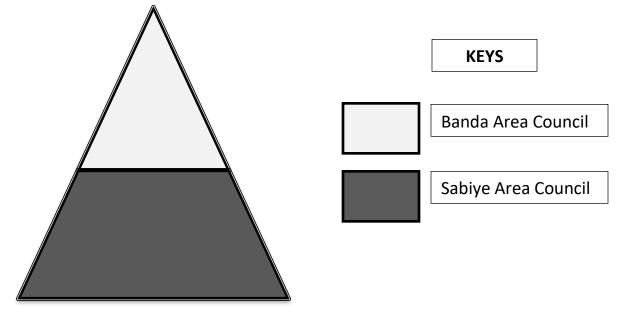


Figure 1.5: Service Distribution of Area Councils

#### Surface Accessibility to Services

Services such as health, Postal Services, Agriculture Extension, banking, police, production and marketing centres, commodity flow, manifestation of levels and locations of the poor and functional regions, space economy, linkage with other District s

## **Pro-Poor Programming**

Banda District is one of the District benefiting from several government pro- poor programmes that aims is to provide some kind of support to people living in abject poverty.

- The livelihood Empowerment Against Poverty (LEAP) is taking place in 6 communities which include Bongase, Sabiye, Weiwa, Fawoman, Dorbor and Nyire.
- Capitation grant: It is taking place in 59 schools from KG-JHS. This grant is given to schools to enable undertake various activities which include minor repairs, sports and

cultures, etc. parents are free from paying school fees. The target is achive enrolment increase

- School feeding programme: is taking place in 15 schools in the District. Is a project that schools children particularly those in lower Primary are given one square of meal when in school during the day. It is also targeting enrolment increase
- Complementary basic education which is targeting school dropout which in the long run school pupil will be inaugurated to the mainstream education.

#### **1.4.13 Local Economic Development (LED)**

#### Local Economic Development Issues

Issues of local economic development have become very important in the promotion of district development. Important factors have to do with building the human resource base of the district, undertaking institutional development in the areas of Public Private Partnerships and business networks for local entrepreneurs, carrying out business development activities by the creation and sustenance of creative industries and promoting locality development through proper zoning, creation of industrial parks and the development of support infrastructure. There are a number of resources in the Banda District that can be taken up by the District Assembly in conjunction with Private Sector players and other key stakeholders to develop into business clusters, enterprise zones and value chains. These include cashew and related products, and other specialized agricultural produce like mangoes, oranges, bananas and water melon which have become important in the non-traditional export system. After all local economic development thrives on innovativeness of district management and how well district specialties can be packaged to meet local and global market demands.

#### 1.4.14 Migration (emigration and immigration)

A migrant is a person whose current place of residence is different from his or her place of birth or previous place of residence. There are two types of migration, namely internal and external. Internal migration is the movement of people between geographical boundaries (administrative District) within national borders whiles external migration is the movement of people across geographical boundaries outside national borders.

Internal migration can be analysed in terms of intra and inter-regional movements. Intra-regional migration refers to the movement of people between localities within an administrative region (between administrative District s within the same region), while inter-regional migration is the movement of people between different administrative regions of the country.

A total of 3,671 persons in the District are migrants. Majority (57.0%) of the migrants were born elsewhere in another region of the country with 4.3 percent (157) born outside Ghana. Most of the migrants from other regions are from Upper West Region (28.2%), followed by those from Ashanti Region (9.0%), with the least migrants from Eastern (1.3%).

#### 1.4.15 Natural and man-made disasters

## Disaster Management

The district experiences disasters of varied forms. The predominant natural disaster however is drought and bushfire. There are occasions when rainfall is so erratic that it negatively impacts agricultural activities. When droughts prolong, crops are exposed to pests and diseases of different forms and that can also get catastrophic. What this simply means is that natural disasters in the district can take such a cycle that in the end low yields, low incomes and hunger worsens. Beyond this is the menace of bush fires which sometimes result in the destruction of hundreds of acres of cultivated lands leading to the same effect of hunger. Some areas in the district are also susceptible to flooding during periods of excessive rainfall. Areas such as Bongase, Nyire, Sabiye, Dorbor, among others have experienced floods in the past. It is important for the district disaster management organization to liaise with all stakeholders to identify and map out disaster prone areas in the district so as to enable them develop targeted interventions and as well respond timely and appropriately before and or after disasters occur.

According to the Tain District Disaster Management Office, the reasons for these areas susceptible to disasters are

- Fulani herds men burn the areas for their cattle to feed
- Hunters burn bushes for meat during dry seasons
- Farmers methods of slash and burn causes bush fire outbreak.
- Weak building materials use for houses as data shows that 57.8% of houses in the district are Bricks and Wattle and Daub. This causes destructions of houses when there is rain storm
- Chain saw operators frequent felling of trees and charcoal burners are continuing depleting wind breaks which protect houses. It is not surprise that rainstorm is now the frequent natural disaster in the district.

## Strategies to control disaster in the district

- However, these strategies are in place to reduce occurrence of disaster in the district.
- Educating the community to plant trees and stop felling trees
- They should not put up buildings in water ways
- They should put power off when going out of various rooms to stop domestic fire outbreak

## **Challenges facing NADMO in the district**

- Lack of vehicle for education
- Inadequate relief items for disaster victims
- Inadequate logistics

## **1.4.16 Population dynamics**

The purpose for which planning is carried out is human and society. Plans are prepared to identify and propose alternative ways of meeting the needs of present and future generations at the expense of the environment. It is therefore imperative that in preparing a development agenda of this nature the demographic dynamics of the district and how they are likely to behave in the future are duly considered. This sub-chapter is solely aimed at analyzing the demographic dynamics of the District.

#### 1.4.16.1 Population size and growth

The District has a population size of about 20,282 people who reside in 33 communities as at 2010 (2010 PHC) and by projection, the population of the District is now 24,330. The distribution of the population by sex indicates that there are 12,360 males constituting 50.8 percent and 11,970 females representing 49.2 percent. The district has a growth rate of 2.6%

## 1.4.16.2 Spatial Distribution of Population

The entire population of the District which is 24,330 resides in the rural area. However, this depicts the fact that the Banda District Assembly is entirely rural.

## 1.4.16.3 Population Density

Population density is defined as the number of people per kilometer square  $(km^2)$  of unit area of land. The District covers a total land area 2,298.34570 kilometers square. Given the population of the District to be 24,330 the population density is hence 10.6 per kilometre square.

## 1.4.16.4 Household Sizes/Characteristics

A household is defined as a person or a group of persons, who live together in the same house or compound and share the same house-keeping arrangements whiles household population comprise of all persons in a household setting.

The District has a total household population of 20,171. This population resides in 3,685 households accounting for an average household size of 5.5.

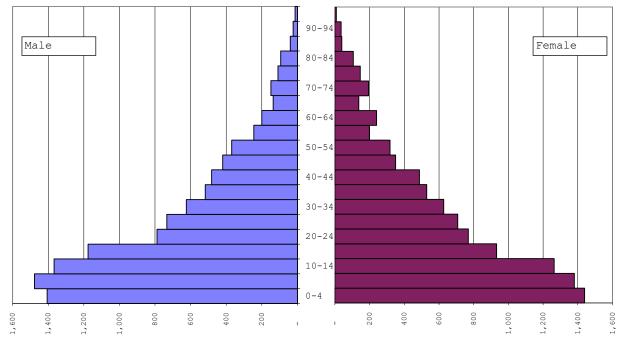
The extended family system (68.6%) is a major practice in the District with the nuclear family being 31.4%.

## 1.4.16.5 Age and Sex Composition

Age and sex are the most basic characteristics of a population. Effective planning needs to be carried out in order to meet the developmental needs of the people in the Banda District. Knowledge of age and sex structure is fundamental in determining the sort of resources to provide for the people. For instance, with a large proportion of the population belonging to the lower age groups, the provision of more schools will be among the top developmental priorities.

A population pyramid is a graphical representation of the age-sex composition of a population and its shape is influenced by the levels of fertility, mortality and migration, the broadness of the base is determined by the level of fertility, while the shape is determined by mortality and to some extent migration. It is also the graphical representation of age and sex data for the District. From Figure 2.1 which depicts the population pyramid of the Banda District, the proportion of males is less than the proportion of females from age group 0-4. There is a sharp decline among female from age groups 10-14 to 15-19 and also there is a sharp decline among the male population from age group 15-19 to 20-24.

The broad base of the pyramid denotes a youthful population consisting of a large proportion of children under 15 years and a narrow apex comprising a small proportion of elderly persons (65 years and older). This can be seen by a decline in the bars as the population advances in age. Persons in the age cohort 0-14 years represents 41.1 percent, 15-64 years represent 52.8 percent and 65 years and above accounted for 6.1 percent of the total population. This implies that the District has a greater percentage of labour force since a greater fraction of the population can be found in the economically active group.





Source: 2016 DPCU

## 1.4.16.6 Religious Composition

The District is largely composed of Christian faith (Catholic, Protestants, Pentecostal and other Christians) which accounts for 69.9 percent of the total population. With respect to the Christian faith, catholic forms the majority with a proportion of 34.6 percent. Islam forms 20.2 percent of the total population, that of traditional being 2.5 percent and 7.4 percent do not belong to any religion. However more females (51.0%) than males (49.0%) tend to belong to the Christian faith and the specific denominations with higher proportion of males than females are catholic and other Christian groups. Males also form the majority of the population practicing Islam, Traditional religion, other religion and no religion.

#### 1.4.16.7 Occupation Distribution

An occupation is an activity or task with which one occupies oneself; usually specifically the productive activity, service, trade or craft for which one is regularly paid. In simple terms an occupation is a job. Considering the age at which one can work to be 15 years, out of the total 9,187 aged 15 years and older in the District, about two thirds (71.2%) are workers of skilled agriculture forestry and fishery. Service and sales workers are 9.5 percent with the least (0.4%) being Clerical Support workers. Majority of the male population (71.7%) also belong to the Skilled Agriculture Forestry and Fishery workers. Less than one percent (0.6%) of the male population aged 15 years and older are managers with 3.2 percent of the same population category being service and sales workers. Of the female population 15 years and above, one percent are managers, skilled agriculture forestry and fishery workers make up 70.7 percent with 16.8 percent being service and sales workers.

#### 1.4.17 Science Technology and Innovation (STI)

Science and technology pervade all aspects of modern life. The impact of vaccines, mobile phones, jet travel or the internet on how we interact with one another and understand own place in society are all products of STI. Currently the district being rural does not have centers to build and improve STI. Measures should be in place to help improve STI in order to bridge the gap between the district and other developed districts in terms of technology and innovation.

#### **1.4.18 District Security Situation**

Development can only occur in an atmosphere of peace, tolerance and a situation where crime levels are relatively low. This allows community members, market women and others business

organization to go on with their daily activities to improve their lives thereby contributing positively to the development of the district and the country at large.

Crime takes various forms including robbery, rape, stealing, domestic violence and petty crimes. The district security must therefore be well positioned to handle crime and ensure that people live in an atmosphere of peace and tranquility. The District Security Committee is the highest security body at the district level. It is chaired by the DCE and members are drawn from the various security establishments in the district. They hold regular meeting to discuss the security situation in the district and to take measures to implement whatever recommendations thereon.

Combating crime requires human resources and logistics and it is important to continue to strengthen the numerical strength of the police in the district and as well provide the required logistics.

## **Police Service**

The maintenance of law and order in the District is the responsibility of the Ghana Police service. However, in the discharge of their duty they collaborate with District Security Committee, Traditional Authorities and other security agencies like Bureau of National Investigations (BNI), the Court, CHRAJ and the Ghana National Fire Service to ensure that life and property are secured.

The District has 3 police stations with total staff strength of 7 the current population of the district stands at 24,330, therefore giving a police citizen ratio is 1:10,140 as compared to the national ratio of 1:953. This clearly shows that the staff strength of the police must be continuously beefed up while logistics and accommodation are planned and delivered to enhance the maintenance of law and order in the district.

#### The Ghana National Fire Service

There is one fire station in the district. The major task of the service includes fighting fire and resource operation when accidents occur. They are also into the training of rural fire volunteers and education of the inhabitants in the district. Both office and residential accommodations are inadequate and the logistics to fight fire are lacking. There is also one fire tender for the main unit in Banda Ahenkro.

## 1.4.19 Employment

A total of 11,949 of the District population are aged 15 years and above. Out of this number, 9,469 (79.2%) are economically active. For the population that is economically active, 97.02 percent are employed whiles 2.98 are unemployed.

Even though lots of the economically active are employed, there is still a large portion of the labour force that can be exploited since 282 and 2,480 individuals are unemployed and economically not active respectively.

## **1.5 SUMMARY OF KEY DEVELOPMENT ISSUES**

The performance review and updating of the district profile brought up some development issues which need to be addressed in the plan. These issues are shown in table 1.18

Thematic areas of	Key Identified issues (as harmonised with inputs from the performance		
GSGDA II	review, profiling and community needs and aspirations)		
Enhancing	1. Inadequate access to credit facilities		
Competitiveness of	2. Inadequate technical and managerial skills for business developers		
Ghana's Private Sector	3. Low level of technology in agro –processing, artisans, dressmakers		
	etc		
	4. Under development of tourist infrastructure		
	5. Lack of marketing infrastructures		
	6. Poor road network		
	7. Low access to telecommunication network		
Accelerated Agricultural	1. Low agriculture productivity due to the use of outmoded farming		
Modernisation and	method		
Sustainable Natural	2. High cost of farm inputs and implement		
Resource Management	3. Lack of agro- processing infrastructure		
	4. Lack of post-harvest management infrastructure		
	5. Lack of ready market for farm produce		
	6. Low level of modern technology in farming		
	7. High incidence of bush burning		
	8. Illegal and indiscriminate cutting of trees		
	9. Lack of irrigation facilities		
	10. Inadequate of agric extension service		
Infrastructure and Human	1. Poor road network		
Settlements	2. Low access to electricity		
	3. Inadequate access to water		
	4. Inadequate sanitation facilities		
	5. Damage of street lights		
	6. Lack of streets light in some communities		

Table 1.24: Summary of key development issues under GSGDA II

I	
	7. Inadequate transformer in some communities
	8. Inadequate households meters
	9. Lack of boreholes in some schools and CHPS compounds
	10. Lack of drains in some major communities.
Human Development,	1. Inadequate jobs
Productivity and	2. Inadequate teaching and learning materials
Employment	3. Inadequate furniture for schools
	4. Inadequate classrooms
	5. Inadequate teachers bungalows
	6. Inadequate nurses' quarters
	7. Inadequate health personnel and logistics
	8. Lack of skills for employment opportunity
	9. Inadequate health facilities
	10. Inadequate classrooms
	11. Limited coverage of school feeding programme
	12. Inadequate ICT centers in schools
	13. Incidence of non-communicable disease such as HIV/AIDS,
	Hypertension, diabetes, cancers etc.
Transparent, Responsive	1. Mal functioning of sub-structures
and Accountable	2. Poor participation of citizen in development process thus planning,
Governance	budgeting, implementation and monitoring
	3. Inadequate financial support for PLWD
	4. Inadequate logistics for DA
	5. Inadequate residential accommodation
	6. Inadequate office accommodation
	7. Poor generation and mobilization of Internal Generated Fund.
	8. Lack of police station in some communities
	9. Limited coverage of LEAP
	10. Limited coverage of MASLOC
	11. Inadequate logistics for security personnel
	12. Unwillingness of people to pay property rate due to Lack of
	education
	13. Availability of irresponsible parents in some communities
	14. Occurrences of Child neglect, child abuses and domestic violence
	15. Women are inactive in public activities
	*

## **CHAPTER TWO**

#### **DEVELOPMENT ISSUES FOR 2018-2021**

#### **2.1 Introduction**

This chapter discusses development issues that will have impact in the district for the next four years (2018-2021). These issues, which are district specific will be harmonized with issues from the LTNDPF 2018-2057. The issues covers various sectors such as education, heath, Agriculture and LED.

## 2.2 Identification of Community Needs and Aspirations

Stakeholders' forum was conducted through community needs and aspirations so that development interventions will reflect the needs and aspirations of the people. Having finished the consultation processes, the listed needs and aspiration below came up;

- 1. Improve Road Network
- 2. Construction of classrooms
- 3. Extension of electricity to expanded areas
- 4. Mechanization of boreholes.
- 5. Disability funding.
- 6. Provision of Toilet facility.
- 7. Construction of boreholes
- 8. Street light maintenance
- 9. Construction of CHPS compound
- 10. Construction of Market facilities
- 11. Complete ongoing projects under education
- 12. Construction of Police post
- 13. Extension of School feeding programme
- 14. Expansion of LEAP
- 15. Provision of MASLOC
- 16. Provision of street bulbs
- 17. Provision of furniture (Dual desk)

- 18. Replacement of polytank.
- 19. Teachers' bungalow.
- 20. Rehabilitation of clinic/ laboratory.
- 21. Provision of land for one district one factory.
- 22. Construction of drainages.
- 23. Provision of additional transformer.
- 24. Extension of stand pipes.
- 25. Shelves for CHPS.
- 26. Construction of Arabic School.
- 27. Provision of household meters.
- 28. Institutional boreholes.
- 29. Maintenance of water facilities
- 30. Provision of meters to be facilitated by DCE.
- 31. Provision of computers/Laptop.
- 32. Rehabilitation of schools.
- 33. Computer lab.
- 34. Nurses' quarters
- 35. One District One dam preparation.
- 36. Youth employment.
- 37. Resettlement of Aglekame whole community.

# 2.3 Harmonization of community needs and aspirations with identified key development gaps/problems/issues.

The community needs and aspirations were harmonized with the development gaps identified during performance review and updating of district profile to get development issues with implication for 2018-2021. The results is shown in table 2.1 below.

# Table 2.1: Harmonization of community needs and aspirations with identified key

## development gaps/problems/issues

Community Needs and Aspirations	Identified key development gaps/ problems/issues (from Performance and Profile)	Score
Improve Road Network	Poor road network	
•	Lack of post-harvest management infrastructure	1
Construction of classrooms	Inadequate classrooms	2
Extension of electricity to expanded areas	Low access to electricity	2
Mechanization of boreholes.	Inadequate access to water	2
Disability funding.	Inadequate financial support for PLWD	2
Provision of Toilet facility.	Inadequate sanitation facilities	2
Construction of boreholes	Lack of boreholes in some schools and CHPS compounds	1
Street light maintenance	Damage of street lights	2
-	Lack of streets light in some communities	2
Construction of CHPS compound	Inadequate health facilities	2
	Incidence of non-communicable disease such as HIV/AIDS, Hypertension, diabetes, cancers etc	1
Construction of Market facilities	Lack of marketing infrastructures	
	Lack of ready market for farm produce	2
Complete ongoing projects under education	Inadequate classrooms	2
Construction of Police post	Lack of police station in some communities	2
	Inadequate logistics for security personnel	1
Extension of School feeding programme	Limited coverage of school feeding programme	2
Expansion of LEAP	Limited coverage of LEAP	2
Provision of MASLOC	Limited coverage of MASLOC	2
Provision of street bulbs	Damage of street lights	2
Provision of furniture (Dual desk)	Inadequate furniture for schools	2
	Inadequate teaching and learning materials	1
Replacement of polytank.	Inadequate access to water	2
Teachers' bungalow.	Inadequate teachers bungalows	2
	Inadequate health facilities	2

Rehabilitation of clinic/ laboratory.	Inadequate health personnel and logistics	1
Provision of land for one district one factory.	Low level of technology in agro –processing, artisans, dressmakers etc	1
	Lack of agro- processing infrastructure	2
Construction of drainages.	Lack of drains in some major communities.	2
Provision of additional transformer.	Inadequate transformer in some communities	2
Extension of stand pipes.	Inadequate access to water	2
Shelves for CHPS.		0
Construction of Arabic School.		0
Provision of household meters.	Inadequate households meters	2
Institutional boreholes.	Lack of boreholes in some schools and CHPS compounds	2
Maintenance of water facilities	Inadequate access to water	2
Provision of meters to be facilitated by DCE.	Low access to electricity	2
Provision of computers/Laptop.	Inadequate ICT centers in schools	2
Rehabilitation of schools.	Inadequate classrooms	2
Computer lab.	Inadequate ICT centers in schools	2
	Low access to telecommunication network	1
Nurses' quarters	Inadequate nurses' quarters	2
One District One dam preparation.	Lack of irrigation facilities	2
Youth employment.	Inadequate jobs	2
	Inadequate access to credit facilities	2
	Inadequate technical and managerial skills for business developers	2
	Lack of skills for employment opportunity	2
Resettlement of Aglekame whole community.		0
	Under development of tourist infrastructure	0
	Low agriculture productivity due to the use of outmoded farming method	0

	High cost of farm inputs and implement	0
	Low level of modern technology in farming	0
	High incidence of bush burning	0
	Illegal and indiscriminate cutting of trees	0
	Inadequate of agric extension service	0
	Mal functioning of sub-structures	0
	Poor participation of citizen in development process thus planning , budgeting , implementation and monitoring	0
	Inadequate logistics for DA	0
	Inadequate residential accommodation	0
	Inadequate office accommodation	0
	Poor generation and mobilization of Internal Generated Fund	0
	Unwillingness of people to pay property rate due to Lack of education	0
	Availability of irresponsible parents in some communities	0
	Occurrences of Child neglect, child abuses and domestic violence	0
	Women are inactive in public activities	0
TOTAL SCORE		84
AVERAGE SCORE		2.27

Source: DPCU, 2017

Key	Score
Strong relationship	2
Weak relationship	1
No relationship	0

An average score of 2.27 shows strong harmony between the community needs and aspiration and the issues identified from performance review and updating of district profile. This indicates that the gaps identified in the review of 2014-2017 DMTDP are still issues that will have implications for 2018-2021, therefore there should be programmes to address them.

These issues with implication for 2018-2021 were group under the thematic areas of GSGDA as shown in table 2.2 below

Thematic areas of GSGDA II	Key development issues under GSGDA II with implications for 2018-2021	
Enhancing	8. Inadequate access to credit facilities	
Competitiveness of	9. Inadequate technical and managerial skills for business developers	
Ghana's Private Sector	10. Low level of technology in agro –processing, artisans, dressmaker	
	etc	
	11. Under development of tourist infrastructure	
	12. Lack of marketing infrastructures	
	13. Poor road network	
	14. Low access to telecommunication network	
Accelerated Agricultural	11. Low agriculture productivity due to the use of outmoded farming	
Modernisation and	method	
Sustainable Natural	12. High cost of farm inputs and implement	
Resource Management	13. Lack of agro- processing infrastructure	
	14. Lack of post-harvest management infrastructure	
	15. Lack of ready market for farm produce	
	16. Low level of modern technology in farming	
	17. High incidence of bush burning	
	18. Illegal and indiscriminate cutting of trees	
	19. Lack of irrigation facilities	
	20. Inadequate of agric extension service	
Infrastructure and Human	11. Poor road network	
Settlements	12. Low access to electricity	
	13. Inadequate access to water	
	14. Inadequate sanitation facilities	
	15. Damage of street lights	
	16. Lack of streets light in some communities	
	17. Inadequate transformer in some communities	
	18. Inadequate households meters	
	19. Lack of boreholes in some schools and CHPS compounds	
	20. Lack of drains in some major communities.	
	21. Resettlement of Aglekame whole community	
Human Development,	14. Inadequate jobs	
Productivity and	15. Inadequate teaching and learning materials	
Employment	16. Inadequate furniture for schools	

 Table 2.2 Key development issues under GSGDA II with implications for 2018-2021

	17 Inadequate classrooms
	17. Inadequate classrooms
	18. Inadequate teachers bungalows
	19. Inadequate nurses' quarters
	20. Inadequate health personnel and logistics
	21. Lack of skills for employment opportunity
	22. Inadequate health facilities
	23. Inadequate classrooms
	24. Limited coverage of school feeding programme
	25. Inadequate ICT centers in schools
	26. Incidence of non-communicable disease such as HIV/AIDS,
	Hypertension, diabetes, cancers etc.
Transparent, Responsive	16. Mal functioning of sub-structures
and Accountable	17. Poor participation of citizen in development process thus planning,
Governance	budgeting, implementation and monitoring
	18. Inadequate financial support for PLWD
	19. Inadequate logistics for DA
	20. Inadequate residential accommodation
	21. Inadequate office accommodation
	22. Poor generation and mobilization of Internal Generated Fund.
	23. Lack of police station in some communities
	24. Limited coverage of LEAP
	25. Limited coverage of MASLOC
	26. Inadequate logistics for security personnel
	27. Unwillingness of people to pay property rate due to Lack of
	education
	28. Availability of irresponsible parents in some communities
	29. Occurrences of Child neglect, child abuses and domestic violence
	30. Women are inactive in public activities

# 2.4 Harmonization of key development issues under GSGDA II with implication for 2018-2021 with Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021.

In order to prepare a district plan in the context of the national development framework, harmonized issues with implication for 2018-2021 were harmonized with the issues from the Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021. This was to help the district move in the same development direction with the nation as a whole. Table 2.3 shows the results for the harmonization.

GSGDA II, 2014-2017		AGENDA FOR JOBS, 2018-2021	
THEMATIC AREAS	ISSUES	DEVELOPMENT DIMENSIONS	ISSUES
Transparent, Responsive and Accountable Governance	Poor generation and mobilization of Internal Generated Fund	Economic Development	Revenue underperformance due to leakages and loopholes, among other causes.
	Unwillingness of people to pay property rate due to Lack of education		Narrow tax base
Accelerated Agricultural Modernisation and Sustainable Natural Resource Management	<ol> <li>Inadequate ready market for agricultural produces</li> <li>Inadequate infrastructure at market centers</li> </ol>		Poor marketing systems
Enhancing Competitiveness of	Inadequate access to credit facilities		Inadequate access to affordable credit
Ghana's Private Sector	Inadequate technical and managerial skills for business developers	Social Development	Lack of entrepreneurial skills for self-employment
	Under development of tourist infrastructure	Economic Development	Poor tourism infrastructure and Service
Infrastructure and Human Settlements	1.Inadequate transformers in some communities 2.Inadequate households meters	Environment, Infrastructure and	Difficulty in the extension of grid electricity to remote rural and isolated communities
	<ol> <li>Inadequate electricity in institutions</li> <li>Damages of street lights in some communities</li> <li>Broken down of electric poles in some communities</li> </ol>	Human Settlements	Inadequate and obsolete electricity grid network
Accelerated Agricultural	Lack of irrigation facilities for farming	Economic	Erratic rainfall patterns
Modernisation and	Inadequate Agric Extension Agents (AEAs)	Development	Weak extension services delivery

# Table 2.3: Harmonisation of key development issues under GSGDA II with the Agenda for Jobs, 2018–2021

Sustainable Natural Resource Management	<ul><li>1.1.Low agriculture productivity due to the use of outmoded farming method</li><li>2.High cost of farm inputs and implement</li></ul>		Low application of technology especially among smallholder farmers leading to comparatively lower yields
	<ol> <li>High incidence of bush burning</li> <li>Illegal and indiscriminate cutting of trees</li> </ol>	Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlements	Illegal farming and harvesting of plantation timber
	Lack of agro- processing infrastructure	Economic Development	Inadequate agribusiness enterprise along the value chain
	Lack of post-harvest management infrastructure		Poor storage and transportation systems
Human Development, Productivity and Employment	1.Inadequate jobs 2.Lack of skills for employment opportunity	Social Development	Youth unemployment and underemployment among rural and urban youth
Human Development, Productivity and Employment	<ol> <li>Inadequate residential accommodation for teachers</li> <li>Inadequate classrooms for schools</li> <li>Inadequate furniture for schools</li> <li>Inadequate ICT centers in schools</li> <li>Lack of Arabic school</li> <li>Some classrooms are dilapidated and need rehabilitations</li> </ol>	Social Development	Poor quality of education at all levels
	Limited coverage of the school feeding programme		Limited coverage of social protection programmes targeting children
	2.Inadequate supply of Teaching and Learning Materials (TLMs)		Poor linkage between management processes and schools' operations
	<ol> <li>Inadequate health facilities</li> <li>Inadequate nurses quarters</li> <li>Dilapidated nature of Sabiye clinic</li> <li>Inadequate building structures for CHPS compounds</li> <li>Lack of shelve for Bofie CHPS compound</li> </ol>		Gaps in physical access to quality health care

	1. High rate of malaria cases	Social Development	Poor quality of healthcare services
	2. Inadequate health personnel and logistics		
	Stigmatization associated with mental health cases		Unmet needs for mental health services
	Occurrences of HIV/AIDS cases	-	High incidence of HIV and AIDS among young persons
	High rate of teenage pregnancy		Growing incidence of child marriage, teenage pregnancy and accompanying school drop-out rates
Transparent, Responsive and Accountable	Availability of irresponsible parents in some communities		Weak capacity of caregivers
Governance	Occurrences of Child neglect, child abuses and domestic violence		High incidence of children's rights violation
	Women are inactive in public activities		Unfavourable socio-cultural environment for gender equality
	Limited coverage of LEAP		Inadequate and limited coverage of social protection programmes for vulnerable groups
Infrastructure and Human Settlements	<ol> <li>Inadequate water facilities in the district</li> <li>Lack of boreholes in some schools and CHPS compounds</li> </ol>	Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlements	Increasing demand for household water supply
	1. Inadequate sanitation facilities		Poor sanitation and waste management
Transparent, Responsive and Accountable Governance	1. Inadequate financial support for PLWD	Social Development	Poor living conditions of PWDs
Infrastructure and Human Settlements	Low access to electricity	Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlements	Difficulty in the extension of grid electricity to remote rural and isolated communities

Infrastructure and Human Settlements	Poor road network		Poor quality and inadequate road transport network
	Need for Resettling Aglekamen community		Scattered and unplanned human settlements
Transparent, Responsive and Accountable Governance	Limited coverage of MASLOC	Social Development	Gender disparities in access to economic opportunities
Infrastructure and Human Settlements	Lack of drains in some major communities	Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlements	Poor drainage system
Enhancing Competitiveness of Ghana's Private Sector	Low access to telecommunication network		Low broadband wireless access
Transparent, Responsive and Accountable Governance	<ol> <li>Inadequate logistics for security personnel</li> <li>Lack of police station in some communities</li> </ol>	Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability	Inadequate and poor quality equipment and infrastructure
	<ol> <li>Inadequate logistics for DA</li> <li>Inadequate accommodation for senior and junior staff of the DA</li> <li>Inadequate office accommodation</li> </ol>	Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability	Weak implementation of administrative decentralization
	Mal functioning of sub-structures		Ineffective sub-district structures
	Poor participation of citizen in development process thus planning , budgeting , implementation and monitoring		Weak involvement and participation of citizenry in planning and budgeting
	Inadequate logistics for monitoring and evaluation exercises		Ineffective monitoring and evaluation of implementation of development policies and plans

Table 2.3 above shows harmony between issues from Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021 and harmonized issues under GSGDA II. Therefore the issues under Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021 were adopted for policy interventions. These adopted issues were group under the various development dimensions of Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021 as shown in table 2.4 below;

DMTDP DIMENSIONS	ADOPTED ISSUES
2018-2021	
Economic Development	1. Revenue underperformance due to leakages and loopholes,
	among other causes.
	2. Narrow tax base
	3. Poor marketing systems
	4. Inadequate access to affordable credit
	5. Poor tourism infrastructure and Service
	6. Erratic rainfall patterns
	7. Weak extension services delivery
	8. Inadequate agribusiness enterprise along the value chain
	9. Poor storage and transportation systems
Social Development	1. Lack of entrepreneurial skills for self-employment
	2. Youth unemployment and underemployment among rural and urban youth
	3. Poor quality of education at all levels
	<ol> <li>Limited coverage of social protection programmes targeting children</li> </ol>
	5. Poor linkage between management processes and schools'
	operations
	6. Gaps in physical access to quality health care
	7. Poor quality of healthcare services
	8. Unmet needs for mental health services
	9. High incidence of HIV and AIDS among young persons
	<ol> <li>Growing incidence of child marriage, teenage pregnancy and accompanying school drop-out rates</li> </ol>
	11. Weak capacity of caregivers
	12. High incidence of children's rights violation
	13. Unfavourable socio-cultural environment for gender equality
	14. Poor living conditions of PWDs
	15. Inadequate and limited coverage of social protection
	programmes for vulnerable groups
	16. Gender disparities in access to economic opportunities
Environment,	1. Inadequate and obsolete electricity grid network
	2. Illegal farming and harvesting of plantation timber
Infrastructure and Human	3. Increasing demand for household water supply
Settlement	4. Poor sanitation and waste management

 Table 2.4 Adopted Development Dimensions and Issues of SMTDP of the District

	5. Difficulty in the extension of grid electricity to remote rural and
	isolated communities
	6. Poor quality and inadequate road transport network
	7. Scattered and unplanned human settlements
	8. Poor drainage system
	9. Low broadband wireless access
Governance, Corruption	1. Inadequate and poor quality equipment and infrastructure
and Public Accountability	2. Weak implementation of administrative decentralization
and I done Recountability	3. Ineffective sub-district structures
	4. Weak involvement and participation of citizenry in planning and budgeting
	<ol> <li>Ineffective monitoring and evaluation of implementation of development policies and plans</li> </ol>

## 2.5 Prioritization of Development Issues

The issues adopted from Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021 were prioritized by DPCU to know which of them needs urgent attention, considering available limited resources. Some tools like POCC analysis was used during the process of prioritization. The result is shown below,

## 2.5.1 POCC Analysis

The harmonized issues under the various thematic areas were further subjected to POCC analysis. This is imperative in order to determine the potentials and opportunities which can help in solving the problems identified and how to use these potentials and opportunities to neutralize the constraints and challenges. The output from the POCC analysis will help in the prioritization of issues. The outputs are presented below;

## Table 2.5 POCC analysis

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Revenue underperformance due to leakages and loopholes, among others	<ol> <li>Presence of revenue staff</li> <li>Availability of one motor bike for revenue mobilization</li> <li>Avaliability of business and other revenue generating activities</li> </ol>	1. Support of revenue collection by law	<ol> <li>Inadequate means of transport</li> <li>Poor road network</li> <li>Inadequate revenue sensitization</li> </ol>	1. Inadequate support from central government
Conclusion: Taskforce sho	ould be formed and trai	ned to monitor rev	venue collection	

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Narrow tax base	<ol> <li>Existence of socio- economic activities</li> <li>Existence of trained revenue collectors</li> <li>Availability of data base on socio-economic activities</li> <li>Availability of logistics to mobilize revenue</li> </ol>	Cross border trading with neighboring District like Wenchi, Berekum, Sampa and Sunyani	<ol> <li>Low level of awareness on the need to pay taxes</li> <li>High illiteracy rate in the District</li> <li>Dispersed nature of settlements in the District</li> <li>Pilfering of monies by revenue collectors</li> <li>High rate of poverty</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inadequate logistics for efficient monitoring and collection of revenue e. G vehicles, etc.</li> </ol>
	by for logistics to mobiliz d educate revenue collector			-

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Poor marketing systems	<ol> <li>The district capital has a market which takes place on every Tuesday</li> <li>There is a market center at Bongase and Fawoman</li> <li>Availability of space to develop markets</li> <li>Availability of commodities that can be sold at the markets</li> <li>Availability of individual sellers</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>1.Existence of Trade and Industries</li> <li>2. Availability of inter and intra district trade</li> <li>3. Large consumer base</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Lack of market centers in most communities</li> <li>Inadequate market infrastructure at the vailable market centers</li> <li>Inadequate funds</li> </ol>	Limited support from central government
Conclusion: Market of mobilization.	centers should be established	with enough infra	structure to boost loca	lly trading and revenue

be addressed	(from Dogoling situation	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
	(from Baseline situation etc)			
Inadequate access to affordable credit	<ol> <li>Availability of groups that can secure loans</li> <li>Existence of financial facilities</li> <li>Economic activities that ensures the ability to pay back loans</li> <li>Existence of Business Advisory Centre (BAC)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Availability of land space for the construction of credit facilities</li> <li>Availability of labour</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inadequate information about loan application process.</li> <li>Lack of collateral security</li> <li>Lack of data on business</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inadequate credit facilities</li> <li>High interest on credit</li> <li>Inadequate funds/support for loans</li> </ol>
	redit facilities should take th		establishments 4. Lack of banking habits	

giving out loans to clients

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Lack of entrepreneurial skills for self-employment	situation etc) 1. Availability of youth to embark on training 2. Presence of Business Advisory Centre 3. Graduate apprentices	<ol> <li>Availability of technical/managerial training facilities in the country or world.</li> <li>Availability of land space for constructing training facilities</li> <li>Support from MPs FUND, DACF, GETFUND, NGO's</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inadequate skilled labour for business developers</li> <li>Weak/poor educational background</li> <li>Lack of technical/ managerial training facilities in the District</li> <li>Inadequate finance to embark on training</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Unattractive nature of the program</li> <li>Inadequate information about technical/managerial training facilities</li> <li>Untimely release of DACF, GETFUND</li> <li>Irregular release of support / unavailability of support from the donor partners</li> </ol>

11	U	•	6
pursue them should be	made known to the	public especiall	y potential students.

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Poor tourism infrastructure and Service	<ol> <li>Existence of Bui National Park</li> <li>Existence of Black Volta</li> <li>Existence of Forest Reserves</li> <li>Existence of development planning sub-committee</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Existence of Ghana Tourist Board</li> <li>Availability of tourist for visitation</li> <li>Existence of Ministry of tourism</li> <li>Existence of game and wildlife division</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Land litigation</li> <li>Inaccessibility of roads</li> <li>High demand of compensation by land owners</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>No accurate information on tourist sites.</li> <li>Lack of tourist developers to make these sites attractive</li> </ol>

	5. Existence of Bui Dam			
	6. Existence of wide stretch			
Conclusion: develop promote the mineral	b brochures and flyers on to and tourist sites	urist and mineral sites,	and liaise with the N	Ministry of Tourism to

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Difficulty in the extension of grid electricity to remote rural and isolated communities	<ol> <li>Availability of NEDCo</li> <li>Availability of Bui Dam</li> <li>Existence of District Assembly</li> </ol>	Existence of VRA and ECG	Existence of illegal electric connection Limited knowledge on energy conservation High level of poverty to access energy services	Inadequate supply of electric poles and meters for VRA, ECG and NEDCo
	strict Assembly should liaise Dam project to supplement en			o citizens and also tap

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Inadequate and obsolete electricity grid network	<ol> <li>Availability of teak trees</li> <li>Availability of labour</li> <li>MP's common fund</li> <li>Presence of the works department</li> <li>Presence of Bui dam</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Presence of shep in the District</li> <li>Availability of ECG/VRA and NEDCo institutions in neighbouring Districts (Wenchi, Sunyani etc )</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Dispersed nature of settlements</li> <li>Prevalence of bush fire</li> <li>Inability to pay counterpart fund.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Delay in the release of funds</li> <li>Poor supervision and monitoring</li> <li>Inadequate power supply nation wide</li> </ol>

Conclusion: lobby for electricity and educate communities on counterpart funding

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges		
Poor quality and inadequate road transport network		<ol> <li>Availability of construction firms</li> <li>Existence of quarry site at Wenchi</li> <li>Governmental programmes in support of feeder roads.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Numerous rivers and streams</li> <li>Rocky outcrops in some of the roads.</li> <li>Dispersed nature of settlements</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Delay in releasing funds from central government</li> <li>Shoddy work resulting from poor supervision</li> </ol>		
Conclusion: There generation capacity	Conclusion: There is the need for co-ordination, effective supervision, lobbying and improve resource					

Adopted Iss be address		Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
systems	ainage	<ol> <li>Existence of works department</li> <li>Communal spirit</li> <li>Availability of construction materials</li> <li>Availability of common fund</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Existence of regional engineer and supervision team</li> <li>Support from donors</li> <li>Availability of consultants and contractors.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Unwillingness of communities to contribute to pay levy</li> <li>Lack of education on drainage system.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inadequate funds from the government</li> <li>High incidence of rainfall</li> </ol>
Conclusion: I	Educate	e communities on environr	nental protection and 1	nechanism to check	erosion

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Poor sanitation and waste management	<ol> <li>Availability of environmental health officers.</li> <li>Existence of some toilet facilities.</li> <li>Availability of one waste management vehicle in the District (tractor)</li> <li>Availability of solid and liquid waste dumping sites.</li> <li>Availability of DWST</li> <li>Existence of sanitary site user fees</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Availability of septic emptier</li> <li>Logistics and other supports from the government.</li> <li>Award for best cleanest District.</li> <li>Availability of waste management contractors in the country</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Poor attitude of community members on disposal of solid and liquid waste</li> <li>Inadequate logistics to convey waste products in the District</li> <li>Inadequate environmental health staff</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inadequate and irregular flow of funds for solid and liquid waste management.</li> <li>Lack of support from NGO on sanitation.</li> <li>Lack of appropriate refuse dump sites</li> </ol>

conclusion, the need to dequire fund for feruse disposal,
the capacity of environmental health staff
the capacity of chynolinental nearth start

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Inadequate agribusiness enterprise along the value chain	<ol> <li>Availability of raw materials (like cashew, maize etc)</li> <li>Availability of land</li> <li>Existence of MOFA</li> <li>Availability of labour</li> <li>Existence of small scale industries</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Availability of NGOs (like Action Aid/ SODIA, FCDP, etc) and CBRDP</li> <li>Presence of ITTU at Techiman /Sunyani</li> <li>Government micro finance scheme</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>High postharvest loses</li> <li>Low level of farmer's income</li> <li>Lack of skilled labour</li> <li>Inability to provide collateral security.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Difficulty in accessing funds</li> <li>Poor supervision and monitoring of projects.</li> </ol>

<ul><li>6. Availability of construction materials</li><li>7. Existence of works department</li></ul>	<ul><li>4. Existence of financial institutions</li><li>5. Existence of agric mechanization at Sunyani.</li></ul>	5. High compensation for land owners.		
Conclusion: improve on storage facilities for agro-processors, link prospective agro-processors to credit facility, and train agro-processors on production, packaging, storage and marketing of productivity				

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Illegal farming and	1. Existence of bye-	1. Existence of	1. Presence of	1. Timber companies
harvesting of	laws against the felling	national law against	illegal chain saw	operating within the
plantation timber Forest fires	of trees.	tree felling.	operators	country.
	2. Existence of security	2. Forestry	2. High	
	personnel to enforce	commission at the	unemployment	
	laws	regional level	rate	
	3. Existence of		3. High illiteracy	
	volunteers		level	
	4. Existence of		4. Absence of	
	traditional rulers to		forestry	
	enforce the laws.		department in	
			the District	
			5. Willingness of	
			timber	
			companies to	
			give concession	
			to chiefs	
Conclusion: monito	r the activities of chain	saw operators, educat	e communities and	enforce bye-laws on
	g of trees, and provide alte	-		-

Adopted Issue to	Potentials	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
be addressed	(from Baseline situation etc)			
Poor quality of education at all levels	<ol> <li>Availability of land</li> <li>High communal spirit in communities</li> <li>Support from District assembly</li> <li>Availability of building materials e.g. Wood, sand, stone etc.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Existence of building contractors.</li> <li>Existence of development partners e.g. NGO's.</li> <li>Support from the government</li> <li>Availability of works dept.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inadequate funds for school infrastructure provision</li> <li>Non- functional SMC's/PTA's.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inadequate flow of funds.</li> <li>Contracts awarded to unqualified contractors.</li> <li>Misunderstanding among stake holders on execution of school infrastructure.</li> </ol>
Conclusion: There is	s the need to provide school	ol infrastructure and tea	achers accommodat	ion

Adopted Issue to	Potentials	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
be addressed	(from Baseline			
	situation etc)			
Poor quality of	1. Mobilization of	1. Availability of	1. Inadequate	1. Inadequate funds
healthcare services	volunteers to be	health training	accommodation	to sponsor health
	trained.	institutions in the	for health	personnel
	2.sponsorship package	region	personnel.	2. Inadequate
	for students willing to	2. Linkage of	2. Inadequate	transport facilities
	enter health institutions	ministry of youth	social amenities	for the health sector.
	3. Existence of health	and employment to	in the District	3. No inclusion of
	facilities	train the youth	3. Presence of	the District as
		interested in health	black flies deters	deprived for national
		issues	health personnel	awards
		3. Incentive and	from coming to	
		motivation	the District.	
		packages from the	4.poor surface	
		national e.g. Car	condition of	
		loan	roads in the	
		4. Scholarship	District	
		facility for health	5. Inadequate	
		personnel	means of	

		5. Regular posting of personnel from the national level.	transport for health personnel in the District.		
Conclusion: There is the need to set up sponsorship packages for indigents, and provide basic services and accommodation to attract health personnel					

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials (from Baseline situation etc)	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
Increasing demand for household water supply	<ol> <li>Existence of boreholes, wells and pipe borne water</li> <li>High water table</li> <li>Existence of trained WATSAN committee</li> <li>Existence of District assembly common fund (counterpart fund)</li> <li>Availability of trained area mechanics</li> <li>Willingness of the people to contribute</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Presence of CBRDP</li> <li>Availability of drilling companies</li> <li>Willingness of NGO's to support the provision of portable water</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Difficult for communities to contribute 5% counterpart</li> <li>Poor management of water facilities</li> <li>Power struggle among WATSAN committee members</li> <li>Poor maintenance culture of water facilities</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Delays in the release of DACF to District</li> <li>High cost of provision of water facilities by drilling companies</li> <li>Shoddy work resulting from poor supervision</li> </ol>

Adopted Issue to be addressed	Potentials	Opportunities	Constraints	Challenges
be addressed	(from Baseline situation etc)			
Weak implementation of administrative decentralization	<ol> <li>Availability of vast land</li> <li>Availability of labour</li> </ol>	1. Expertise required for the construction	1. Inadequate funds	1. Lack of government commitment

3. Nearness to	2. Sup	port from	2. Lack of key	2. Inadequate flow
construction	material govern	nment	institution or	of funds
4. Support fro	m		department.	
District ass	embly			
	-			
Conclusion: funds should be allocated towards the construction of office accommodation				

\*all the issues were assessed through POOC analysis as shown above.

## 2.5.2 Impact Analysis

The development issues were assessed through POCC analysis to know their strengths and weaknesses in implementation.

The strength of the issues were also tested against the following criteria;

- Significant linkage effect on meeting basic human needs/rights e.g. immunisation of children and quality basic schooling linked to productive citizens in future, reduction of gender discrimination linked to sustainable development;
- Significant multiplier effect on economic efficiency, e.g. attraction of investors, job creation, increases in incomes and growth.
- Impact on:
- a) The different population groups (e.g. girls, aged, disabled);
- b) Balanced development;
- c) Natural resource utilisation;
- d) Cultural acceptability;
- e) Resilience and disaster risk reduction;
- f) Climate change mitigation and adaptation;
- Opportunities for the promotion of cross-cutting issues

## 2.5.3 List of prioritized adopted Issues

Having done all these analysis, DPCU presented the following List as the prioritized adopted issues of the district;

- 1. Poor quality and inadequate road transport network
- 2. Youth unemployment and underemployment among rural and urban youth
- 3. Poor quality of education at all levels
- 4. Gaps in physical access to quality health care

- 5. Low application of technology especially among smallholder farmers leading to comparatively lower yields
- 6. Increasing demand for household water supply
- 7. Inadequate access to affordable credit
- 8. Ineffective monitoring and evaluation of implementation of development policies and plans
- 9. Poor sanitation and waste management
- 10. Poor quality of healthcare services
- 11. Difficulty in the extension of grid electricity to remote rural and isolated communities
- 12. Limited coverage of social protection programmes targeting children
- 13. Growing incidence of child marriage, teenage pregnancy and accompanying school dropout rates
- 14. Weak capacity of caregivers
- 15. High incidence of children's rights violation
- 16. Inadequate and limited coverage of social protection programmes for vulnerable groups
- 17. High incidence of HIV and AIDS among young persons
- 18. Revenue underperformance due to leakages and loopholes, among others
- 19. Narrow tax base
- 20. Poor marketing systems
- 21. Erratic rainfall patterns
- 22. Poor linkage between management processes and schools' operations
- 23. Lack of entrepreneurial skills for self-employment
- 24. Illegal farming and harvesting of plantation timber Forest fires
- 25. Inadequate and obsolete electricity grid network
- 26. Inadequate agribusiness enterprise along the value chain
- 27. Scattered and unplanned human settlements
- 28. Gender disparities in access to economic opportunities
- 29. Poor drainage system
- 30. Weak implementation of administrative decentralization
- 31. Poor tourism infrastructure and Service
- 32. Poor storage and transportation systems
- 33. Low productivity and poor handling of livestock/ poultry products

- 34. Unmet needs for mental health services
- 35. Low broadband wireless access
- 36. Weak involvement and participation of citizenry in planning and budgeting
- 37. Inadequate and poor quality equipment and infrastructure
- 38. Weak extension services delivery
- 39. Poor living conditions of PWDs
- 40. Unfavourable socio-cultural environment for gender equality
- 41. Ineffective sub-district structures

## 2.5.3 Sustainability analysis of the issues (internal consistency/compatibility)

In an effort to ascertain the sustainability of the District Medium Term Plan, 2018-2021, all the prioritised issues with positive significant impacts were subjected to strategic environmental analysis. Samples of the outcome are shown below;

# Table 2.6: Compatibility Analysis

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	Activity	Poor quality and inadequate road transport network	Youth unemployment and underemployment among rural and urban youth	Poor quality of education at all levels	Gaps in physical access to quality health care	Low application of technology especially among smallholder farmers leading to comparatively lower yields	Increasing demand for household water supply	Inadequate access to affordable credit	Ineffective monitoring and evaluation
1	Poor quality and inadequate road transport network		+	+	+	+	+	0	+
2	Youth unemployment and underemployment among rural and urban youth			+	+	+	0	+	+
3	Poor quality of education at all levels				+	+	+	+	+
4	Gaps in physical access to quality health care					+	+	0	+
5	Low application of technology especially among smallholder farmers leading to comparatively lower yields						0	+	+
6	Increasing demand for household water supply							0	+
7	Inadequate access to affordable credit								+
8	Ineffective monitoring and evaluation								

Source: DPCU, 2017

\*all the issues were analyzed using the matrix above

Policy No. (Column)	Policy No. (Row)	Reasons for Incompatibility or Neutrality
6	2	Solving unemployment have no bearing on households demand for water since the imports of the two issues are parallel
6	5	The issues have neutral effect on each other because the quest to increase household demand for water has no influence on improving technological levels of the people
7	1	Addressing the Issue of poor road transport has no effect on people's chance to access affordable credit. However, it is neutral since both issues have no negative implication on each other
7	4	The health needs of the people cannot affect their chance to access credit
7	6	The two issues have neutral effects on each other because households' demand for water have no bearing on their access to credit facilities

**Table 2.7: Compatibility Matrix Record Sheet** 

Source: DPCU, 2017

## **2.5.4 Sustainable Prioritized Issues**

After the compatibility analysis and the sustainability analysis of the adopted issues, the DPCU came out with sustainable prioritized issues as shown in table 2.8 below;

Table 2.8: Sustainable	prioritized issues	as categorized	under themes and	goals.
Tuble 2.0. Dustainable	prioritized issues	us cutegorizeu	unaci uncinco ana	Sourse

DEVELOPET DIMENSION	FOCUS AREAS OF MTDP 2018-2021	ADOPTED SUSTAINABLE PRIORITISED ISSUES		
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE (ROAD, RAIL, WATER AND AIR)	Poor quality and inadequate road transport network		
Social Development	YOUTH DEVELOPMENT	Youth unemployment and underemployment among rural and urban youth		
Social Development	EDUCATION AND TRAINING	Poor quality of education at all levels		
Social Development	HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES	Gaps in physical access to quality health care		
Economic Development	AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT	Low application of technology especially among smallholder farmers leading to comparatively lower yields		
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	WATER AND ENVIRONMENTAL SANITATION	Increasing demand for household water supply		
Economic Development	PRIVATE SECTOR DEVELOPMENT	Inadequate access to affordable credit		

Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability	PUBLIC POLICY MANAGEMENT	Ineffective M&E of implementation of development policies and plans
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	WATER AND ENVIRONMENTAL SANITATION	Poor sanitation and waste management
Social Development	HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES	Poor quality of healthcare services
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	ENERGY AND PETROLEUM	Difficulty in the extension of grid electricity to remote rural and isolated communities
Social Development	CHILD AND FAMILY WELFARE	Limited coverage of social protection programmes targeting children
Social Development	POPULATION MANAGEMENT	Growing incidence of child marriage, teenage pregnancy and accompanying school drop- out rates
Social Development	CHILD AND FAMILY WELFARE	Weak capacity of caregivers
Social Development	CHILD AND FAMILY WELFARE	High incidence of children's rights violation
Social Development	SOCIAL PROTECTION	Inadequate and limited coverage of social protection programmes for vulnerable groups
Social Development	HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES	High incidence of HIV and AIDS among young persons
Economic Development	STRONG AND RESILIENT ECONOMY	Revenue underperformance due to leakages and loopholes, among other causes
Economic Development	STRONG AND RESILIENT ECONOMY	Narrow tax base
Economic Development	AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT	Poor marketing systems
Economic Development	AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT	Erratic rainfall patterns
Social Development	EDUCATION AND TRAINING	Poor linkage between management processes and schools' operations
Social Development	EMPLOYMENT AND DECENT WORK	Lack of entrepreneurial skills for self- employment
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	PROTECTED AREAS	Illegal farming and harvesting of plantation timber Forest fires
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	ENERGY AND PETROLEUM	Inadequate and obsolete electricity grid network

Economic Development	AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT	Inadequate agribusiness enterprise along the value chain
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	HUMAN SETTLEMENTS AND HOUSING	Scattered and unplanned human settlements
Social Development	GENDER EQUALITY	Gender disparities in access to economic opportunities
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	DRAINAGE AND FLOOD CONTROL	Poor drainage system
Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND DECENTRALISATION	Weak implementation of administrative decentralization
Economic Development	TOURISM AND CREATIVE ARTS DEVELOPMENT	Poor tourism infrastructure and Service
Economic Development	AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT	Poor storage and transportation systems
Economic Development	AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT	Low productivity and poor handling of livestock/ poultry products
Social Development	HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES	Unmet need for mental health services
Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT)	Low broadband wireless access
Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND DECENTRALISATION	Weak involvement and participation of citizenry in planning and budgeting
Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability	HUMAN SECURITY AND PUBLIC SAFETY	Inadequate and poor quality equipment and infrastructure
Economic development	FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT	Weak extension services delivery
Social Development	DISABILITY AND DEVELOPMENT	Poor living conditions of PWDs
Social Development	GENDER EQUALITY	Unfavourable socio-cultural environment for gender equality
Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability Source: DPCU 2018	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND DECENTRALISATION	Ineffective sub-district structures

Source: DPCU, 2018

#### **CHAPTER THREE**

# DEVELOPMENT PROJECTIONS, ADOPTED GOALS, SUB-GOALS, OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

#### **3.1 INTRODUCTION**

This chapter outlines the adopted goals, objectives and strategies as well as some development projects in line with the guidelines of the National Development Planning Commission (NDPC) and the NMTDPF 2018-2021.

#### **3.2 DEVELOPMENT PROJECTIONS**

Development projection helps to determine the direction of the District from one period to other.

These projections give you the trend for informed decision making regarding the kind of interventions required by the District for 2018-2021.

Its focuses on five important aspects of the District's development, namely:

- i. Social Situation;
- ii. Economic Situation;
- iii. Spatial Organization;
- iv. Environment issues; and
- v. Administrative and institutional arrangements.

#### **3.2.1 The Social Situation**

The social programme of the District development plan seeks to increase access to social services and facilities especially the deficient areas of the District, and to enhance the capacity of the District Assembly to meet the social needs of the people.

These projections were considered population growth and social needs in terms of health, education, water and housing.

# Population Projection

• That the growth rate of the District of 2.6% remains constant over the planning period.

Once the above assumptions have been made, the manual computation method of projection was adopted for the projection as there were data and resource constraints in the District. This involved the use of the Exponential Formula as described below;

The Exponential formula is defined as

 $P_t = P_o e^{rt}$ 

Where  $P_0$ =current (base year) population;  $P_t$ =the future population; r= the population growth rate; t= the projection period in years and e=2.718282 is a constant.

Based on the above assumptions, the population of Tain District was projected as shown in Table 3.1

YEAR	TOTAL POPULATION	MALES	FEMALES
2017 (Base year)	24,330	12360	11970
2018	24,963	12681	12282
2019	25,619	13015	12605
2020	26,301	13361	12940
2021	27,006	13719	13287

 Table 3.1 Population Projection by Sex Distribution

Source: DPCU Population Projection, 2017

The population projection indicates that the population of Banda District will increase from current figure of 24,330 to 27,006 between 2017 and 2021 respectively.

AGE-COHORT	2017 (Base year)	2018	2019	2020	2021
0-14 YRS	10000	10260	10529	10810	11099
15-64 YRS	12846	13180	13527	13887	14259
65 YRS	1484	1523	1563	1604	1647
TOTAL	24330	24963	25619	26301	27006

Table 3.2 Compressed Age -Cohort of Population Projection for Band District

Source: DPCU Population Projection, 2017

# **3.2.2 Health Needs**

Health is one of the basic inputs to human development. As indicated by the demographic projection, the population of the District will grow significantly within the plan period. This situation calls for an assessment of the demand for the health services and facilities.

To decentralize health delivery in the country, the Primary Health Care (PHC) Delivery System was introduced. This system lays emphasis on preventive, curative and rehabilitative measures as they are needed. The system is operationalized at three levels, by which health services are made available to the people, namely: levels A, B and C. Table 3.3 indicates the required population threshold to make each level functional.

HEALTH FACILITY	POPULATION THRESHOLD
LEVEL A- Health Post- Rural Clinic	200-5,000
Level B- Health Centre	5,000-10,000
Level C- District poly clinic	10,00-70,000

 Table 3.3 Projections of Population Threshold for Health Facilities

Source: DPCU Projections, 2017

Year	Distr	rict Polyclinic Health Centres CHPS Zone/Clinic/Heal Post			Health Centres		/Health					
	EX	RQ	BL	AN	EX	RQ	BL	AN	EX	RQ	BL	AN
2018	-	1	-	-	2	3	1	-	7	7	-	-
2019	-	1	-	-	2	3	1	-	7	8	1	-
2020	-	1	-	-	2	3	1	-	7	9	2	-
2021	-	1	-	-	2	4	2	-	7	10	3	-

 Table 3.4 Estimated Health Needs of the District (2018 – 2021)

Source: DPCU Projections, 2017

Note: EX – Existing Health Facilities, RQ – Health Facilities Required, BL – Backlog, AN – Accumulated Need

Analysis from the estimated health needs revealed that by the end of 2021, 1 District Polyclinic, 2 additional health centers and 3 clinic/health post/CHPS Zones would be needed.

This implies that there is the need for the District to invest in the construction of health facilities to ensure quality health care. There is the need for human resource to be in charge of the hospitals. Statistically, 2 doctor, 12 general nurses, 10 medical assistants and 30 community health nurses will be needed to adequately be in charge of the various health facilities in the District and thereby ensure quality health care for all.

#### **3.2.3 Potable Water Needs**

The Community Water and Sanitation Agency (CWSA) public water supply standard of 300 people to 1 borehole, the District's water requirements are indicated below.

YEAR	PROJECTED	WATER NEEDS	Existing	Backlog	AN
	POPULATION	(BOREHOLES)			
2018	24963	83	59	24	24
2019	25619	86	59	27	27
2020	26301	88	59	29	29
2021	27006	90	59	31	31

**Table 3.5 Estimated Potable Water Needs Of the District** 

Source: DPCU Projection, 2017

It is realized from the Table that by the year 2021, 90 potable water points will be required to service the increasing population. This implies that large investments should be channeled to the provision of water for the estimated population.

# 3.2.4 Projection for Educational Needs

a) Population for Pre-school, Primary, JHS: 2018-2021

On the basis of the standard age for Nursery, Primary and JHS education which is 0-4 years, 5-12 years, 12-15 years respectively, the expected school population was estimated for the plan period 2010-2013. The information is provided in Table 3.6

YEAR	TOTAL POPULATION	NURSERY	PRIMARY	JHS	SHS
2018	24963	2,172	3,804	1,398	649
2019	25619	2,229	3,904	1,435	666
2020	26301	2,288	4,008	1,473	684
2021	27006	2,350	4,116	1,512	702

Table 3.6 Estimated Total District population and Population in Basic Education

Source: DPCU Projection, 2017

It is revealed that, by the year 2021, a total of 2,350 out of the total population of 27006 would be eligible for Nursery; 4,116 for Primary; 1,512 for Junior High School and 702 for SHS.

# b) Demand for schools

By the national standard of 2000 population threshold of an area for a Nursery and Primary, 2500 population threshold for JHS and 25,000 population for SHS/Technical/Vocational education, the existing number of nursery (22), primary (23), JHS (14), and SHS (1) schools can adequately support the total estimated enrolment in the Nursery, Primary and JHs up to the end of 2017.

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YEAR	POPULATION	NURSERY	PRIMARY	JHS	SHS
2018	24963	35	29	24	1
2019	25619	37	30	25	1
2020	26301	40	31	27	2
2021	27006	45	34	30	2

 Table 3.7 Number of Schools Required in the District: 2018-2021

Source: DPCU Projection, 2017

# **3.2.5 Agricultural Projection**

The expected levels of production and yield in the agricultural sector of major crops in the District were considered for the projected period. The projections were calculated based on the expected population growth and the current production levels as well the potential yields of the respective crops.

The following important assumptions were made in support of the projections:

- I. There will be favourable climatic conditions and rainfall will be well distributed in the preceding years;
- II. There will be improvement and expansion of the small scale irrigation scheme in the District for arable and animal farming;

 Table 3.8 Projected Production Levels for Five Major Crops (in Metric Tonnes) for the District

CROP	YEAR 208-2021					
	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Maize	90,000	95,000	100,000	110,000		
Cassava	120,000	130,500	140,000	150,500		
Yam	170,000	190,000	200,000	220,000		
Plantain	12,000	13,000	14,000	16,000		
Cocoyam	4000	5000	6000	7000		

Source: DPCU Projection, 2017

# **3.2.6 Environmental Issues**

The survival of the people as well as the local economy, to a large extent, depends on both the natural and built environment. It is therefore prudent to take steps that promote environmental soundness through curtailing activities or practices that cause the degradation of the environment.

To this end, the plan proposal should take into consideration:

- Better and more efficient waste management, especially in the urban towns;
- Prevention of prevalent bush fires;
- Re-afforestation to serves as wind breakers;
- Maintenance of existing social facilities;
- Improved farming practices.

# **3.2.7 Administrative and Institutional Aspects**

The successful implementation of the development plan depends on sound administrative and institutional structures that have been put in place by the District Assembly. In this direction, it is essential to create an enabling environment in which all sections of the society can contribute meaningfully to a sustained and accelerated rate of social and economic development over the plan period.

Given the present administrative and institutional structure of the Assembly, the development framework calls for:

- Creation of conducive atmosphere to ensure full participation of the local community in development and to attract private investment in the local economy;
- Coordination of all development activities in the District especially the non-governmental organizations (NGOs) for equitable resource allocation; and
- Capacity building by the District Assembly through adequate staffing and commanding sufficient resources to perform its functions efficiently.

# **3.2.8 Demand for Police Personnel**

According to the standard, the ratio of police to population ratio should be 1:500. Base on this, current and future needs of police are determined throughout the planning period. The Table 3.9 shows the police-population ration in the District.

YEAR	POPULATION	REQUIRED	EXISTING	BACKLOG
2018	24963	50	12	39
2019	25619	51	12	39
2020	26301	53	12	41
2021	27006	54	12	42

**Table 3.9 Demand for Police in the District** 

Source: DPCU Projection, 2017

# 3.3 Adoption of District Development Goals, Objectives and Strategies

The preparation of 2018-2021 DMTDP was guided by Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021 has five major development dimensions. These are;

- 1. Economic Development
- 2. Social Development
- 3. Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement
- 4. Governance, Corruption and Accountability
- 5. Ghana's role in international affairs

Per the guidelines for the preparation of the DMTDP, sub-goals, focus areas, objectives and strategies under these five development dimensions which relate to district specific issues should be adopted and address to bring holistic development in the district. Also, that will enable the district to plan in line with the national development direction. However, the first four development dimensions were adopted by the district since the district did not have any development issue relating to the fifth one.

Table 3.10 shows the goals, objectives and strategies of the district adopted from the Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021.

Table 3.10: Adopted goals, ob	jectives and strategies from	Agenda for Jobs. 2018-2021
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DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOPMENT	ADOPTED	POLICY	STRATEGIES
DIMENSION	ISSUES	SUITABLE GOAL	OBJECTIVES	
ENVIRONMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS	Poor quality and inadequate road transport network	Safeguard the natural environment and ensure a resilient built environment	Improve efficiency and effectiveness of road transport infrastructure and services	<ol> <li>1 Expand and maintain the national road network</li> <li>2.Ensure capacity improvement by constructing missing links</li> </ol>
SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT	Youth unemployment and underemployment among rural and urban youth	Create opportunities for all	Promote effective participation of the youth in socioeconomic development	<ol> <li>Build the capacity of the youth to discover opportunities</li> <li>Support the youth to participate in modern agriculture</li> <li>Develop and implement additional initiatives for youth employment, including promotion of entrepreneurial skills</li> </ol>
SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT	Poor quality of education at all levels	Create opportunities for all	Enhance inclusive and equitable access to, and participation in quality education at all level	<ol> <li>Continue implementation of free SHS and TVET for all Ghanaian children</li> <li>Expand infrastructure and facilities at all levels</li> <li>Redefine basic education to include secondary education</li> </ol>

SOCIAL	Gaps in physical access to	Create opportunities	Ensure affordable,	1. Accelerate implementation of
DEVELOPMENT	quality health care	for all	equitable, easily	Community-based Health Planning and
			accessible and Universal	Services (CHPS) policy to ensure
			Health Coverage (UHC)	equity in access to quality health care
				2.Expand and equip health facilities
ECONOMIC	Low application of	Build a Prosperous	Improve production	1. Intensify and increase access to
DEVELOPMENT	technology especially among smallholder farmers	Society	efficiency and yield	agricultural mechanization along the value chain
	leading to comparatively			2.Reinvigorate extension services
	lower yields			3 Establish modalities and regulatory frameworks for production of seed/planting materials, and other agro inputs
SOCIAL	Increasing demand for	Create opportunities	Improve access to safe	1. Provide mechanized borehole and
DEVELOPMENT	household water supply	for all	and reliable water supply	small town water systems
			services for all	2.Improve water production and distribution systems
ECONOMIC	Inadequate access to	Build a Prosperous	Enhance Business Enabling	Establish electronic register for business
DEVELOPMENT	affordable credit	Society	Environment	regulations, legislations and processes
				which should lead to providing a complete
				repository of business laws and transparency
				for investments

GOVERNANCE,	Ineffective monitoring and	Maintain a stable,	Enhance capacity for	1. Strengthen the capacity of public
CORRUPTION AND	evaluation of	united and safe society	policy formulation and	institutions for undertaking policy
PUBLIC	implementation of		coordination	analysis, development planning,
ACCOUNTABILITY	development policies and			monitoring and evaluation, macro-
	plans			econometric modelling and forecasting
SOCIAL	Poor sanitation and waste	Create opportunities	Improve access to	1. Provide public education on solid
DEVELOPMENT	management	for all	improved and reliable	waste management
			environmental sanitation services	2. Review, gazette and enforce MMDAs' bye-laws on sanitation
				3. Develop and implement strategies to
				end open defecation
SOCIAL	Poor quality of healthcare	Create opportunities	Ensure affordable,	Strengthen the district and sub-district
DEVELOPMENT	services	for all	equitable, easily	health systems as the bed-rock of the
			accessible and Universal	national primary health care strategy
			Health Coverage (UHC)	
ENVIRONMENT,	Difficulty in the extension	Safeguard the natural	Ensure efficient	Revise self-help-electricity project and
INFRASTRUCTURE	of grid electricity to remote rural and isolated	environment and	transmission and	use means-testing approaches to enable
AND HUMAN	communities	ensure a resilient built	distribution system	the poor to connect to the national grid
SETTLEMENTS		environment		

SOCIAL	Limited coverage of social	Create	opportunities	1. Ensure effective child	1. Promote implementation of policies
DEVELOPMENT	protection programmes	for all		protection and family	that increase enrolment and retention in
	targeting children			welfare system	schools such as the School Feeding
					Programme and Capitation Grant
					2.Increase awareness on child
					protection
SOCIAL	Growing incidence of child	Create	opportunities	Improve population	1. Eliminate child marriage and teenage
DEVELOPMENT	marriage, teenage	for all		management	pregnancy
	pregnancy and accompanying school drop- out rates				2.Improve maternal and adolescent reproductive health
SOCIAL	Weak capacity of caregivers	Create	opportunities	Ensure effective child	1 .Institute a framework for developing
DEVELOPMENT		for all		protection and family	the capacity of caregivers
				welfare system	2. Expand social protection interventions to reach all categories of vulnerable children
SOCIAL	High incidence of	Create	opportunities	Ensure the rights and	1. Eliminate the worst forms of child
DEVELOPMENT	children's rights violation	for all		entitlements of children	labour by enforcing laws on child
					labour, child
					2. Strengthen the capacity of relevant
					institutions to enforce laws on child
					abuse and child trafficking

SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT	Inadequate and limited coverage of social protection programmes for vulnerable groups	Create opportunities for all	Strengthen social protection, especially for children, women, persons with disability and the elderly	<ol> <li>Develop and implement productive and financial inclusion alongside the LEAP cash grant to facilitate the graduation of LEAP beneficiaries from the cash transfer programme</li> <li>Mainstream social protection into sector plans and budgets</li> </ol>
SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT	High incidence of HIV and AIDS among young persons	Create opportunities for all	Ensure the reduction of new HIV and AIDS/STIs infections, especially among the vulnerable groups	1.ExpandandintensifyHIVCounsellingandTesting(HTC)programmes
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Revenue under performance due to leakages and loopholes, among others	Build a Prosperous Society	Ensure improved fiscal performance and sustainability	<ol> <li>Eliminate revenue collection leakages</li> <li>Strengthen revenue institutions and administration</li> </ol>
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Narrow tax base	Build a Prosperous Society	Ensure improved fiscal performance and sustainability	Review existing legislation and all administrative instructions regarding Non-Tax Revenue/Internally Generated

				Fund (NTR/IGF) to develop an IGF
				Policy
ECONOMIC	Poor marketing systems	Build a Prosperous	Promote a demand-	Develop market support services for
DEVELOPMENT		Society	driven approach to	selected horticulture, food and industrial
			agricultural development	crops to enhance production for export
ECONOMIC	Erratic rainfall patterns	Build a Prosperous	Improve production	1. Implement Government's flagship
DEVELOPMENT		Society	efficiency and yield	intervention of 'One village One dam to
				facilitate the provision of community-
				owned and managed small-scale
				irrigation.
				2. Secure land title for designated
				irrigation sites
SOCIAL	Poor linkage between	Create opportunities	Strengthen school	1. Enhance quality of teaching and
DEVELOPMENT	management processes and	for all	management systems	learning
	schools' operations			2. Ensure adequate supply of teaching
				and learning materials
				3. Establish well-resourced and
				functional senior high institutions in all
				districts.
SOCIAL	Lack of entrepreneurial	Create opportunities	Promote the creation of	Develop and promote schemes that
DEVELOPMENT	skills for self-employment	for all	decent jobs	support skills training, internship and
				modern apprenticeship.

ENVIRONMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS	Illegal farming and harvesting of plantation timber Forest fires	Safeguard the natural environment and ensure a resilient built environment	Protect existing forest reserves	<ol> <li>Promote research, public education and awareness on biodiversity and ecosystem services</li> <li>Enhance capacity of MDAs and</li> </ol>
				MMDAs to mainstream biodiversity into development planning and budgeting processes
ENVIRONMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS	Inadequate and obsolete electricity grid network	Safeguard the natural environmentand and ensure a resilient built environment	Ensure efficient transmission and distribution system	Expand the distribution and transmission networks
ENVIRONMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS	Scattered and unplanned human settlements	Safeguard the natural environment and ensure a resilient built environment	Promote a sustainable, spatially integrated, balanced and orderly development of human settlements	<ol> <li>Fully implement Land Use and Spatial Planning Act, 2016 (Act 925)</li> <li>Ensure proper urban and landscape design and implementation</li> </ol>
SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT	Gender disparities in access to economic opportunities	Create opportunities for all	Promoteeconomicempowermentofwomen	Ensure at least, 50 percent of MASLOC funds allocation to female applicants
ENVIRONMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE	Poor drainage system	Safeguard the natural environment and	Address recurrent devastating floods	Prepare and implement adequate drainage plans for all MMDAs

AND HUMAN		ensure a resilient built		
SETTLEMENTS		environment		
GOVERNANCE,	Weak implementation of	Maintain a stable,	Deepen political and	1. Complete the establishment of the
CORRUPTION AND	administrative	united and safe society	administrative	departments of the MMDAs
PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY	decentralization		decentralization	<ul><li>2. Strengthen the capacity of the</li><li>Institute of Local Government Studies</li><li>to deliver on its mandate</li></ul>
ECONOMIC	Poor tourism infrastructure	Build a Prosperous	Diversify and expand the	1. Promote and enforce local tourism
DEVELOPMENT	and Service	Society	tourism industry for economic development	and develop available and potential sites to meet internationally acceptable standards
				2 Mainstream tourism development in district development plans
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Poor storage and transportation systems	Build a Prosperous Society	Improve Post-Harvest Management	<ol> <li>Provide support for small- and medium-scale agro-processing enterprises through the One District, One Factory initiative</li> </ol>
				2. Facilitate the provision of storage infrastructure with a drying system at the district level and a warehouse receipt system

ECONOMIC	Low productivity and poor	Build a Prosperous	Promote livestock and	Ensure effective implementation of
DEVELOPMENT	handling of livestock/	Society	poultry development for	METASIP to modernise livestock and
	poultry products		food security and income	poultry industry for development
			generation	
SOCIAL	Unmet needs for mental	Create opportunities	Ensure affordable,	Accelerate implementation of the
DEVELOPMENT	health services	for all	equitable, easily	mental health strategy
			accessible and Universal	
			Health Coverage (UHC)	
ENVIRONMENT,	Low broadband wireless	Safeguard the natural	Enhance application of	1.Improve telecommunications
INFRASTRUCTURE	access	environment and	ICT in national	accessibility
AND HUMAN		ensure a resilient built	development	2.Collaborate with the private sector to
SETTLEMENTS		environment		increase the broadband, bandwidth and
				speed of connections nationwide
GOVERNANCE,	Weak involvement and	Maintain a stable,	Improve popular	1. Promote effective stakeholder
CORRUPTION AND	participation of citizenry	united and safe society	participation at regional	involvement in development planning
PUBLIC	in planning and budgeting		and district levels.	process, local democracy and
ACCOUNTABILITY				accountability
				2. Strengthen People's Assemblies
				concept to encourage citizens to
				participate in government
GOVERNANCE,	Inadequate and poor quality	Maintain a stable,	Enhance public safety	Transform security services into a world
CORRUPTION AND	equipment and	united and safe society	and security	class security institution with modern
	infrastructure			infrastructure, including

PUBLIC				accommodation, health and training
ACCOUNTABILITY				infrastructure
SOCIAL	Poor living conditions of	Create opportunities	Ensure that PWDs enjoy	1. Implement productive social
DEVELOPMENT	PWDs	for all	all the benefits of	inclusion interventions
			Ghanaian citizenship.	2. Ensure the implementation of the
				Ghana Accessibility Standards to
				ensure access of PWDs to the built
				environment, goods, services and
				assistive devices
		~		
SOCIAL	Unfavourable socio-cultural	Create opportunities	Attain gender equality	Introduce measures to promote change
DEVELOPMENT	environment for gender	for all	and equity in political,	in the socio-cultural norms and values
	equality		social and economic	inhibiting gender equality
			development systems	
			and outcomes.	
GOVERNANCE,	Ineffective sub-district	Maintain a stable,	Deepen political and	Strengthen sub-district structures
CORRUPTION AND	structures	united and safe society	administrative	
PUBLIC			decentralization	
ACCOUNTABILITY				

## **CHAPTER FOUR**

#### DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES AND SUB-PROGRAMMES

#### **4.1 INTRODUCTION**

This section of the plan covers programmes and interventions necessary for addressing the sustainable prioritized issues in the district. The chapter includes Programmes of Action (POA) which will lead to achieving the adopted goals and objectives from the Agenda for Jobs, 2018-2021.

#### 4.2 FORMULATION OF PROGRAMMES AND SUB-PROGRAMMES

Programmes may refer to a set of related activities that cut across several major sectors. It may refer to a grouped set of capital investment activities (e.g. a school construction programme), or to a specific initiative (e.g. a school feeding programme). Meanwhile, a sub-programme, comprise a distinct grouping of services and activities that fall within the framework of a budget programme which for management reasons it is desirable to identify separately within the budget programme. Table 4.1 shows programmes and sub-programmes for the district.

ADOPTED	ADOPTED STRATEGIES	PROGRAMME	SUB-PROGRAMMES
OBJECTIVES			
Improve efficiency and	1 Expand and maintain the national	Infrastructural Delivery	Infrastructural
effectiveness of road	road network	and Management	development
transport infrastructure and services	2.Ensure capacity improvement by constructing missing links		
Promote effective	1. Build the capacity of the youth to	Economic Development	Trade, Industry and
participation of the youth	discover opportunities		Industrial Development
in socioeconomic	2. Support the youth to participate		
development	in modern agriculture		
	3. Develop and implement		
	additional initiatives for youth		

 Table 4.1 Formulation of Programmes and Sub-Programmes

	employment, including promotion of entrepreneurial skills		
Enhance inclusive and	1. Continue implementation of free	Social services delivery	Education and youth
equitable access to, and	SHS and TVET for all Ghanaian		development
participation in quality	children		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
education at all level			
	2. Expand infrastructure and		
	facilities at all levels		
	3.Redefine basic education to		
	include secondary education		
Ensure affordable,	1. Accelerate implementation of	Social Services	Health delivery
equitable, easily	Community-based Health Planning	Delivery	
accessible and Universal	and Services (CHPS) policy to		
Health Coverage (UHC)	ensure equity in access to quality		
	health care		
	2.Expand and equip health facilities		
Improveproductionefficiency and yield	1. Intensify and increase access to agricultural mechanization along the value chain	Economic Development	Agricultural development
	2.Reinvigorate extension services		
	3 Establish modalities and regulatory frameworks for production of seed/planting materials, and other agro inputs		
Improve access to safe	1. Provide mechanized borehole and	Infrastructural Delivery	Infrastructural
and reliable water supply	small town water systems	and Management	development
services for all	2.Improve water production and distribution systems		

Enhance Business	Establish electronic register for	Economic Development	Trade, Industry and
Enabling Environment	business regulations, legislations		Industrial Development
	and processes which should lead to		
	providing a complete repository of		
	business laws and transparency for		
	investments		
Enhance capacity for	1. Strengthen the capacity of public	Management and	Planning, Budgeting and
policy formulation and	institutions for undertaking policy	Administration	Coordination
coordination	analysis, development planning,		
	monitoring and evaluation, macro-		
	econometric modelling and		
	forecasting		
Improve access to	1. Provide public education on solid	Management and	General Administration
improved and reliable	waste management	Administration	
environmental sanitation	2. Review, gazette and enforce		
services	MMDAs' bye-laws on sanitation		
	WiWIDA'S by Chaws on Sumation		
	3. Develop and implement strategies		
	to end open defecation		
Ensure affordable,	Strengthen the district and sub-	Social Services	Health delivery
equitable, easily	district health systems as the bed-	Delivery	
accessible and Universal	rock of the national primary health		
Health Coverage (UHC)	care strategy		
Ensure efficient	Revise self-help-electricity project	Infrastructural Delivery	Infrastructural
transmission and	and use means-testing approaches to	and Management	development
distribution system	enable the poor to connect to the		
	national grid		
1. Ensure effective child	1. Promote implementation of	Social Services	Social Welfare and
protection and family	policies that increase enrolment and	Delivery	Community Development
welfare system	retention in schools such as the		
	School Feeding Programme and		
	Capitation Grant		

	2.Increase awareness on child			
	protection			
Improve population	1. Eliminate child marriage and	Social	Services	Social Welfare and
management	teenage pregnancy	Delivery		Community Development
	2.Improve maternal and adolescent reproductive health			
Ensure effective child	1 .Institute a framework for	Social	Services	Social Welfare and
protection and family	developing the capacity of	Delivery		Community Development
welfare system	caregivers			
	2. Expand social protection interventions to reach all categories of vulnerable children			
Ensure the rights and	1. Eliminate the worst forms of child	Social	Services	Social Welfare and
entitlements of children	labour by enforcing laws on child	Delivery	Services	Community Development
entriements of enharch	labour, child	Denvery		Community Development
	2. Strengthen the capacity of			
	relevant institutions to enforce laws			
	on child abuse and child trafficking			
Strengthen social	1. Develop and implement	Social	Services	Social Welfare and
protection, especially for	productive and financial inclusion	Delivery		Community Development
children, women,	alongside the LEAP cash grant to			
persons with disability	facilitate the graduation of LEAP			
and the elderly	beneficiaries from the cash transfer			
	programme			
	2.Mainstream social protection into			
	sector plans and budgets			
Ensure the reduction of	1.Expand and intensify HIV	Social	Services	Health delivery
new HIV and AIDS/STIs	Counselling and Testing (HTC)	Delivery		
infections, especially	programmes			

among the vulnerable	2.Intensify education to reduce		
groups	stigmatization		
groups	3.Intensify efforts to eliminate		
	-		
	mother to child transmission of HIV		
	(MTCTHIV)		
Ensure improved fiscal	1. Eliminate revenue collection	Management and	Finance and Revenue
performance and	leakages	Administration	Mobilization
sustainability	2. Strengthen revenue institutions		
	and administration		
Ensure improved fiscal	Review existing legislation and all	Management and	Finance and Revenue
performance and	administrative instructions regarding	Administration	Mobilization
sustainability	Non-Tax Revenue/Internally		
	Generated Fund (NTR/IGF) to		
	develop an IGF Policy		
Promote a demand-	Develop market support services for	Economic Development	Agricultural development
driven approach to	selected horticulture, food and		
agricultural development	industrial crops to enhance		
	production for export		
Improve production	1. Implement Government's flagship	Economic Development	Agricultural development
efficiency and yield	intervention of 'One village One		
	dam to facilitate the provision of		
	community-owned and managed		
	small-scale irrigation.		
	2. Secure land title for designated		
	irrigation sites		
Strengthen school	1. Enhance quality of teaching and	Social services delivery	Education and youth
management systems	learning		development
	2. Ensure adequate supply of		
	teaching and learning materials		

	3. Establish well-resourced and		
	functional senior high institutions in		
	all districts.		
Promote the creation of	Develop and promote schemes that	Economic Development	Trade, Industry and
decent jobs	support skills training, internship		Industrial Development
	and modern apprenticeship.		
Protect existing forest	1. Promote research, public	Environmental and	Natural resource
reserves	education and awareness on	Sanitation management	management
	biodiversity and ecosystem services		
	2. Enhance capacity of MDAs and		
	MMDAs to mainstream biodiversity		
	into development planning and		
	budgeting processes		
Ensure efficient	Expand the distribution and	Infrastructural delivery	Infrastructural
transmission and	transmission networks	and management	development
distribution system			
Promote a sustainable,	1. Fully implement Land Use and	Infrastructural delivery	Infrastructural
spatially integrated,	Spatial Planning Act, 2016 (Act 925)	and management	development
balanced and orderly			
development of human	2. Ensure proper urban and		
settlements	landscape design and		
	implementation		
Promote economic	Ensure at least, 50 percent of	Social Services	Social Welfare and
empowerment of	MASLOC funds allocation to female	Delivery	Community Development
women	applicants		
Address recurrent	Prepare and implement adequate	Environmental and	Disaster prevention and
devastating floods	drainage plans for all MMDAs	sanitation management	management
Deepen political and	1. Complete the establishment of	Management and	General Administration
administrative	the departments of the MMDAs	Administration	
decentralization	2. Strengthen the capacity of the		
	Institute of Local Government		
	Studies to deliver on its mandate		
	studies to deriver on its manuale		

Diversify and expand the	1. Promote and enforce local	Economic Development	Trade, Tourism and
tourism industry for	tourism and develop available and	Leonomie Development	Industrial Development
	*		industrial Development
economic development	potential sites to meet		
	internationally acceptable standards		
	2 Mainstream tourism development		
	in district development plans		
Improve Post-Harvest	1. Provide support for small- and	Economic Development	Agricultural development
Management	medium-scale agro-processing		
	enterprises through the One District,		
	One Factory initiative		
	2. Facilitate the provision of storage		
	infrastructure with a drying system		
	at the district level and a warehouse		
	receipt system		
Ensure affordable,	Accelerate implementation of the	Social Services	Health delivery
equitable, easily	mental health strategy	Delivery	ficatul delivery
accessible and Universal	mental health strategy	Denvery	
Health Coverage (UHC)			
Enhance application of	1.Improve telecommunications	Infrastructural delivery	Infrastructural
ICT in national	accessibility	and management	development
development	2.Collaborate with the private sector		
	to increase the broadband,		
	bandwidth and speed of connections		
	nationwide		
Improve popular	1. Promote effective stakeholder	Management and	General Administration
participation at regional	involvement in development	Administration	
and district levels.	planning process, local democracy		
	and accountability		
	2. Strengthen People's Assemblies		
	concept to encourage citizens to		
	participate in government		

Enhance public safety	Transform security services into a	Management and	Legislative Oversight
and security	world class security institution with	Administration	
	modern infrastructure, including		
	accommodation, health and training		
	infrastructure		
Ensure sustainable	1. Provide consistent and quality	Economic Development	Agricultural development
development and	extension service delivery		
management of	2. Design and implement a flagship		
aquaculture	intervention to be known as		
	"aquaculture for jobs and food		
Ensure that PWDs enjoy	1. Implement productive social	Social Services	Social Welfare and
all the benefits of	inclusion interventions	Delivery	Community Development
Ghanaian citizenship.	2 Ensure the implementation of the		
	2. Ensure the implementation of the		
	Ghana Accessibility Standards to		
	ensure access of PWDs to the built		
	environment, goods, services and		
	assistive devices		
Attain gender equality	Introduce measures to promote	Social Services	Social Welfare and
and equity in political,	change in the socio-cultural norms	Delivery	Community Development
social and economic	and values inhibiting gender equality		
development systems			
and outcomes.			
Deepen political and	Strengthen sub-district structures	Management and	General Administration
administrative		Administration	
decentralization			

Source: DPCU, 2017

## **4.3 PROGRAMMES OF ACTION (POAs)**

# Development Dimension: ENVIRONMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

#### Adopted MDAs Goal(s): Safeguard the natural environment and ensure a resilient built environment.

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programme	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time	frame		In	ndicative Budg	jet	Implementing Agencies	
			S			2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Improve efficiency	Expand and	Infrastructura	Infrastructur	1.Rehabilitate	90km length of					3,000,000.			DA	DFR
and effectiveness of	maintain the	l Delivery and	al	90km length of	feeder roads					00			DWD	GOG
and effectiveness of	national road	I Derivery and	ai	feeder roads in	linking									MLGR
road transport	network	Management	development	the district	communities									D
infrastructure and					rehabilitated									
initastructure and	Ensure capacity	Infrastructura	Infrastructur	2.Reshape and	60km length of					2,000,000.			DA	DFR
services	improvement by	l Delivery and	al	gravel 60km	feeder road					00			DWD	GOG
	constructing	I Derivery and	ai	length of feeder	reshaped and									MLGR
	missing links	Management	development	roads linking	gravelled									D
				communities										

#### **Development Dimension: SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT** Adopted MDAs Goal(s): Create opportunities for all Adopted Sub-Projects/ **Outcome/impac** Time frame **Indicative Budget** Implementing Adopted Programm objectives strategies t indicators Agencies programmes activities es 2018 2019 2020 2021 GoG IGF Donor Lead Collab. Economic Agricultural 1.Support the 4 No. cottage 80.000.00 DPCU Promote effective Develop and BAC participation of the implement development of industries DA TAs development Developme youth in additional cottage supported with NGOs initiatives for industries facilities socioeconomic to and nt process cashew development fund. youth employment, and shea including nut promotion of entrepreneurial skills

Promote effective participation of the youth in socioeconomic development	Support the youth to participate in modern agriculture	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	2. Train the youth in bee keeping, mushroom production and batik tie and dye	400 youth trained in non- traditional agriculture				40,000.00		DADU AEAs	DA MOFA MLGR D
Promote effective participation of the youth in socioeconomic development	Support the youth to participate in modern agriculture	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	3.Engage 100 youth in nursery and seedling transplanting under DCACT	100 youth including 50 males and 50 females engaged in the nursery and seedling transplanting.			20,000.00	20,000.00	-	DADU DA	MOFA MLGR D
Promote effective participation of the youth in socioeconomic development	Support the youth to participate in modern agriculture	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	4.Sensitize 800 youth to engage in Agriculture	800 youth sensitized to engaged in agriculture			20,000.00	20,000.00		DADU AEAs	DA MOFA MLGR D
Promote effective participation of the youth in socioeconomic development	Develop and implement additional initiatives for youth employment, including promotion of entrepreneurial skills	Economic Developme nt	Trade, Industry and Industrial Development	5.Sensitize communities on income generation activities	12 No. communities sensitized on LED			30,000.00			DADU AEAs	DA MOFA MLGR D

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time				dicative Budg	Implementing Agencies		
Enhance inclusive and	Continue	Social	Education and	1.Support	Banda SHS	2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	<b>IGF</b> 100,000.00	Donor	Lead BDA.	Collab. GES,
equitable access to,	implementation	services	youth	government's Free SHS	monitored to abide by Free									
and participation in	of free SHS and	delivery	development	Programme	SHS Policies									
quality education at all	TVET for all													
level	Ghanaian													
	children													
Enhance inclusive and equitable access to, and participation in quality education at all level	Expand infrastructure and facilities at all levels	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2. Construct 8 No. Residential accommodatio n for teachers	8 No. residential accommodation constructed for teachers					1,200,000. 00			Central Admin.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs
Enhance inclusive and equitable access to, and participation in quality education at all level	Expand infrastructure and facilities at all levels	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Establish 2 No KGs and 1 Primary School	2 No. KGs and 1 primary school established					2,000,000. 00			BDA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs
Enhance inclusive and equitable access to, and participation in quality education at all level	Expand infrastructure and facilities at all levels	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	4.Construct and equip 6 No ICT centres in schools	6 No ICT centers constructed in schools					1,400,000. 00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs
Enhance inclusive and equitable access to, and participation	Expand infrastructure	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	5.Construct 5 No 2 unit KG blocks for schools	5 No 2 unit KG blocks constructed					1,200,000. 00			DA.	GES, Donor

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## Development Dimension: SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

in quality education at all level	and facilities at all levels										Agencie s, NGOs
Enhance inclusive and equitable access to, and participation in quality education at all level	Expand infrastructure and facilities at all levels	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	6.Construct 6 No 3 unit classroom blocks for JHS	6 No 3 unit classroom blocks constructed			900,000.0 0		DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs
Enhance inclusive and equitable access to, and participation in quality education at all level	Expand infrastructure and facilities at all levels	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	7.Construct 6 No. 6 unit classroom blocks for Primary schools	6 No 6 unit classroom blocks constructed			2,000,000. 00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs

# Adopted MDAs Goal(s): Create opportunities for all

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators	-		In	ndicative Budg	et	Implementin Agencies			
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Ensure affordable,	Accelerate	Social	Health delivery	1.Construct 8	8 No CHPS					1,500,000.			DA	GHS
equitable, easily	implementation of	Services		Community Health	compound and 2 No. Health					00				TAs NGOs
accessible and	Community-	Delivery		Planning	Centres									
Universal Health	based Health			Systems (CHPS)	constructed									
Coverage (UHC)	Planning and			Compound and 2 health centers										
	Services (CHPS)	Social	Health delivery	2.Furnish	Logistics					40,000	40,000.00		DA	GHS
	policy to ensure	Services	•	clinic, CHPS	supplied to					.00				NGOs
	equity in access to			compound and	CHPS									
		Delivery		health centers	compounds									
	quality health care			with logistics										

Ensure	affordable,	Expand and equip	Social	Health delivery	3. Expand	1 No. Hospital			3,000,000.		DA	GHS
equitable, easily	health facilities	Services		Banda Ahenkro				00			NGOs	
equitabl	e, cushy	neurin ruennices	Bervices		Health Center	the district						GOG
accessit	le and		Delivery		into a Hospital							
Univers	al Health											
Coverag	e (UHC)											

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators	Time frame				Indicative Budget			Implementing Agencies	
0	0					2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Improve production	Intensify and	Economic	Agricultural	1.Facilitate the	4 No. Firms					3,000,000.			DA,	MOFA,
efficiency and yield	increase access to agricultural mechanization	Developme nt	development	development of agro- processing firms	established to facilitate agro- processing					00			DADU	RCC, NGOs
Improve production	along the value chain	Economic	Agricultural	2. Liaise with	One factory					2,000,000.			DA,	MOFA,
efficiency and yield	Intensify and increase access to agricultural mechanization along the value	Developme nt	development	Private Investors to implement One District One Factory policy	established under the policy at Banda					00			DADU	RCC, NGOs MLGR D MOTI
Improve production efficiency and yield	chain	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	3.Organize training workshop for processing groups in value addition (value chain concept, packaging , branding , quality control , environmental hygiene)	2 No. workshops organized for processing groups						20,000.00		DA, DADU	MOFA, RCC, NGOs

Improve production efficiency and yield	Reinvigorate extension services	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	4.Lobby for more Agricultural Extension Agents (AEAs) and veterinary officers	15 additional AEAs recruited into the district		1 C	10,000.00 )		DA	DADU MOFA MLGR D
Improve production efficiency and yield	Reinvigorate extension services	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	5.Train the AEAs on the modern method of extension services to farmers	AEAs trained on modern method of extension services				20,000.00	DADU	DA MOFA
Improve production efficiency and yield	Establish modalities and regulatory frameworks for production of seed/planting materials, and other agro inputs	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	6Introduce improved varieties (high yielding, short duration, disease and pest resistance, to 4,000 farmers in 16 communities by end of 2021	4000 farmers introduced to improved varieties in 16 communities		8	30,000.00		DADU	DA MOFA
Improve production efficiency and yield		Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	7.Facilitate easy access to farming inputs by farmers	Fertilizers and agro chemicals supplied to farmers through planting for food and job programme			2,000,000. 00		DA, DADU	MOFA, RCC, NGOs
Improve production efficiency and yield		Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	8.Train 4000 farmers on input use to avoid misapplication	4000 farmers trained on right method of inputs usage.		3	30,000.00		DADU	DA MOFA
Improve production efficiency and yield		Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	9.Facilitate the formation of farmer groups and their access to credit facilities	FBOs formed and linked to financial institutions				10,000.00	DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGR D

Improve production efficiency and yield		Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	10.Organize national farmers day	Farmers day celebration organized		40,000.00		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGR D
Improve production efficiency and yield		Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	11.Facilitateaccesstotractorsbyfarmers	10 No. tractor made available to farmers		600,000.0 0		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGR D
Promote livestock and poultry development for food security and income generation	Ensure effective implementation of METASIP to modernise livestock and poultry industry for development	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	12. Carry out PPR vaccination on adequate number of ruminant and poultry to prevent out break	No. of PPR vaccination exercise carried out		50,000.00		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGR D
		Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	13.Provide adequate and effective extension knowledge in livestock management	No. of extension services provided		30,000.00		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGR D

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time				ndicative Budg		Âge	nenting ncies
Improve access to safe and reliable water supply services for all	Provide mechanized borehole and small town water systems	Infrastructu ral Delivery and Manageme nt	Infrastructural development	1.Construct 2 No small town water system	2 No small town water system constructed	2018	2019	2020	2021	<b>GoG</b> 2,000,000. 00	IGF	Donor	Lead DA CWSA	Collab. DEHU GOG NGOs
Improve access to safe and reliable water supply services for all	Improvewaterproductionanddistributionsystems	Infrastructu ral Delivery and Manageme nt	Infrastructural development	2.Drill 50 No. boreholes	50 No. boreholes drilled					500,000.0 0			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs
Improve access to safe and reliable water supply services for all	Provide mechanized borehole and small town water systems	Infrastructu ral Delivery and Manageme nt	Infrastructural development	3. Mechanized 20 No. Boreholes	20 No. boreholes mechanized					400,000.0 0	20,000.00		DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs
Improve access to safe and reliable water supply services for all	Improve water production and distribution systems	Infrastructu ral Delivery and Manageme nt	Infrastructural development	4.Replace broken polytank	Broken Polytank at Sabiye replaced						20,000.00		DA CWSA	DEHU NGOs

safe and reliable water supply services for all	Improve water production and distribution systems		evelopment WA com basi man wat	ATSAN mmittee in sic anagement of	Training programme organized				20,000.00			DA CWSA	DEHU NGOs
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Adopted	Adopted	Programm	Sub-	Projects/	Outcome/impac		Time f	frame		Iı	ndicative Budg	et	Impler	menting
objectives	strategies	es	programmes	activities	t indicators		111101	lunic			luicuit e Duug		-	encies
-						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collat
Enhance Business	Establish	Economic	Trade, Industry	1.Undertake	100 micro						15,000.00		BAC	DPCU
Enabling	electronic register	Developme	and Industrial	business	enterprises								DA	TAs NGOs
Environment	for business regulations,	nt	Development	identification	identified and registered for									11005
	legislations and			survey	support									
	processes which													
	should lead to													
	providing a													
	complete													
	repository of													
	business laws and													

	transparency for investments										
Enhance Business Enabling Environment	Establish electronic register for business regulations, legislations and processes which should lead to providing a complete repository of business laws and transparency for investments	Economic Developme nt	Trade, Industry and Industrial Development	2.Support local apprentice with a start-up capital for business development	100 MSMEs identified and given soft loans to start or expand business			20,000.00	20,000.00	BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs

Development Dimo Adopted MDAs Ge		,			OUNTABILITY									
Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time	frame		Ir	ndicative Budg	et	-	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Enhancecapacityforpolicyformulationandcoordination	Strengthenthecapacity of publicinstitutionsforundertaking	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	Planning, Budgeting and Coordination	1.Organize capacity building training for staff and senior management	Capacity building programmes organized						160,000.00		DA	DPCU RCC MLGR D
	policy analysis, development planning,	Manageme nt and	Planning, Budgeting and Coordination	2.Support planning and budgeting activities	AAPs and Composite budget prepared					40,000.00	40,000.00		DA DPCU	MDPC MLGR D RCC

monitoring and evaluation,	Administrat ion								
macro- econometric modelling and forecasting	ManagemePlanning,ntandBudgeting andAdministratCoordinationion	3.Prepare District Medium term development plan	2018-2021 DMTDP prepared			30,000.00		DA DPCU	MDPC MLGR D RCC
	Manageme Planning, nt and Budgeting an Administrat Coordination ion	4.Conduct participatory Monitoring and Evaluation of Projects	16 No. PM&E conducted			80,000.00		DA DPCU	MDPC MLGR D RCC

Development Dime														
Adopted MDAs Go Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	ortunities for Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time	frame		Ir	ndicative Budg	et	-	nenting ncies
·	0					2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Improve access to	Provide public	Manageme	General	1.Educate	8 No.						80,000.00		DEHU	DA
improved and	education on solid	nt and	Administration	communities on	community durbars									CWSA
reliable	waste	Administrat		environmental	organised on									
environmental	management	ion		hygiene and sanitation	environmental hygiene and									
sanitation services					education									
Improve access to improved and reliable	Provide public education on solid	Manageme nt and	General Administration	2.Support CLTS programme	CLTS programme supported					80,000.00			DEHU	DA

environmental	waste	Administrat									CWSA
sanitation services	management	ion									TAs
Improve access to improved and reliable environmental sanitation services	Developandimplementstrategiestoopen defecation	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	General Administration	3.Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	120 No households latrines constructed			50,000.00	50,000.00	DEHU	DA CWSA TAs
Improve access to improved and reliable environmental sanitation services	Review, gazette and enforce MMDAs' bye- laws on sanitation	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	General Administration	4.Procure refuse containers and distribute to communities	8 No. refuse containers procured			80,000.00		DA	Zoomlio n GH Ltd DEHU CWSA
Improve access to improved and reliable environmental sanitation services	Review, gazette and enforce MMDAs' bye- laws on sanitation	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	General Administration	5.Procure sanitation equipment for environmental health unit	Sanitation equipment procured				20,000.00	DA	CWSA DEHU
Improve access to improved and reliable environmental sanitation services	Develop and implement strategies to end open defecation	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	General Administration	6.Construct public toilet facilities in needy communities	10 No. public toilet constructed			1,200,000. 00		DA	CWSA DEHU
Improve access to improved and reliable environmental sanitation services	Develop and implement strategies to end open defecation	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	General Administration	7.Construct toilet facilities in schools/ Institutional latrines	12 No. Institutional latrines constructed			100,000.0 0		DA	CWSA DEHU GES

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time				licative Budg	get		nenting ncies
<b>E</b> u	Davias aslf hale	Ter former torrester	Information at the second	1 Enternal		2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead DA.	Collab. VRA,
Ensure efficient transmission and	Revise self-help- electricity project	Infrastructu ral Delivery	Infrastructural development	1. Extend electricity to selected	Electricity extended to new sites of 8					1,200,000. 00			DA.	TA, MoE,
distribution system	and use means-	and		communities.	communities									Commu
	testing	Manageme												nities
	approaches to	nt												
	enable the poor to													
	connect to the													
	national grid													
Ensure efficient	Revise self-help-	Infrastructu	Infrastructural	2.Acquire	4000 electric					2,000,000.			DA	VRA,
transmission and	electricity project	ral Delivery	development	electricity poles	poles procure for electricity					00				TA, MoE,
distribution system	and use means-	and			extension									Commu
	testing	Manageme												nities
	approaches to	nt												
	enable the poor to													
	connect to the													
	national grid													
Ensure efficient	Revise self-help-	Infrastructu	Infrastructural	3.Procure street	2000 streets light					60,000.00			DA	VRA,
transmission and	electricity project	ral Delivery	development	light	procured for extension and									TA, MoE,
distribution system	and use means-	and			rehabilitations									Commu
	testing	Manageme												nities
	approaches to	nt												
	enable the poor to													

	connect to the										
	national grid										
Ensure efficient transmission and	Revise self-help- electricity project	Infrastructu ral Delivery	Infrastructural development	4.rehabilitate street lights	Streets light of 10 communities rehabilitated				70,000.00	DA	VRA, TA, MoE,
distribution system	and use means- testing	and Manageme									Commu nities
	approaches to enable the poor to connect to the national grid	nt	Infrastructural development	5.Extension and connection of 10 No. schools to electricity	10 No. schools connected to electricity			90,000.00		DA	VRA, PTA, MoE, GES

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time f	rame		In	dicative Budg	et	-	nenting ncies
_						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Ensure effective child protection and family welfare system	Promote implementation of policies that increase enrolment and	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1.Provide scholarship package for the needy but brilliant students	10 Students given scholarship						90,000.00		DA	GES MoE TAs PTA
	retention in schools such as the School Feeding Programme and Capitation Grant	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2.Extend school feeding programme to needy communities	School feeding programme expanded					1,000,000. 00			DA	MGCSP GES PTAs

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time				dicative Budg		Âge	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Improve population	Improve maternal	Social	Social Welfare	1.Organize	6 No.					30,000.00			DA	TAs
management	and adolescent	Services	and	community	community									NGOS
	reproductive	Delivery	Community	durbars on	durbars									GHS
	health		Development	substance	organized in									GIID
				abuse among	communities									
				adolescent										
Improve population	Improve maternal	Social	Social Welfare	2.Establish	4 No adolescent						20,000.00		DA	NGOs
management	and adolescent	Services	and	adolescent	health corners									GHS
	reproductive	Delivery	Community	health corners	established									
	health		Development	in communities										
Improve population	Eliminate child	Social	Social Welfare	3.Educate	5000						20,000.00		DA	GES
management	marriage and	Services	and	school children on teenage	pupils/students including 3500									GHS
	teenage	Delivery	Community	pregnancy	females and									
	pregnancy		Development	especially the	1500 males									
			-	females	educated on teenage									
					pregnancy									

	opted ectives	Adopted strategie		Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time	frame			ndicative Budg	-		nenting ncies
								2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Ensure	effective	Institute	а	Social	Social Welfare	1.Establish and	10 No						20,000.00		DA	DPCU
child pro	tection and	framework	for	Services	and	train child and	committees									TAs
family	welfare	developing	the	Delivery	Community	family welfare	including 3									MGCSP
system		capacity	of		Development	committees in	males and 2									meesi
		caregivers				communities	females in each									
							committee									
							formed and									
							trained									
Ensure	effective	Institute	a	Social	Social Welfare	2. Organize 4	4 No community						20,000.00		DA	DPCU
child pro	tection and	framework	for	Services	and	No. community	durbars									TAs
family	welfare	developing	the	Delivery	Community	education on	organized on									MGCSP
system		capacity	of		Development	Child	child									
		caregivers				maintenance.	maintenance									
Ensure	effective	Expand s	social	Social	Social Welfare	3.Sensitize the	15 communities						30,000.00		DA	DPCU
child pro	tection and	protection		Services	and	public to report abuse cases	sensitized to report abuse									TAs
family	welfare	interventions	to	Delivery	Community		cases									MGCSP
system		reach	all		Development											
		categories	of													
		vulnerable														
		children														

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time f	irame		In	dicative Budg	et	_	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
0	Develop and implement	Social Services	Social Welfare and	Liaise with MGCSP to expand the	LEAP Programme extended to						15,000.00		DA	MLGR D
children, women, persons with lisability and the elderly	productive and financial inclusion alongside the LEAP cash grant to facilitate the graduation of LEAP beneficiaries from the cash transfer	Delivery	Community Development	LÉAP cover the needed communities	cover Kanka and Saase communities									RCC MGCSP

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impac t indicators		Time f	frame		In	dicative Budg	get		nenting ncies
U	0		• •			2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
EnsurethereductionofnewHIVandAIDS/STI-	1.ExpandandintensifyHIVCounsellingandTesting(HTC)	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Intensify free HIV Counselling and Testing programme	400 people freely tested their HIV status					60,000 .00			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
infections, especially among the vulnerable groups	programmes	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Provide care and support services for PLWHIV	Care and support services provided for PLWHIV						60,000.00		DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
	2.Intensifyeducationtoreducestigmatization	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3.Support HIV/AIDS surveillance	ART given to PLWHIV					100,000.00			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
	Intensify efforts to eliminate mother to child transmission of HIV (MTCTHIV)	Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	4. Intensify free compulsory screening of all pregnant women at all health centers	80 pregnant women screened on HIV pandemic					10,000.00			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH

## **Development Dimension: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

# Adopted MDAs Goal(s): Build a Prosperous Society

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f				dicative Budg	get	-	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Ensure improved fiscal performance	Review existing legislation and all	Manageme nt and	Finance and Revenue	1.Sensitize the public on the need to pay tax	4 No. community durbars						12,000.00		DA	TAs Ass. Member
and sustainability	administrative instructions regarding Non-	Administrat ion	Mobilization		organized to sensitized the public on the need to pay tax									S
Ensure improved fiscal performance and sustainability	Tax Revenue/Internall y Generated Fund (NTR/IGF) to develop an IGF Policy	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	2.Prepare revenue database	Database on ratable items prepared					30,000.00			DA	TAs Ass. Member s
Ensure improved fiscal performance and sustainability	Eliminate revenue collection leakages	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	3.Intensify monitoring of revenue collection	Taskforce established to monitor revenue collection						6,000.00		DA	TAs Ass. Member s
Ensure improved fiscal performance and sustainability	Strengthen revenue institutions and administration	Manageme nt and Administrat ion	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	4.Organize 4 capacity building workshops for rev. collectors	4 No capacity building exercise organized for revenue collectors					20,000.00			DA	TAs Ass. Member s

## **Development Dimension: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

## Adopted MDAs Goal(s): Build a Prosperous Society

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	frame		In	dicative Budg	jet	-	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Promote a demand- driven approach to	Develop market support services	Economic Developme	Trade, Tourism and Industrial	1. Establish cassava	Cassava processing					3,000,000. 00			DA DADU	MOFA FBOs MOTI
agricultural	for selected	nt	Development	processing factory	factory established								DIEC	TAs NGOs
development	horticulture, food													
Promote a demand-	and industrial	Economic	Trade, Tourism	2. Construct 4	4 No. market						50,000.00		DA	MLGR
driven approach to	crops to enhance	Developme	and Industrial	no. market shed facilities	shed constructed									D DPCU
agricultural	production for	nt	Development											
development	export													

objectives		Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time	rame		Ind	licative Budg	gei	-	nenting ncies
			1 0			2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
production	Implement Government's flagship intervention	Economic Developme nt	Agricultural development	1.Support the development of potential irrigation dams	10 No irrigation dams constructed under					800,000.00			MOFA	NGOs, WFP,Ce ntral
yield	of 'One village One	Economic	Agricultural	2.Rehabilitate	5 No irrigation					400,000.00			MOFA	Admin NGOs,
	dam to facilitate the provision of community-owned	Developme nt	development	existing irrigation dams	Dams rehabilitated									WFP,Ce ntral Admin

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time	frame		Iı	ndicative Budg	et		nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Strengthen school management systems	Ensure adequate supply of teaching and learning	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1. Provide TLMs to schools	TLMs supplied to schools					50,000.00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs
	materials													
	Enhance quality of teaching and learning	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2.Procure 4000 dual desk for schools	4000 dual desk supplied to schools						200,000.00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs
	Enhance quality of teaching and learning	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Organize In- service training workshop for teachers, Heads and circuit supervisors	4 No in-service training organized for teachers						40,000.00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs
Strengthen school management systems	Enhance quality of teaching and learning	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	4.Educate communities on Girl Child Education	8 No. community durbars organized on girl child education						12,000.00		BDA	TAs PTAs NGOs GES
Strengthen school management systems	Enhance quality of teaching and learning	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	5.Organize my first day at school	4 No. my first day at school organized in each school						80,000.00		BDA	GES
Strengthen school management systems	Enhance quality of teaching and learning	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	6.Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	Annual inter- school sports festival organized						80,000.00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, NGOs

Strengthen school management systems	Establish well- resourced and functional senior high institutions in all districts	Social services delivery	Education and youth development	7.Construct 5 No. semi- detached quarters for SHS Masters	5 No. Bungalows constructed for Banda SHS		1,500,000. 00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s GOG
Strengthen school management systems		Social services delivery	Education and youth development	8.Construct 2 No. dormitories for boys and girls at Banda SHS	2 No. storey dormitories constructed for students.		3,000,000. 000		DA.	GES, Donor Agencie s, GOG

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programme s	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time	frame		Ir	ndicative Budg	et	Implem Ager	
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Protect existing	1. Promote research,	Environment	Natural	1.Formation of	10 fire						30,000.00		NADMO	NGOs,
forest reserves	public education and	al and	resource	fire volunteers to fight against	volunteers groups formed									DA
	awareness on	Sanitation	management	bush fires										
	biodiversity and	management												
	ecosystem services	Environment	Natural	2.Organize tree	6000 Tress					80,000.00			FSD	NGOs,
		al and	resource	plantation Exercise in the	planted									DA , Game &
	2. Enhance capacity	Sanitation	management	Communities										wildlife
	of MDAs and	management		along the game reserve										
	MMDAs to	<b>F</b>		2.0							10,000,00		565	NGO
	mainstream	Environment	Natural	3.Organize	8 No						40,000.00		FSD	NGOs,
	biodiversity into	al and	resource	workshop to educate	workshops organized to								DA	DA , Game &
	biodiversity into	Sanitation	management	communities	educate									wildlife
	development		8	stakeholders on	stakeholders									whame
	planning and	management		the dangers of										
				environmental										
	budgeting processes			Degradation									1	

Environment	Natural	4.Organize	Anti-Bush fire			30,000.00	NADMO	NGOs,
al and	resource	Annual Anti- Bush fire	campaign organized					DA
Sanitation management	management	campaigns for flash communities	annually					

Development Dime Adopted MDAs G		,												
Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	frame		Iı	ndicative Budg	get	-	nenting ncies
-	_					2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Ensure efficient transmission and distribution system	Expand the distribution and transmission networks	Infrastructu ral delivery and manageme nt	Infrastructural development	Facilitate supplying of households' meters to needy communities	1000 electric meters supplied to households						5,000.00		DA	VRA ECG GOG

•	mension: ENVIR Goal(s): Safeguar	,												
Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	rame		In	dicative Budg	et		nenting ncies
Ū	C					2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Promote a	Fully implement	Infrastructural	Infrastructural	1.Acquire land	Lands banks					30,000.00			central	TCPD,
sustainable,	Land Use and	delivery and	development	banks for future purpose	acquired								Admin	TA, Commu
spatially	Spatial Planning	management		Parpose										nities

integrated, balanced and orderly development of	Act, 2016 (Act 925)	Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	2.Enforce laws on building regulation	Laws enforced				10,000.00	central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commu nities
human settlements	Ensure proper urban and landscape design and implementation	Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	3.Design planning scheme for Communities	Planning scheme designed for communities			500,000.0 0		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commu nities
	Ensure proper urban and landscape design and implementation	Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	4. Sensitize traditional authorities and communities on the need for development permit.	Communities and TA sensitized on the need for development permit				40,000.00	central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commu nities
	Ensure proper urban and landscape design and implementation	Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	5. Support the implementation of street naming and property addressing system	Street naming project supported			50,000.00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commu nities
	Ensure proper urban and landscape design and implementation	Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	6. Re-settle Aglekame community	Aglekame community re- settled on different location			5,000,000. 00		DA	TCPD, TA, Commu nities

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	rame		In	dicative Budg	et	-	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Promote economic empowerment of women	Ensure the allocation of 50% of MASLOC funds for female applicants.	Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Expand MASLOC to cover needy communities	MASLOC Programme expanded					80,000.00			DA	MLGR D RCC TAs MGCSP

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programm es	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	rame		Ir	dicative Budg	et	-	nenting ncies
-	_					2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Address recurrent devastating floods	Prepare and implement adequate drainage plans for all MMDAs	Environme ntal and sanitation manageme nt	Disaster prevention and management	1.Procure relief items to be given to disaster victims	Relief items procured					200,000.0 0			NADMO	DA
Address recurrent devastating floods	Prepare and implement adequate drainage plans for all MMDAs	Environme ntal and sanitation manageme nt	Disaster prevention and management	2. Provide support and job training to the physically challenged	Support and job training provided to the physically challenged						60,000.00		DA	MGCSF GOG RCC

Improve		Prepare ar	nd	Environme	Disaster	3.Construct	Drains			1,200,000.		DA	TAs
investment	in	implement		ntal and	prevention and	drains in communities	constructed in needy			00			CSOs GOG
disaster	risk	adequate drainag	ge	sanitation	management		communities						
reduction	and	plans for a	11	manageme									
resilience		MMDAs		nt									

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time	frame		Iı	ndicative Budg	get	-	menting encies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Deepen	1. Complete the	Management and	General	1.Construct	6 No					900,000.0			DA	GOG
political and	establishment of	Administration	Administration	residential accommodation	bungalows constructed for					0				MLGR D
administrative	the departments			for	Decentralized									
decentralizatio	of the MMDAs			Decentralized Departments	departments									
n		Management and	General	2.Procure office	Logistics						40,000.00		DA	MLGR
		Administration	Administration	equipment and	procured for									D
	2. Strengthen the			logistics for DA and other	offices of DPCU									DPCU
	capacity of the			departments	members									
	Institute of Local													
	Government	Management and	General	3.Complete the	Office					120,000.0			DA	MLGR
	Studies to deliver	Administration	Administration	construction of Office	Administration block					0				D DPCU
	on its mandate			Administration block	completed									
		Management and	General	4. Provide	Stationary					80,000.00			DA	MLGR
		Administration	Administration	stationary for administrative activities	supplied for administrative work									D DPCU

Management and Administration	General Administration	5.Conduct quarterly statutory meetings for the administration of the DA	Statutory meetings conducted			80,000.00		DA	MLGR D DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	6. Maintain office vehicles	Broken official vehicles repaired				60,000.00	DA	MLGR D DPCU

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	rame		In	dicative Budg	get		nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Diversify and	1. Promote and	Economic	Trade, Tourism	1. Develop 4 No	Bui national					900,000.0			DA	MOT
expand the	enforce local	Development	and Industrial	tourist sites in the district	Park, Bui Dam, Black Volta					0				GOG TAs
tourism	tourism and develop		Development	the district	supported and									I As NGOs
industry for	available and		-		developed to boost tourist									11005
economic	potential sites to				attraction.									
development	meet internationally	г ·	<b>T</b> 1 <b>T</b> '	2 0 1 1 1	201 1 4 6					1 200 000			DA	MOT
	acceptable standards	Economic	Trade, Tourism	2. Rehabilitate 20km length of	20km length of tourist site					1,200,000. 00			DA	MOT GOG
	·····	Development	and Industrial	roads linking	roads					00				TAs
	2 Mainstream		Development	tourist sites	rehabilitated									NGOs
	tourism													
	development in													
	district development													
	plans													

## **Development Dimension: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

### Adopted MDAs Goal(s): Build a Prosperous Society

Adopted	Adopted	Programmes	Sub-	Projects/	Outcome/impa		Time f	frame		In	dicative Budg	et	-	nenting
objectives	strategies		programmes	activities	ct indicators								8	ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Improve Post-	Facilitate the	Economic	Agricultural	Construct silos	8 No. ware					80,000.00			DADU	MOFA.
Harvest	provision of	Development	davalonment	and ware houses	houses									GOG
narvest	provision of	Development	development	for cashew,	constructed								DA	MLGR
Management	storage			maize, shea										D
	infrastructure with			buttes and other										
				food crops										
	a drying system at													
	the district level													
	and a warehouse													
	receipt system													

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	frame		In	dicative Budg	et	-	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Ensure	Accelerate	Social Services	Health delivery	1.Intensify	8 No.					40,000.00			DHD	DA
affordable,	implementation	Delivery		education on mental health to	community durbars									GHS DPCU
equitable, easily	of the mental			reduce	organized on									NGOs
accessible and	health strategy			stigmatization	mental health									TAs
Universal Health														
Coverage (UHC)														

Adopted	Adopted	Programmes	Sub-	Projects/	Outcome/impa		Time	frame		]	Indicative Budg	jet	Imple	ementing
objectives	strategies		programmes	activities	ct indicators	2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Ag Lead	encies Collab.
Enhance	1. Improve	Infrastructural	Infrastructural	Liaise with	Communities	2010	201)	2020	2021	000	20,000.00	Donor	DA	DWD
application of	telecommunicatio	delivery and	development	mobile	access to									MTN VODAF
ICT in	ns accessibility	management		telecommunicati	mobile network									ONE
national				on companies to	increased from									TOGI ARTEL
development	2.Collaborate			extend mobile	30% to 90%									TAs
	with the private			network										NGOs
	sector to increase			coverage to										
	the broadband,			remote and										
	bandwidth and			unconnected										
	speed of			areas.										
	connections													
	nationwide													

-	Dimension: GOV As Goal(s): Main	,			OUNTABILITY	7								
Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time	frame		In	dicative Budg	et	-	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Improve	Promote effective	Management and	General	1.Encourage the	4 No.					30,000.00			DA	RCC
popular	stakeholder	Administration	Administration	citizens to	community									MLGR D
participation	involvement in			participate in	durbars									TAs
	development			government	organized to									CSOs

at regional and	planning process,			policies, plan	s encourage the					
district levels	local democracy			and programme	s public to show					
	and accountability				interest in					
					public projects					
					and policies					
Improve	Strengthen	Management and	General	2. Condu	t Quarterly			20,000.00	DA	RCC
popular	People's	Administration	Administration	public hearing	, community					MLGR D
participation	Assemblies			Town Ha	l engagement					TAs
at regional and	concept to			meetings ar	d exercises					CSOs
district levels	encourage			social	organized					
	citizens to			accountability						
	participate in			exercises o	1					
	government			project						
				implementation	5					

-	Dimension: GOVEI As Goal(s): Mainta	,			OUNTABILITY	7								
Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	rame		In	dicative Budg	jet		nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Enhance	Transform security	Management	Legislative	1.Provide	Logistics					50,000.00			DA	GPS
public safety	services into a world	and	Oversight	logistics and	supplied for									GOG
and security	class security	Administration		equipment for	police									
	institution with			security	personnel									
	modern			personnel										

infrastructure,	Management	Legislative	2.Construct 2No	2 No. Police			1,200,000.		DA	GPS
including	and	Oversight	Police Post	posts			00			GOG
accommodation,	Administration			constructed						
health and training										
infrastructure										

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time f	rame		In	dicative Budg	et	-	nenting ncies
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Ensure that	Implement	Social Services	Social Welfare	Provide support	Support					40,000.00			DA	MLGR
PWDs enjoy	productive social	Delivery	and	to people with	provided to									D MGCSP
all the benefits	inclusion		Community	disabilities.	PLWD									TAs
of Ghanaian	interventions		Development											NGOs CSOs
citizenship														

Development D	imension: SOCIA	L DEVELOPMEN	NT											
Adopted MDAs	Goal(s): Create opj	portunities for all												
ADOPTED	ADOPTED	PROGRAMME	SUB-	PROJECTS/AC	OUTCOME/IMPA		TIME I	FRAME		INDIC	CATIVE E	BUDGET		EMENT
OBJECTIVES	STRATEGIES		PROGRAMME	TIVITIES	CT INDICATORS								ING A	GENCY
						2018	2019	2020	2021	GOG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Colla.
Attain gender	Introduce	Social Services	Social Welfare	1. Organize 4 No.	4 No training						80,000		SW/C	DA
equality and	measures to	Delivery	and Community	training	programmes on						.00		D Dept.	TAs NGOs
equity in	promote change		Development	programmes for	LED organized for								Dopu	11005
political, social	in the socio-			400 women on	400 women									
and economic	cultural norms			LED to empower										

development	and values			them						
systems and	inhibiting			economically						
outcomes	gender equality	Management and	Planning,	2. Educate and	4 No public			80,000	SW/C	DA
		Administration	budgetary and	encourage women	education organized			.00	D Dept.	TAs NGOs
			coordination	on the need to take	to educate 800				.1	
				part in public	women on the need					
				activities	to take part in public					
					activities.					

Adopted objectives	Adopted strategies	Programmes	Sub- programmes	Projects/ activities	Outcome/impa ct indicators		Time	frame		Ir	dicative Budg	et	-	menting encies
objectives	Strategies		programmes	ucuvines	et multutors	2018	2019	2020	2021	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Deepen political and administrative decentralizatio n	Strengthen sub- district structures	Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	1. Provide office accommodation and logistics to sub-structures	2 No. office accommodation provided for sub-structures					250,000.0 0			DA	RCC MLGR D TAs CSOs
		Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	2.Organize training workshop for Area council Members and Unit Committees	4 No. workshops organized						12,000.00		DA	RCC MLGR D TAs CSOs

# 4.4 INDICATIVE FINANCIAL STRATEGY/PLAN

An Indicative Financial Plan deals with the means for mobilising and utilising financial resources for the implementation of the DMTDP. The matrix below shows the indicative financial plan.

		Expected Reven	ue						
Programme	Total Cost 2018-2021	GOG	IGF	Donor	Others	Total revenue	Gap	Summary of resource mobilisation strategy	Alternative course of action
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	12,535,000.00	4,573,106.43	339,853.02	-		4,912,959.45	7,622,040.55	1. Campaign for IGF mobilization will be intensified.	Proposals will be written and presented to
INFRASTRUCTUR AL DELIVERY AND MANAGEMENT	17,035,000.00	6,214,827.93	461,858.50	-		6,676,686.43	10,358,313.57	2. The DA will explore to identified new rateable items and increase its tax base by covering artisans,	appropriate institutions, NGOs, Banks, Donor agencies
SOCIAL SERVICE DELIVERY	20,057,000.00	7,317,335.12	543,791.95	-		7,861,127.07	12,195,872.93	petty traders and all sort of income generating activities.	and international organizations to solicit funds to
MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION	5,000,000.00	1,824,134.99	135,561.64	-		1,959,696.63	3,040,303.37	3. Potential tourist sites will be developed and improved upon the	supplement the implementation of 2018-2021
ENVIRONMENTAL AND SANITATION MANAGEMENT	1,640,000.00	598,316.28	44,464.22	-		642,780.50	997,219.50	<ul><li>existing ones</li><li>4. The local economy will be re-structured from raw agricultural produce</li></ul>	DMTDP.
TOTAL	56,267,000.00	20,527,720.75	1,525,529.32			22,053,250.08	34,213,749.92	to value addition through industrialization and agro-processing.	

## Table 4.2 Indicative Financial Strategy

The District Assembly will need an amount of **Fifty-Six Million, Two Hundred and Sixty Seven Thousand Ghana Cedis (GH¢ 56,267,000.00)** to successfully implement all the activities in the 2018-2021MTDP as shown in table 4.2. However, projected revenue from all sources within the four year period stands at **GH¢ 22,053,250.08**, giving a gap of **GH¢ 34,213,749.92**. This clearly shows that without strong financial intervention from donors and development partners, the DA will find it difficult to complete the implementations of activities in the plan. Summary of resource mobilization strategy has been shown in the matrix.

## **CHAPTER FIVE**

## ANNUAL ACTION PLANS (AAPs)

This chapter identifies planned programmes from the broad composite Programme of Action but it is on annual bases. The annual activities and their corresponding indicative budget represent the plan of action for each year of implementation (2018; 2019; 2020; 2021).

The AAPs are presented below;

# ANNUAL ACTION PLAN (AAP) FOR 2018

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s): Sa	afeguard the natur	al environm	ent and ensu	re a resilient bu	ilt en	viron	ment						
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Rehabilitate 65km length of existing feeder road	District wide		65km length of feeder road rehabilitated					2,000,0 00.00			DA DWD	DFR GOG MLGRD
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Reshape 35km length of feeder roads in the District	District wide		35km length of feeder roads reshaped					1,000,0 00.00			DA DWD	DFR GOG MLGRD

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1.Support the development of cottage industries to process cashew and shea nut	Dorbor Boase Ahenkro		4 No. cottage industries supported with facilities and fund.						20,0 00.0 0		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	2.Train the youth in bee keeping , mushroom production and batik tie and dye	District Wide		400 youth trained in non-traditional agriculture						10,0 00.0 0		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	3.Sensitize 200 youth to engage in Agriculture	District Wide		800youthsensitizedtoengagedinagriculture						5,00 0.00		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	3.Engage 100 youth in nursery and seedling transplanting under DCACT	District wide		100 youth including 50 males and 50 females engaged in the nursery and					20,00 0.00	20,0 00.0 0		DA DADU	MOFA MLGRD TAs NGOs

				seedling transplanting.						
Economic Development	Trade, Industry and Industrial Development	4.Sensitize communities on income generation activities	District wide	12 No. communities sensitized on LED			10,00 0.00		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2018)	•	Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1.Support government's Free SHS Programme	Banda Ahenkro		BandaSHSmonitored to abidebyFreeSHSPolicies						20,0 00.0 0		BDA.	GES,
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2. Construct 3 No. Residential accommodation for teachers	Bofie, Sabiye and Dorbor		3 No. teachers accommodation constructed					400,0 00.00			Central Admin.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Establish 2 No KGs and 1 Primary School	Kojie, Dorbor		2 No. KGs and 1 primary school established					700,0 00.00			BDA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	4.Construct and equip 2 No ICT centres in schools	Banda Ahenkro, Sabiye		2 No ICT centers constructed in schools					500,0 00.00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	5.Construct 2 No 2 unit KG blocks for schools	Makala Sanwa		2 No 2 unit KG blocks constructed					400,0 00.00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	6.Construct 3 No 3 unit classroom blocks for JHS	Kabrono Sabiye Beima		3 No 3 unit classroom blocks constructed					450,0 00.00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs

delivery vouth	ruct 3 No. 6 ssroom blocks ary schools Bofie	3 No 6 unit classroom blocks constructed	1,000 000.0 0	DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
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Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Bu	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Construct3CommunityHealthPlanningSystems(CHPS)Compoundand 1 health centers	Dompofie Kojei Gbao Saase		3 No CHPS compound and 1 No. Health Centres constructed					400,0 00.00			DA	GHS TAs NGOs
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Furnish clinic, CHPS compound and health centers with logistics	Fawoman Nyire		Logistics supplied to CHPS compounds					20,00 0.00	20,0 00.0 0		DA	GHS TAs NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Bu	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1.Lobby for more Agricultural Extension Agents (AEAs) and veterinary officers	District wide		8 additional AEAs recruited into the district					5,000. 00			DA	DADU MOFA MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	2. Liaise with Private Investors to implement One District One Factory policy	Banda		One factory established under the policy at Banda					500,0 00.00			DA DADU	MOFA MLGRD MOTI RCC

Economic Development	Agricultural development	3.Train the AEAs on the modern method of extension services to farmers	District wide	AEAs trained on modern method of extension services				10,0 00.0 0	DADU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	4.Introduce improved varieties (high yielding, short duration, disease and pest resistance, to 5,000 farmers in 16 communities by end of 2021	District wide	4000 farmers introduced to improved varieties in 16 communities			20,00 0.00		DADU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	6.Facilitate easy access to farming inputs by farmers	District wide	Fertilizers and agro chemicals supplied to farmers through planting for food and job programme			500,0 00.00		DA, DADU	MOFA, RCC, NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	7.Train 1000 farmers on input use to avoid misapplication	District wide	1000 farmers trained on right method of inputs usage.			10,00 0.00		DADU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	8.Facilitate the formation of farmer groups and their access to credit facilities	District wide	FBOs formed and linked to financial institutions				10,0 00.0 0	DADU DA	MOFA .GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	9.Organize national farmers day	Selected communiti es	Farmers day celebration organized			40,00 0.00		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	10. Facilitate access to tractors by farmers	District wide	4 No. tractors made available to farmers			200,0 00.00		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	11. Carry out PPR vaccination on adequate number of ruminant and poultry to prevent out break	District wide	No. of PPR vaccination exercise carried out			50,00 0.00		DADU DA	MOFA.G OG MLGRD

Economic Development	Agricultural development	12.Provide adequate and effective extension knowledge in livestock	District wide	No. of extension services provided			30,00 0.00		DADU DA	MOFA.G OG MLGRD
		management								

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	_	-	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	1.Construct 1 No small	Banda		1 No small town					1,000,			DA	DEHU
Delivery and	development	town water system	Ahenkro		water system constructed					000.0 0			CWSA	GOG NGOs
Management														
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	2.Drill 20 No. boreholes	District		20 No. boreholes drilled					200,0			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG
Delivery and	development	borenoies	wide		unneu					00.00			CWSA	NGOs
Management														11005
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	3. Mechanized 8 No.	District		8 No. boreholes					160,0			DA	DEHU
Delivery and	development	Boreholes	wide		mechanized					00.00			CWSA	GOG NGOs
Management														
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	4.Replace broken	Sabiye		Broken Polytank						20,0		DA	DEHU
Delivery and	development	polytank	•		at Sabiye replaced						00.0		CWSA	GOG NGOs
Management											0			NOOS
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	5.Train WSMTs in	District		Training	1				20,00			DA	DEHU
Delivery and	development	basic management of water and sanitation	wide		programme organized					0.00			CWSA	GOG NGOs
Management					- 6									

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	y Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Bu	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Trade, Industry and Industrial Development	1.Undertake business identification survey	District Wide		50microenterprisesidentifiedandregisteredforsupport						7,00 0.00		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs
Economic Development	Trade, Industry and Industrial Development	2.Support local apprentice with a start-up capital for business development	District wide		100 MSMEs identified and given soft loans to start or expand business					20,00 0.000	20,0 00.0 0		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Planning, Budgeting and Coordination	1.Organize capacity building training for staff and senior management	Banda Ahenkro		Capacity building programmes organized						40,00 0.00		DA	DPCU RCC MLGRD
Management and Administration	Planning, Budgeting and Coordination	2.Support planning and budgeting activities	Banda Ahenkro		AAPs and Composite budget prepared					10,00 0.00	10,00 0.00		DA DPCU	MDPC MLGRD RCC
Management and Administration	Planning, Budgeting and Coordination	3.Prepare District Medium term development plan	Banda Ahenkro		2018-2021 DMTDP prepared					30,00 0.00			DA DPCU	MDPC MLGRD RCC

Management	Planning,	4.Conduct	District wide	4 No. PM&E		20,00		DA	MDPC
and	Budgeting and	participatory		conducted		0.00		DPCU	MLGRD
and	Dudgeting and	Monitoring and				0.00			RCC
Administration	Coordination	Evaluation of Projects							

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	rterly dule (			Indicat	tive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Educate communities on environmental hygiene and sanitation	Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye		2 No. community durbars organised on environmental						20,00 0.00		DEHU	DA CWSA
Management and Administration	General Administration	2.Support CLTS programme	District wide		CLTS programme supported					20,00 0.00			DEHU	DA CWSA TAs
Management and Administration	General Administration	3.Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	District wide		120 No households latrines constructed					20,00 0.00			DEHU	DA CWSA TAs
Management and Administration	General Administration	4.Procure refuse containers and distribute to communities	Banda Ahenkro Weiwa and Beima		3 No. refuse containers procured					30,00 0.00			DA	Zoomlio n GH Ltd DEHU CWSA
Management and Administration	General Administration	5.Procure sanitation equipment for environmental health unit	Banda Ahenkro		Sanitation equipment procured						10,00 0.00		DA	CWSA DEHU
Management and Administration	General Administration	6.Construct public toilet facilities in needy communities	Bui Saase Kabrono Makala and		5 No. public toilet constructed					600,0 00.00			DA	CWSA DEHU

			Gbao							
Management and Administration	General Administration	7.Construct toilet facilities in schools/ Institutional latrines	Selected schools	4 No. Institutional latrines constructed			500,0 00.00		DA	CWSA DEHU GES

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	rterly dule (			Indicat	tive Budg	get	Implen Agenci	nenting es
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Liaised with GHS to recruit 10 health professionals into the district	District wide		10 additional health professionals recruited						5,000. 00		GHS	DA MLGRD
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Support the NID and Malaria roll back campaign	District wide		NID and Malaria programme carried out					10,00 0.00			GHS	DA TAs
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3.Distribute 1000 pieces of ITN to pregnant women	District wide		1000 pieces of ITN distributed						10,00 0.00		GHS	DA
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	4.Sensitize women groups on maternal mortality	District wide		3 No women groups sensitized on maternal mortality					6,000. 00			GHS	DA
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	5. Organize training workshop for TBAs and CBS	District wide		2 No. Workshops organized for TBAs NAD CBS.					15,00 0.00			GHS	DA NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	v	y Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	1. Extend electricity to new sites of 3 selected communities.	Kabrono Weiwa Banda Ahenkro		Electricity extended to new sites of 3 communities					500,000 .00			DA.	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	2.Acquire electricity poles	District wide		1000 electric poles procure for electricity extension					500,000 .00			DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	3.Procure street light	District wide		500 streets light procured for extension and rehabilitations					20,000. 00			DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	4.Rehabilitate street lights	Sanwa Kanka Bofie		Streets light of 3 communities rehabilitated						30,000. 00		DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	5.Extension and connection of 3 No. schools to electricity	Selected Schools		3 No. schools connected to electricity					30,00 0.00			DA	VRA, PTA, MoE, GES

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budge	t	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Don or	Lead	Collab.
Social services delivery	Education and youth	1.Provide scholarship package for the needy but brilliant students	District wide		10 Students given scholarship						30,000.0 0		DA	GES MoE TAs
	development													PTA

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1.Educate school children on teenage pregnancy especially the females	District wide		5000 pupils/students including 3500 females and 1500 males educated on teenage pregnancy						5,000. 000		DA	GES GHS

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2018)				Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	8
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.

Social Services	Social Welfare	1. Sensitize the public	Banda	5 communities			10,00	DA	DPCU
Delivery	and Community	to report abuse cases	Ahenkro Weiwa	sensitized to report abuse cases			0.000		TAs, MGCSP
	Development		Bofie, Saase						MOCDI

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Intensify free HIV Counselling and Testing programme	District wide		100 people freely tested their HIV status					20,000. 00			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Provide care and support services for PLWHIV	District wide		Care and support services provided for PLWHIV						20,00 0.00		DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3.Support HIV/AIDS surveillance	District wide		ART given to PLWHIV					30.000. 00			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	4. Intensify free compulsory screening of all pregnant women at all health centers	District wide		20 pregnant women screened on HIV pandemic					3,000.0 0			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous S	ociety					
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2018)	Indicative Budget	Implementing Agencies

					1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	1.Sensitize the public on the need to pay tax	Banda Ahenkro	1 No. communit durbars organize to sensitized th public on the nee to pay tax	d e					5,000. 00		DA	TAs Ass. Members
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	2.Prepare revenue database	District wide	Database o ratable item prepared					30,000. 00			DA	TAs Ass. Members
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	3.Intensify monitoring of revenue collection	District wide	Taskforce established t monitor revenu collection	o e					6,000. 00		DA	TAs Ass. Members
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	4.Organize 1 capacity building workshops for rev. collectors	Banda Ahenkro	1 No capacit building exercis organized for revenue collector	e or				5,000.0 0			DA	TAs Ass. Members

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous S	ociety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Impleme Agencies	e
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial Development	1. Establish cassava processing factory	Banda Ahenkro		Cassava processing factory established					1,000,0 00.00			DA DADU	MOFA FBOs MOTI TAs NGOs

Economic	Trade, Tourism	2. Construct 1 no.	Banda	1 No. market shed			12,000.	DA	MLGRD
Development	and Industrial	market shed facility	Ahenkro	constructed			00		DPCU
	Development								

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all			-								
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1. Provide TLMs to schools	District wide		TLMs supplied to schools					20,000. 00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2.Procure 1000 dual desk for schools	District wide		1000 dual desk supplied to schools						50,00 0.00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Organize In-service training workshop for teachers, Heads and circuit supervisors	Banda Ahenkro		2 No in-service training organized for teachers						20,00 0.00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs

Social services delivery	Education and youth development	4.Educate communities on Girl Child Education	District wide	2 No. community durbars organized on girl child education			12,00 0.00	BDA	TAs PTAs NGOs GES
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	5.Organize my first day at school	All schools	1 No. my first day at school organized in each school			20,00 0.00	BDA	GES
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	6.Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	District wide	Annual inter- school sports festival organized			20,000. 00	DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	l environment	and ensure a r	esilient built enviro	nment	,							
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time 2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	1.Formation of fire volunteers to fight against bush fires	District wide		10 fire volunteers groups formed						30,000. 00		NADM O	NGOs, DA
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	2.Organize tree plantation Exercise in the Communities along the game reserve	District wide		2000 Tress planted					20,000. 00			FSD	NGOs, DA , Game & wildlife
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	3.Organize Annual Anti-Bush fire campaigns for flash communities	District wide		Anti-Bush fire campaign organized annually						10,000. 00		NADM O	NGOs, DA

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators		rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	1.Acquire land banks for future purpose	District wide		Lands banks acquired					15,000. 00			central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	2.Enforce laws on building regulation	District wide		Laws enforced						10,000. 00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	3.Design planning scheme for Communities	District wide		Planning scheme designed for communities					200,000 .00			central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	4. Sensitize traditional authorities and communities on the need for development permit.	District wide		Communities and TA sensitized on the need for development permit						10,000. 00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	5. Support the implementation of street naming and property addressing system	District wide		Street naming project supported					20,000. 00			central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	6. Re-settle Aglekame community	Aglekame		Aglekame community re- settled on different location					2,000,0 00.00			DA	TCPD, TA, Commun ities

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-		7 Time 2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Environmental	Disaster	1.Procure relief items	District wide		Relief items					50,000.			NADM	DA
and sanitation	prevention and	to be given to disaster victims			procured					00			0	
management	management													
Environmental	Disaster	2. Provide support	District wide		Support and job						20,000.		DA	MGCSP
and sanitation	prevention and	and job training to the physically			training provided to the physically						00			GOG RCC
management	management	challenged			challenged									

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Maintain a stable,	united and sa	afe society										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Management	General	1.Construct residential	Banda		2 No bungalows					300,000			DA	GOG
and	Administration	accommodation for Decentralized	Ahenkro		constructed for Decentralized					.00				MLGRD
Administration		Departments			departments									
Management	General	2.Procure office	Banda		Logistics						10,000.		DA	MLGRD
and	Administration	equipment and logistics for DA and	Ahenkro		procured for offices of DPCU						00			DPCU
Administration		other departments			members									

Management and Administration	General Administration	3.Complete the construction of Office Administration block	Banda Ahenkro	Office Administration block completed			120,000 .00		DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	4. Provide stationary for administrative activities	Banda Ahenkro	Stationary supplied for administrative work			20,000. 00		 DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	5.Conduct quarterly statutory meetings for the administration of the DA	Banda Ahenkro	Statutory meetings conducted			20,000. 00		DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	6. Maintain office vehicles	Banda Ahenkro	Broken official vehicles repaired				15,000. 00	DA	MLGRD DPCU

Adopted MDA	s Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Social Services	Health delivery	1.Intensify education	Banda		2 No. community					10,000.			DHD	DA
Delivery		on mental health to	Ahenkro and		durbars organized					00				GHS
ý		reduce stigmatization	Dorbor		on mental health									DPCU NGOs
														TAs

Adopted MDA	s Goal(s):	Maintain a stable,	united and s	afe society										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Management	Legislative	1.Provide logistics and	Banda		Logistics supplied					50,000.			DA	GPS
and	Oversight	equipment for security	Ahenkro		for police personnel					00				GOG
Administration		personnel			-									
Management	Legislative	2.Construct 1No Police	Bui		1 No. Police posts					600,000			DA	GPS
and	Oversight	Post			constructed					.00				GOG
Administration														

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	<sup>-</sup> Time 2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community	Provide support to people with disabilities	District wide		Support provided to PLWD					10,000. 00			DA	MLGRD MGCSP TAs
	Development													NGOs CSOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2018)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	Provide office           accommodation         and           logistics         to         sub           structures         Structures         Structures	Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye		2 No. office accommodation provided for sub- structures					250,000 .00			DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	2.Organize training workshop for Area council Members and Unit Committees	Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye		2 No. office accommodation provided for sub- structures						12,000. 00		DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs

## ANNUAL ACTION PLAN (AAP) FOR 2019

Adopted MDA Programmes	As Goal(s): Sa Sub- programmes	afeguard the natur Activities (Operations)	al environmo	ent and ensu Baseline	re a resilient bu Output Indicators	Qua	rterly	ment 7 Time (2019)	,	Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Rehabilitate 15km length of existing feeder road	District wide		15km length of feeder road rehabilitated					500,000 .00			DA DWD	DFR GOG MLGRD
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Reshape 20km length of feeder roads in the District	District wide		20km length of feeder roads reshaped					400,000 .00			DA DWD	DFR GOG MLGRD

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	•	•	7 Time 2019)	!	Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1.Support the development of cottage industries to process cashew and shea nut	Dorbor Boase Ahenkro		4 No. cottage industries supported with facilities and fund.						20,0 00.0 0		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	2.Train the youth in bee keeping , mushroom production and batik tie and dye	District Wide		400 youth trained in non-traditional agriculture						10,0 00.0 0		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	3.Sensitize 200 youth to engage in Agriculture	District Wide		800 youth sensitized to engaged in agriculture						5,00 0.00		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs

Economic	Agricultural	4.Engage 100 youth in	District wide	100 youth			20,00	20,0	DA	MOFA
Development	development	nursery and seedling transplanting under		including 50 males and 50			0.00	00.0	DADU	MLGRD TAs
		DCACT		females engaged				0		NGOs
				in the nursery and						
				seedling						
				transplanting.						
Economic	Trade, Industry	5.Sensitize	District	12 No.			20,00		BAC	DPCU
Development	and Industrial	communities on	wide	communities			0.00		DA	TAs
Development		income generation		sensitized on LED						NGOs
	Development	activities								

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2019)		Indica	tive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	$2^{nd}$	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1.Support government's Free SHS Programme	Banda Ahenkro		BandaSHSmonitored to abidebyFreeSHSPolicies						20,000 .00		BDA.	GES,
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2. Construct 2 No. Residential accommodation for teachers	Beima and Bui		2 No. teachers accommodation constructed					400,00 0.00			Central Admin.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Establish 2 No KGs and 1 Primary School	Kojie, Dorbor		2 No. KGs and 1 primary school established					1,300, 000.00			BDA.	GES, Donor Agencie , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	4.Construct and equip 2 No ICT centres in schools	Bui and Bofie		2 No ICT centers constructed in schools					500,00 0.00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs

Social services delivery	Education and youth development	5.Construct 3 No 2 unit KG blocks for schools	Sabaye Dormori and Makala	3 No 2 unit KG blocks constructed		800,00 0.00	DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	6.Construct 3 No 3 unit classroom blocks for JHS	Kabrono Sabiye Beima	3 No 3 unit classroom blocks constructed		450,00 0.00	DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	7.Construct 3 No. 6 unit classroom blocks for Primary schools	Weiwa Banda Ahenkro Sabiye	3 No 6 unit classroom blocks constructed		1,000 ,000. 00	DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2019)	:	Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Construct2CommunityHealthPlanningSystems(CHPS)Compoundand 1 health centers	Sabiye Dormori Beima		2 No CHPS compound and 1 No. Health Centres constructed					400,000 .00			DA	GHS TAs NGOs
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Furnish clinic, CHPS compound and health centers with logistics	Bofie Weiwa		Logistics supplied to CHPS compounds					20,000. 00	20,00 0.00		DA	GHS TAs NGOs
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3. Expand Banda Ahenkro Health Center into a Hospital	Banda Ahenkro		1 No. Hospital established in the district					1,000,0 00.00			DA	GHS NGOs GOG

							1
							1
							1

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	_	•	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1.Lobby for more Agricultural Extension Agents (AEAs) and veterinary officers	District wide		7 additional AEAs recruited into the district					5,000. 00			DA	DADU MOFA MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	2.Organize training workshop for processing groups in value addition (value chain concept, packaging, branding, quality control, environmental hygiene)	Banda Ahenkro		1 No. workshops organized for processing groups						10,00 0.00		DA, DADU	MOFA, RCC, NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	3.Train the AEAs on the modern method of extension services to farmers	District wide		AEAs trained on modern method of extension services						10,00 0.00		DADU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	4.Introduce improved varieties (high yielding, short duration, disease and pest resistance, to 4,000 farmers in 16 communities by end of 2021	District wide		4000 farmers introduced to improved varieties in 16 communities					20,00 0.00			DADU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	5. Liaise with Private Investors to implement One District One Factory policy	Banda		One factory established under the policy at Banda					500,0 00.00			DA DADU	MOFA MLGRD MOTI RCC

Economic	Agricultural	6.Facilitate easy access	District	Fertilizers and			500,0		DA,	MOFA,
Development	development	to farming inputs by farmers	wide	agro chemicals supplied to farmers through planting for food and job programme			00.00		DADU	RCC, NGOs
Economic	Agricultural	7.Train 1000 farmers	District	1000 farmers			10,00		DADU	DA
Development	development	on input use to avoid misapplication	wide	trained on right method of inputs usage.			0.00			MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	8.Facilitate the formation of farmer groups and their access to credit facilities	District wide	FBOs formed and linked to financial institutions				10,00 0.00	DADU DA	MOFA .GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	9.Organize national farmers day	Selected communiti es	Farmers day celebration organized			40,00 0.00		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGRD
Economic	Agricultural	10. Facilitate access to	District	2 No. tractors			100,0		DADU	MOFA.
Development	development	tractors by farmers	wide	made available to farmers			00.00		DA	GOG MLGRD
Economic	Agricultural	11. Carry out PPR	District	No. of PPR			50,00		DADU	MOFA.G
Development	development	vaccination on adequate number of ruminant and poultry to prevent out break	wide	vaccination exercise carried out			0.00		DA	OG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	12.Provide adequate and effective extension knowledge in livestock management	District wide	No. of extension services provided			30,00 0.00		DADU DA	MOFA.G OG MLGRD

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	1.Construct 1 No small town water system	Banda Ahenkro		1 No small town water system constructed					1,000, 000.0 0			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	2.Drill 10 No. boreholes	District wide		10 No. boreholes drilled					100,0 00.00			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	3. Mechanized 5 No. Boreholes	District wide		5 No. boreholes mechanized					100,0 00.00			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	4.Train WATSAN committee in basic management of water and sanitation	District wide		Training programme organized					20,00 0.00			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous So	ciety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-		7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Bu	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Trade, Industry and Industrial Development	1.Undertake business identification survey	District Wide		50 micro enterprises identified and registered for support						8,000 .00		BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs

Economic	Trade, Industry	2.Support local	District	100 MSMEs			20,000.	20,00	BAC	DPCU
Development	and Industrial	apprentice with a	wide	identified and			000	0.00	DA	TAs
Development		start-up capital for		given soft loans to						NGOs
	Development	business		start or expand						
		development		business						

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Planning, Budgeting and Coordination	1.Organize capacity building training for staff and senior management	Banda Ahenkro		Capacity building programmes organized						40,00 0.00		DA	DPCU RCC MLGRD
Management and Administration	Planning, Budgeting and Coordination	2.Support planning and budgeting activities	Banda Ahenkro		AAPs and Composite budget prepared					10,00 0.00	10,00 0.00		DA DPCU	MDPC MLGRD RCC
Management and Administration	Planning, Budgeting and Coordination	3.Conduct participatory Monitoring and Evaluation of Projects	District wide		4 No. PM&E conducted					20,00 0.00			DA DPCU	MDPC MLGRD RCC

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators			7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Educate communities on environmental hygiene and sanitation	Weiwa and Bui		2 No. community durbars organised on environmental						20,00 0.00		DEHU	DA CWSA
Management and Administration	General Administration	2.Support CLTS programme	District wide		CLTS programme supported					20,00 0.00			DEHU	DA CWSA TAs
Management and Administration	General Administration	3.Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	District wide		120 No households latrines constructed						30,00 0.00		DEHU	DA CWSA TAs
Management and Administration	General Administration	4.Procure refuse containers and distribute to communities	Sabiye and Makala		2 No. refuse containers procured					20,00 0.00			DA	Zoomlio n GH Ltd DEHU CWSA
Management and Administration	General Administration	5.Procure sanitation equipment for environmental health unit	Banda Ahenkro		Sanitation equipment procured						10,00 0.00		DA	CWSA DEHU
Management and Administration	General Administration	6.Construct public toilet facilities in needy communities	Kanka Sabiye Bofie		5 No. public toilet constructed					600,0 00.00			DA	CWSA DEHU

			Beima and Dorbor							
Management	General	7.Construct toilet	Selected	4 No. Institutional			500,0		DA	CWSA
and	Administration	facilities in schools/ Institutional latrines	schools	latrines constructed			00.00			DEHU GES
Administration										

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Liaised with GHS to recruit 10 health professionals into the district	District wide		10 additional health professionals recruited						5,000. 00		GHS	DA MLGRD
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Support the NID and Malaria roll back campaign	District wide		NID and Malaria programme carried out					10,00 0.00			GHS	DA TAs
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3.Distribute 1000 pieces of ITN to pregnant women	District wide		1000 pieces of ITN distributed						10,00 0.00		GHS	DA
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	4.Sensitize women groups on maternal mortality	District wide		3 No women groups sensitized on maternal mortality					6,000. 00			GHS	DA
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	5. Organize training workshop for TBAs and CBS	District wide		2 No. Workshops organized for TBAs NAD CBS.					20,00 0.00			GHS	DA NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implen Agenci	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	1. Extend electricity to new sites of 2 selected communities.	Makala and Sabiye		Electricity extended to new sites of 2 communities					400,000 .00			DA.	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	2.Acquire electricity poles	District wide		1000 electric poles procure for electricity extension					500,000 .00			DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	3.Procure street light	District wide		500 streets light procured for extension and rehabilitations					20,000. 00			DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	4.Rehabilitate street lights	Kabrono Sabiye Bui		Streets light of 3 communities rehabilitated						30,000. 00		DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities

Infrastructural	Infrastructural	5.Extension and	Selected	3 No. schools			30,00		DA	VRA,
Delivery and	development	connection of 3 No.	Schools	connected to			0.00			PTA,
5	development	schools to electricity		electricity			0.00			MoE,
Management										GES

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budge	t	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Don	Lead	Collab.
												or		
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1.Provide scholarship package for the needy but brilliant students	District wide		10 Students given scholarship						30,000.0 0		DA	GES MoE TAs PTA
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2.Extend school feeding programme to needy communities	Sabiye		School feeding programme expanded					500,000 .00			DA	MGCSP GES PTAs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Social Services	Social Welfare	1.Educate school	District		5000						5,000.		DA	GES
Delivery	and Community	children on teenage pregnancy especially	wide		pupils/students including 3500						000			GHS
	Development	the females			females and 1500									
					males educated on									
					teenage									
					pregnancy									

Γ	Social Services	Social Welfare	2.Organize community	Beima and	2 No. community			10,000.		DA	TAs
	Delivery	and Community	durbars on substance	Banda	durbars organized			00			NGOS
	Denvery	and community	abuse among		in communities						NGOS
		Development	adolescent								GHS

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencies	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Sensitize the public to report abuse cases	District wide		5 communities sensitized to report abuse cases						10,00 0.000		DA	DPCU TAs MGCSP

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	U
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Liaise with MGCSP to expand the LEAP cover the needed communities	Saase and Kanka		LEAP Programme extended to cover Kanka and Saase communities						15,000. 00		DA	MLGRD RCC MGCSP
	Development	communities			communities									

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	U
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Intensify free HIV Counselling and Testing programme	District wide		100 people freely tested their HIV status					20,000. 00			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Provide care and support services for PLWHIV	District wide		Care and support services provided for PLWHIV						20,00 0.00		DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3.Support HIV/AIDS surveillance	District wide		ART given to PLWHIV					30.000. 00			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	4. Intensify free compulsory screening of all pregnant women at all health centers	District wide		20 pregnant women screened on HIV pandemic					3,000.0 0			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH

Adopted MDAs Goal(s): Build a Prosperous Society

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-		7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	1.Sensitize the public on the need to pay tax	Sabiye		1 No. community durbars organized to sensitized the public on the need to pay tax						5,000. 00		DA	TAs Ass. Members
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	2.Prepare revenue database	District wide		Database on ratable items prepared					30,000. 00			DA	TAs Ass. Members
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	3.Intensify monitoring of revenue collection	District wide		Taskforce established to monitor revenue collection						6,000. 00		DA	TAs Ass. Members
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	4.Organize 1 capacity building workshops for rev. collectors	Banda Ahenkro		1 No capacity building exercise organized for revenue collectors					5,000.0 0			DA	TAs Ass. Members

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous S	ociety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencies	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial Development	1. Establish cassava processing factory	Banda Ahenkro		Cassava processing factory established					1,000,0 00.00			DA DADU	MOFA FBOs MOTI TAs NGOs

Economic	Trade, Tourism	2. Construct 1 no.	Bui	1 No. market shed			15,000.	DA	MLGRD
Development	and Industrial	market shed facility		constructed			00		DPCU
	Development								

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous S	ociety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1.Support the development of potential irrigation dams	Bui Bofie Dorbor Kanka		4 No irrigation dams constructed under					300,000 .00			MOFA	NGOs, WFP,Ce ntral Admin

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-		7 Time 2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencies	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1. Provide TLMs to schools	District wide		TLMs supplied to schools					20,000. 00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs

Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2.Procure 1000 dual desk for schools	District wide	1000 dual desk supplied to schools			50,00 0.00	DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Organize In-service training workshop for teachers, Heads and circuit supervisors	Banda Ahenkro	2 No in-service training organized for teachers			20,00 0.00	DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	4.Educate communities on Girl Child Education	District wide	2 No. community durbars organized on girl child education			12,00 0.00	BDA	TAs PTAs NGOs GES
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	5.Organize my first day at school	All schools	1 No. my first day at school organized in each school			20,00 0.00	BDA	GES
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	6.Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	District wide	Annual inter- school sports festival organized			20,000. 00	DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	7.Construct 2 No. semi-detached quarters for SHS Masters	Banda SHS	2 No. Bungalows constructed for Banda SHS		600,000 .00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies GOG

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	al environment													
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2019)Indicative BudgetImplementing Agencies						0				
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.		

Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	1.Formation of fire volunteers to fight against bush fires	District wide	10 fire volunteers groups formed				30,000. 00	NADM O	NGOs, DA
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	2.Organize tree plantation Exercise in the Communities along the game reserve	District wide	2000 Tress planted			20,000. 00		FSD	NGOs, DA , Game & wildlife
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	3.Organize Annual Anti-Bush fire campaigns for flash communities	District wide	Anti-Bush fire campaign organized annually				10,000. 00	NADM O	NGOs, DA
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	4.Organize workshop to educate communities and stakeholders on the dangers of environmental Degradation	Banda Ahenkro and Bui	2 No workshops organized to educate stakeholders				15,000. 00	FSD DA	NGOs, DA , Game & wildlife

As Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	l environment	and ensure a re	silient built enviro	nment	,							
Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-				Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencies	0
					1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural	Facilitate supplying of	District wide		400 electric						2,000.0		DA	VRA
development	households' meters to needy communities			meters supplied to households						0			ECG GOG
	Sub- programmes	Sub- programmes     Activities (Operations)       Infrastructural development     Facilitate supplying of households' meters to	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationInfrastructural developmentFacilitate supplying of households' meters toDistrict wide	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationBaselineInfrastructural developmentFacilitate supplying of households' meters toDistrict wide	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationBaselineOutput IndicatorsInfrastructural developmentFacilitate supplying of households' meters toDistrict wide400 meters supplied to	Sub- programmes     Activities (Operations)     Location     Baseline     Output Indicators     Qua sche 1 <sup>st</sup> Infrastructural development     Facilitate supplying of households' meters to     District wide bistrict wide     400 electric meters supplied to     400 electric meters supplied to	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationBaselineOutput IndicatorsQuarterly scheule ( $1^{st}$ Infrastructural developmentFacilitate supplying of households' meters toDistrict wide l400 electric meters supplied to $400$ electric meters supplied to	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationBaselineOutput IndicatorsQuarterly Time schedule (2019)Infrastructural developmentFacilitate supplying of households' meters toDistrict wide400 meters supplied to400 meters supplied to $400$ meters supplied to	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationBaselineOutput IndicatorsQuarterly Time schedule (2019)Infrastructural developmentFacilitate supplying of households' meters toDistrict wide bistrict wide400 meters supplied to $400$ meters supplied to $400$ meters supplied to $400$ meters supplied to	Sub- programmes     Activities (Operations)     Location     Baseline     Output Indicators     Quarterly Time schetule (2019)     Indicators       Infrastructural development     Facilitate supplying of households' meters to     District wide     400     electric meters supplied to     Image: Comparison of the supplied to     Image: Comparison of the supplication of the suppl	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationBaselineOutput IndicatorsQuarterly Time scheule (2019)Indicatve BudgInfrastructural developmentFacilitate supplying of households' meters toDistrict wide Image: Supplet toA00 meters supplied toSupplet to Image: Supplet toSupplet to Image: Supplet toIndicatorsIndicatorsSupplet to Supplet toSupplet to Image: Supplet to Image: Supplet toSupplet to Image: Supplet to Image: Supplet toSupplet to Image: Supplet to Image: Supplet to Image: Supplet toSupplet to Image: Supplet to I	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationBaselineOutput Indicators $Quarterly Timeschedule (2019)Indicators<$	Sub- programmesActivities (Operations)LocationBaselineOutput IndicatorsQuarterly Time schedule (2019)Indicative BudgetImplement AgenciesInfrastructural developmentFacilitate supplying of households' meters toDistrict wide400 meters supplied to $400$ meters <t< td=""></t<>

Adopted MDAs Goal(s):

Safeguard the natural environment and ensure a resilient built environment

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators			7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	1.Acquire land banks for future purpose	District wide		Lands banks acquired					15,000. 00			central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	2.Enforce laws on building regulation	District wide		Laws enforced						10,000. 00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	3.Design planning scheme for Communities	District wide		Planning scheme designed for communities					100,000 .00			central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	4. Sensitize traditional authorities and communities on the need for development permit.	District wide		Communities and TA sensitized on the need for development permit						10,000. 00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	5. Support the implementation of street naming and property addressing system	District wide		Street naming project supported					20,000. 00			central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	6. Re-settle Aglekame community	Aglekame		Aglekame community re- settled on different location					1,000,0 00.00			DA	TCPD, TA, Commun ities

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	Time 2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Expand MASLOC to cover needy communities	Aglekame and Kanka		MASLOC Programme expanded					30,000. 00			DA	MLGRD RCC TAs MGCSP

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	al environment	and ensure a 1	esilient built enviro	nment	ţ							
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Environmental and sanitation management	Disaster prevention and management	1.Procure relief items to be given to disaster victims	District wide		Relief items procured					50,000. 00			NADM O	DA
Environmental and sanitation management	Disaster prevention and management	2. Provide support and job training to the physically challenged	District wide		Support and job training provided to the physically challenged						20,000. 00		DA	MGCSP GOG RCC
Environmental and sanitation management	Disaster prevention and management	3.Construct drains in communities	Bui and Dormori		Drains constructed in needy communities					500,000 .00			DA	TAs CSOs GOG

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Maintain a stable,	united and sa	afe society										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Construct residential accommodation for Decentralized Departments	Banda Ahenkro		2 No bungalows constructed for Decentralized departments					300,000 .00			DA	GOG MLGRD
Management and Administration	General Administration	2.Procure office equipment and logistics for DA and other departments	Banda Ahenkro		Logistics procured for offices of DPCU members						10,000. 00		DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	3.Construct 2No.Teachers quarters	Bongase/Bui settlement		2No. teachers quarters constructed					120,000 .00			DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	4. Provide stationary for administrative activities	Banda Ahenkro		Stationary supplied for administrative work					20,000. 00			DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	5.Conduct quarterly statutory meetings for the administration of the DA	Banda Ahenkro		Statutory meetings conducted					20,000. 00			DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	6. Maintain office vehicles	Banda Ahenkro		Broken official vehicles repaired						15,000. 00		DA	MLGRD DPCU

Adopted MDAs Goal(s): Build a Pros

**Build a Prosperous Society** 

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	<sup>-</sup> Time 2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Economic	Trade, Tourism	1. Develop 4 No	District wide		Bui national Park,					300,000			DA	MOT
Development	and Industrial	tourist sites in the			Bui Dam, Black					.00				GOG
Development	and mousura	district			Volta supported									TAs
	Development				and developed to									NGOs
					boost tourist									
					attraction.									
Economic	Trade, Tourism	2. Rehabilitate 10km	Bui		10km length of					500,000			DA	MOT
Development	and Industrial	length of roads			tourist site roads					.00				GOG
Development	anu muusutat	linking tourist sites			rehabilitated									TAs
	Development													NGOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous So	ciety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	perations) Indicators schedule (2019) Ag							Implem Agencie	0			
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	Construct silos and ware houses for cashew, maize, shea buttes and other food crops	Banda Ahenkro Sabiye and Beima		3 No. ware houses constructed					30,000. 00			DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGRD

Adopted MDA	as Goal(s):	Create opportunities	s for all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2019)				Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencies	0
						$\begin{array}{c c} 1^{\text{st}} & 2^{\text{nd}} & 3^{\text{rd}} & 4\text{th} \end{array}$		GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.		

Social Services	Health delivery	1.Intensify education	Makala and	2 No. community			10,000.		DHD	DA
Delivery		on mental health to	Bui	durbars organized			00			GHS
Derivery		reduce stigmatization		on mental health						DPCU
										NGOs
										TAs

Adopted MDA	as Goal(s):	Safeguard the n	atural enviro	onment and e	ensure a resilient	t <b>buil</b> t	t envi	ironn	lent					
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	Liaise with mobile	District wide		Communities						8,000.0		DA	DWD
delivery and	development	telecommunication			access to mobile						0			MTN
derivery and	development	companies to extend			network increased									VODAF
management		mobile network			from 30% to 50%									ONE
		coverage to remote												TOGI
		and unconnected												ARTEL
		areas.												TAs
														NGOs

Adopted MDAs Goal(s):	Maintain a stable, united and safe society
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Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Encouragethecitizensto participateingovernmentpolicies,plansandprogrammes	District wide		4 No. community durbars organized to encourage the public to show interest in public projects and policies					10,000. 00			DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs
Management and Administration	General Administration	2. Conduct public hearing, Town Hall meetings and social accountability exercises on project implementations	District wide		Quarterly community engagement exercises organized						20,000. 00		DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Maintain a stable,	united and sa	afe society										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time 2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	e
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management	Legislative	1.Provide logistics and	Banda		Logistics supplied					50,000.			DA	GPS
and Administration	Oversight	equipment for security personnel	Ahenkro		for police personnel					00				GOG

Management	Legislative	2.Construct 1No Police	Bongase	1 No. Police posts			600,000		DA	GPS
and	Oversight	Post		constructed			.00			GOG
Administration										

Adopted MDA	as Goal(s):	Create opportunities fo	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	Quarterly Time schedule (2019)			Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Provide support to people with disabilities	District wide		Support provided to PLWD					10,000. 00			DA	MLGRD MGCSP TAs NGOs CSOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities for	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	Quarterly Timeschedule (2019)1st2nd3rd4th			Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Organize 1 No. training programmes for 200 women on LED to empower them economically	Banda and Sabiye		2 No training programmes on LED organized for 200 women						30,000. 00		SW/CD Dept.	DA TAs NGOs

Social Services	Social Welfare	2. Educate and	District wide	4 No public			30,000.	SW/CD	DA
Delivery	and Community	encourage women on		education			00	Dept.	TAs NGOs
	Development	the need to take part in		organized to					
		public activities		educate 800					
				women on the					
				need to take part					
				in public					
				activities.					

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2019)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
Management Fina						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	1.       Provide office         accommodation       and         logistics       to       sub         structures	Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye		2 No. office accommodation provided for sub- structures					250,000 .00			DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	2.Organize training workshop for Area council Members and Unit Committees	Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye		2 No. office accommodation provided for sub- structures						12,000. 00		DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs

## ANNUAL ACTION PLAN (AAP) FOR 2020

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s): Sa	afeguard the natur	al environmo	ent and ensu	re a resilient bu	ilt env	viron	ment						
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Rehabilitate 20km length of existing feeder road	District wide		20km length of feeder road rehabilitated					800,000 .00			DA DWD	DFR GOG MLGRD
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Reshape 20km length of feeder roads in the District	District wide		20km length of feeder roads reshaped					500,000 .00			DA DWD	DFR GOG MLGRD

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Economic	Agricultural	1.Support the	Dorbor		4 No. cottage						20,0		BAC	DPCU
Development	development	development of cottage industries to process cashew and shea nut	Boase Ahenkro		industries supported with facilities and fund.						00.0 0		DA	TAs NGOs
Economic	Agricultural	2. Liaise with Private	Banda		One factory					500,0			DA	MOFA
Development	development	Investors to implement One District One Factory policy			established under the policy at Banda					00.00			DADU	MLGRD MOTI RCC
Economic	Agricultural	3.Train the youth in	District		400 youth trained						10,0		BAC	DPCU
Development	development	bee keeping , mushroom production and batik tie and dye	Wide		in non-traditional agriculture						00.0 0		DA	TAs NGOs

Economic Development	Agricultural development	4.Sensitize 200 youth to engage in Agriculture	District Wide	en	ensitized	youth to in			5,00 0.00	BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs
				agi	griculture						

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	rterly dule (			Indica	tive Bu	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1.Support government's Free SHS Programme	Banda Ahenkro		BandaSHSmonitored to abidebyFreeSHSPolicies						30,000 .00		BDA.	GES,
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2. Construct 2 No. Residential accommodation for teachers	Weiwa and Fawoman		2 No. teachers accommodation constructed					400,00 0.00			Central Admin.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Construct and equip 2 No ICT centres in schools	Makala and Kanka		2 No ICT centers constructed in schools					500,00 0.00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s): C	reate opportunities for	all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Impleme Agencies	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Construct2CommunityHealthPlanningSystems(CHPS)Compound	Kanka and Gbao		2 No CHPS compound and 1 No. Health					400,000 .00			DA	GHS TAs NGOs

				Centres constructed						
Social Service Delivery	s Health delivery	2. Expand Banda Ahenkro Health Center into a Hospital	Banda Ahenkro	1 No. Hospital established in the district			1,000,0 00.00		DA	GHS NGOs GOG

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1.Facilitate the development of agro- processing firms	Banda and Sabiye		2 No. Firms established to facilitate agro- processing					1,500, 000.0 0			DA, DADU	MOFA, RCC, NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	2.Organize training workshop for processing groups in value addition (value chain concept, packaging , branding , quality control , environmental hygiene)	Sabiye		1 No. workshops organized for processing groups						10,00 0.00		DA, DADU	MOFA, RCC, NGOs

Economic Development	Agricultural development	3.Train the AEAs on the modern method of extension services to farmers	District wide	AEAs trained on modern method of extension services				10,00 0.00	DAI	DU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	4.Introduce improved varieties (high yielding, short duration, disease and pest resistance, to 4,000 farmers in 16 communities by end of 2021	District wide	4000 farmers introduced to improved varieties in 16 communities			20,00 0.00		DAI	DU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	5.Facilitate easy access to farming inputs by farmers	District wide	Fertilizers and agro chemicals supplied to farmers through planting for food and job programme			500,0 00.00		DA, DAD	U	MOFA, RCC, NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	6.Train 1000 farmers on input use to avoid misapplication	District wide	1000 farmers trained on right method of inputs usage.			10,00 0.00		DAI	DU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	7.Facilitate the formation of farmer groups and their access to credit facilities	District wide	FBOs formed and linked to financial institutions				10,00 0.00	DAI DA	DU	MOFA .GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	8.Organize national farmers day	Selected communiti es	Farmers day celebration organized			40,00 0.00		DAI DA	DU	MOFA. GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	9. Facilitate access to tractors by farmers	District wide	3 No. tractors made available to farmers			100,0 00.00		DAI DA	DU	MOFA. GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	10. Carry out PPR vaccination on adequate number of ruminant and poultry to prevent out break	District wide	No. of PPR vaccination exercise carried out			50,00 0.00		DAI DA	DU	MOFA.G OG MLGRD

Economic Agricul Development develop	and effective extension	wide	No. of extension services provided				30,00 0.00			DADU DA	MOFA.G OG MLGRD	
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Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Bu	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	1.Construct 1 No small town water system	Sabiye		1 No small town water system constructed					1,000, 000.0 0			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	2.Drill 10 No. boreholes	District wide		10 No. boreholes drilled					100,0 00.00			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	3. Mechanized 10 No. Boreholes	District wide		5 No. boreholes mechanized					150,0 00.00			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous So	ciety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	•	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Impleme Agencies	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.

Economic	Trade, Industry	1.Support local	District	100 MSMEs		20,000.	20,00	BAC	DPCU
Development	and Industrial	apprentice with a	wide	identified and		000	0.00	DA	TAs
Development		start-up capital for		given soft loans to					NGOs
	Development	business		start or expand					
		development		business					

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Maintain a stable, unit	ted and safe so	ciety.										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impler Agenc	menting ies
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Management	Planning,	1.Organize capacity	Banda		Capacity building						40,00		DA	DPCU
and	Budgeting and	building training for staff and senior	Ahenkro		programmes organized						0.00			RCC MLGRD
Administration	Coordination	management												
Management	Planning,	2.Support planning and	Banda		AAPs and					10,00	10,00		DA	MDPC
and	Budgeting and	budgeting activities	Ahenkro		Composite budget prepared					0.00	0.00		DPCU	MLGRD RCC
Administration	Coordination				prepared									KCC
Management	Planning,	3.Conduct	District wide		4 No. PM&E					20,00			DA	MDPC
and	Budgeting and	participatory Monitoring and			conducted					0.00			DPCU	MLGRD RCC
Administration	Coordination	Evaluation of Projects												

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Educate communities on environmental hygiene and sanitation	Beima and Bui		2 No. community durbars organised on environmental						20,00 0.00		DEHU	DA CWSA
Management and Administration	General Administration	2.Support CLTS programme	District wide		CLTS programme supported					20,00 0.00			DEHU	DA CWSA TAs
Management and Administration	General Administration	3.Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	District wide		120 No households latrines constructed						30,00 0.00		DEHU	DA CWSA TAs
Management and Administration	General Administration	4.Procure refuse containers and distribute to communities	Bofie and Dorbor		2 No. refuse containers procured					20,00 0.00			DA	Zoomlio n GH Ltd DEHU CWSA
Management and Administration	General Administration	5.Construct toilet facilities in schools/ Institutional latrines	Selected schools		2 No. Institutional latrines constructed					500,0 00.00			DA	CWSA DEHU GES

Adopted MDA	as Goal(s):	Create opportunities fo	or all									
Sub- Programmes     Sub- programmes     Activities (Operations)     Location     Baseline     Output Indicators     Quarterly Time schedule (2020)     Indicative Budget     Implementin Agencies												
						1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.

Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Support the NID and Malaria roll back campaign	District wide	NID and Malaria programme carried out		10,00 0.00		GHS	DA TAs
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Distribute 1000 pieces of ITN to pregnant women	District wide	1000 pieces of ITN distributed			10,00 0.00	GHS	DA
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3.Sensitize women groups on maternal mortality	District wide	3 No women groups sensitized on maternal mortality		6,000. 00		GHS	DA

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Imple Agenc	menting jes
i i ogi uninos	programmes	(operations)			Indicators	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	1. Extend electricity to new sites of 2 selected communities.	Banda Ahenkro and Bui		Electricity extended to new sites of 2 communities					400,000			DA.	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	2.Acquire electricity poles	District wide		1000 electric poles procure for electricity extension					500,000 .00			DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	3.Procure street light	District wide		500 streets light procured for extension and rehabilitations					20,000. 00			DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities

Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	4.Rehabilitate street lights	District wide	Streets light of 3 communities rehabilitated				30,000. 00	DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	5.Extension and connection of 3 No. schools to electricity	Selected Schools	3 No. schools connected to electricity			30,00 0.00		DA	VRA, PTA, MoE, GES

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators			7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budge	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Don	Lead	Collab.
												or		
Social services	Education and	1.Provide scholarship	District		10 Students given						30,000.0		DA	GES
delivery	youth	package for the needy	wide		scholarship						0			MoE
denvery	•	but brilliant students												TAs
	development													PTA
Social services	Education and	2.Extend school	Saase		School feeding					500,000			DA	MGCSP
delivery	vouth	feeding programme to			programme					.00				GES
denvery	youth	needy communities			expanded									PTAs
	development	-												

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all.					
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2020)	Indicative Budget	Implementing Agencies

					1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services	Social Welfare	1.Educate school	District	5000						5,000.		DA	GES
Delivery	and Community	children on teenage pregnancy especially	wide	pupils/students including 3500						000			GHS
	Development	the females		females and 1500									
				males educated on									
				teenage									
				pregnancy									
Social Services	Social Welfare	2.Organize community	Kanka,	4 No. community					20,000.			DA	TAs
Delivery	and Community	durbars on substance abuse among	Sabiye, Bui and Weiwa	durbars organized in communities					00				NGOS
	Development	adolescent	and welwa										GHS
Social Services	Social Welfare	3.Establish adolescent	Sabiye and	2 No adolescent						10,00		DA	NGOs
Delivery	and Community	health corners in communities	Bui	health corners established						0.00			GHS
	Development												

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-		7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Sensitize the public to report abuse cases	District wide		5 communities sensitized to report abuse cases						10,00 0.000		DA	DPCU TAs MGCSP
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	2.Establish and train child and family welfare committees in communities	District wide		10 No committees including 3 males and 2 females in each committee formed and trained						20,00 0.00		DA	DPCU TAs MGCSP

Social Services Delivery		<i>.</i>	District wide	4 No community durbars organized on child			20,00 0.00	DA	DPCU TAs MGCSP
	Development			maintenance					

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Liaise with MGCSP to expand the LEAP cover the needed communities	Saase and Kanka		LEAP Programme extended to cover Kanka and Saase communities						15,000. 00		DA	MLGRD RCC MGCSP

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Intensify free HIV Counselling and Testing programme	District wide		100 people freely tested their HIV status					20,000. 00			DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Provide care and support services for PLWHIV	District wide		Care and support services provided for PLWHIV						20,00 0.00		DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH

Social Services	Health delivery	3.Support HIV/AIDS	District wide	ART given to		30.000.		DHMT	DA
Delivery		surveillance		PLWHIV		00		GHS	NGOs MOH
Social Services	Health delivery	4. Intensify free	District wide	20 pregnant		3,000.0		DHMT	DA
Delivery		compulsory screening		women screened		0		GHS	NGOs MOH
		of all pregnant women		on HIV pandemic					
		at all health centers							

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous S	ociety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Management	Finance and	1.Sensitize the public	District wide		1 No. community						8,000.		DA	TAs
and	Revenue	on the need to pay tax			durbars organized to sensitized the						00			Ass.
Administration	Mobilization				public on the need									Members
7 tunnistration	Wiobilization				to pay tax									
Management	Finance and	2.Organize 1 capacity	Banda		1 No capacity					5,000.0			DA	TAs
and	Revenue	building workshops for rev. collectors	Ahenkro		building exercise organized for					0				Ass. Members
Administration	Mobilization				revenue collectors									

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	<b>Build a Prosperous S</b>	ociety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial	1. Establish cassava processing factory	Banda Ahenkro		Cassava processing factory established					1,000,0 00.00			DA DADU	MOFA FBOs MOTI
	Development													TAs NGOs

Economic	Trade, Tourism	2. Construct 1 no.	Sabiye	1 No. market shed			15,000.	DA	MLGRD
Development	and Industrial	market shed facility		constructed			00		DPCU
	Development								

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous S	ociety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	nenting es
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1.Support the development of potential irrigation dams	Banda, Makala and Kojei		3 No irrigation dams constructed under					300,000 .00			MOFA	NGOs, WFP,Cent ral Admin
Economic Development	Agricultural development	2.Rehabilitate existing irrigation dams	District wide		5 No irrigation Dams rehabilitated					400,000 .00			MOFA	NGOs, WFP,Cent ral Admin

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators		rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1. Provide TLMs to schools	District wide		TLMs supplied to schools					20,000. 00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2.Procure 1000 dual desk for schools	District wide		1000 dual desk supplied to schools						50,00 0.00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Educate communities on Girl Child Education	District wide		2 No. community durbars organized on girl child education						12,00 0.00		BDA	TAs PTAs NGOs GES
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	4.Organize my first day at school	All schools		1 No. my first day at school organized in each school						20,00 0.00		BDA	GES
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	5.Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	District wide		Annual inter- school sports festival organized						20,000. 00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	6.Construct 2 No. semi-detached quarters for SHS Masters	Banda SHS		2 No. Bungalows constructed for Banda SHS					600,000 .00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies GOG
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	7.Construct 2 No. dormitories for boys and girls at Banda SHS	Banda SHS		2 No. storey dormitories constructed for students.					3,000,0 00.00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , GOG

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	l environment	and ensure a re	silient built enviro	nment	;							
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	1.Organize tree plantation Exercise in the Communities along the game reserve	District wide		2000 Tress planted					20,000. 00			FSD	NGOs, DA , Game & wildlife
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	2.Organize Annual Anti-Bush fire campaigns for flash communities	District wide		Anti-Bush fire campaign organized annually						10,000. 00		NADM O	NGOs, DA
Environmental and Sanitation management	Natural resource management	3.Organize workshop to educate communities and stakeholders on the dangers of environmental Degradation	Banda Ahenkro and Bui		2 No workshops organized to educate stakeholders						15,000. 00		FSD DA	NGOs, DA , Game & wildlife

Adopted MDA	as Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	l environment	and ensure a re	silient built enviro	nment	t							
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	Facilitate supplying of	District wide		400 electric						2,000.0		DA	VRA
delivery and management	development	households' meters to needy communities			meters supplied to households						0			ECG GOG

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	1.Enforce laws on building regulation	District wide		Laws enforced						10,000. 00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	2.Design planning scheme for Communities	District wide		Planning scheme designed for communities					100,000 .00			central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	3. Sensitize traditional authorities and communities on the need for development permit.	District wide		Communities and TA sensitized on the need for development permit						10,000. 00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities

Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	4. Support the implementation of street naming and property addressing system	District wide	Street name project supporte	C		20,000. 00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	5. Re-settle Aglekame community	Aglekame		re- on on		2,000,0 00.00		DA	TCPD, TA, Commun ities

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators			<sup>•</sup> Time 2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	e
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	Expand MASLOC to cover needy communities	Bofie		MASLOC Programme expanded					100,000 .00			DA	MLGRD RCC TAs MGCSP

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	l environment	and ensure a re	esilient built enviro	nment	t							
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Environmental and sanitation	Disaster prevention and	1.Procure relief items to be given to disaster victims	District wide		Relief items procured					50,000. 00			NADM O	DA
management	management													

Environmental	Disaster	2. Provide support	District wide	Support and job				20,000.	DA	MGCSP
and sanitation	prevention and	and job training to the physically		training provided to the physically				00		GOG RCC
management	management	challenged		challenged						Ree
Environmental	Disaster	3.Construct drains in	District wide	Drains			500,000		DA	TAs
and sanitation	prevention and	communities		constructed in			.00			CSOs
	1			needy						GOG
management	management			communities						

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Maintain a stable,	united and s	afe society										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Construct residential accommodation for Decentralized Departments	Banda Ahenkro		2 No bungalows constructed for Decentralized departments					300,000 .00			DA	GOG MLGRD
Management and Administration	General Administration	2.Procure office equipment and logistics for DA and other departments	Banda Ahenkro		Logistics procured for offices of DPCU members						10,000. 00		DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	3. Provide stationary for administrative activities	Banda Ahenkro		Stationary supplied for administrative work					20,000. 00			DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	4.Conduct quarterly statutory meetings for the administration of the DA	Banda Ahenkro		Statutory meetings conducted					20,000. 00			DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	5. Maintain office vehicles	Banda Ahenkro		Broken official vehicles repaired						15,000. 00		DA	MLGRD DPCU

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous So	ciety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Economic	Trade, Tourism	1. Develop 4 No	District wide		Bui national Park,					300,000			DA	MOT
Development	and Industrial	tourist sites in the			Bui Dam, Black					.00				GOG
Development	and mousural	district			Volta supported									TAs
	Development				and developed to									NGOs
					boost tourist									
					attraction.									
Economic	Trade, Tourism	2. Rehabilitate 10km	District wide		10km length of					500,000			DA	MOT
Development	and Industrial	length of roads			tourist site roads					.00				GOG
Development	and moustrial	linking tourist sites			rehabilitated									TAs
	Development													NGOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous Soc	ciety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1. Construct silos and ware houses for cashew, maize, shea buttes and other food crops	Weiwa Saase and Sabiye		3 No. ware houses constructed					30,000. 00			DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGRD

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Social Services	Health delivery	1.Intensify education	Aglekame		2 No. community					10,000.			DHD	DA
Delivery		on mental health to	and Dorbor		durbars organized					00				GHS
, in the second s		reduce stigmatization			on mental health									DPCU NGOs
														TAs
														1110

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the n	atural enviro	onment and e	ensure a resilient	t <b>buil</b> t	t envi	ironn	nent					
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	1. Liaise with mobile	District wide		Communities						8,000.0		DA	DWD
delivery and	development	telecommunication			access to mobile						0			MTN
delivery and	development	companies to extend			network increased									VODAF
management		mobile network			from 30% to 70%									ONE
		coverage to remote												TOGI
		and unconnected												ARTEL
		areas.												TAs
														NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Encouragethecitizensto participateingovernmentpolicies,plansandprogrammes	District wide		4 No. community durbars organized to encourage the public to show interest in public projects and policies					10,000. 00			DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs
Management and Administration	General Administration	2. Conduct public hearing, Town Hall meetings and social accountability exercises on project implementations	District wide		Quarterly community engagement exercises organized						20,000.		DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Maintain a stable,	united and sa	fe society										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	Time 2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.

Management	Legislative	1.Provide logistics and	Banda	Logistics supplied			50,000.		DA	GPS
and	Oversight	equipment for security	Ahenkro	for police personnel			00			GOG
Administration		personnel		1						
Management	Legislative	2.Construct 1No Police	Bofie	1 No. Police posts			600,000		DA	GPS
and	Oversight	Post		constructed			.00			GOG
Administration										

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	·	Time 2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Provide support to people with disabilities	District wide		Support provided to PLWD					10,000. 00			DA	MLGRD MGCSP TAs NGOs CSOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	v	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.

Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Organize 2 No. training programmes for 200 women on LED to empower them economically	Makala and Bui	2 No training programmes on LED organized for 200 women			30,000. 00	SW/CD Dept.	DA TAs NGOs
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	2. Educate and encourage women on the need to take part in public activities	District wide	4 No public education organized to educate 800 women on the need to take part in public activities.			30,000. 00	SW/CD Dept.	DA TAs NGOs

Adopted MDA	s Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2020)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	1.Organize training workshop for Area council Members and Unit Committees	Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye		2 No. office accommodation provided for sub- structures						12,000. 00		DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs

## ANNUAL ACTION PLAN (AAP) FOR 2021

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Rehabilitate 15km length of existing feeder road	District wide		15km length of feeder road rehabilitated					700,000 .00			DA DWD	DFR GOG MLGRD
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	Reshape 20km length of feeder roads in the District	District wide		20km length of feeder roads reshaped					500,000 .00			DA DWD	DFR GOG MLGRD

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	Time 2021)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Economic	Agricultural	1.Support the	Dorbor		4 No. cottage						20,0		BAC	DPCU
Development	development	development of cottage industries to process cashew and shea nut	DUANE		industries supported with facilities and fund.						00.0 0		DA	TAs NGOs

Economic Development	Agricultural development	2.Train the youth in bee keeping , mushroom production and batik tie and dye	District Wide	400 youth trained in non-traditional agriculture		10,0 00.0 0	BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	3.Sensitize 200 youth to engage in Agriculture	District Wide	800 youth sensitized to engaged in agriculture		5,00 0.00	BAC DA	DPCU TAs NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-		7 Time (2021)		Indica	tive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1.Support government's Free SHS Programme	Banda Ahenkro		BandaSHSmonitored to abidebyFreeSHSPolicies						30,000 .00		BDA.	GES,
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2. Construct 2 No. Residential accommodation for teachers	Weiwa and Fawoman		2 No. teachers accommodation constructed					400,00 0.00			Central Admin.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	Time 2021)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Construct2CommunityHealthPlanningSystems(CHPS)Compound	Boase and Aglekame		2 No CHPS compound and 1 No. Health Centres constructed					400,000			DA	GHS TAs NGOs

Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2. Expand Banda Ahenkro Health Center into a Hospital	Banda Ahenkro	1 No. Hospital established in the district			1,000,0 00.00		DA	GHS NGOs GOG

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s): B	suild a Prosperous Soc	iety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1.Facilitate the development of agro- processing firms	Bui and Makala		2 No. Firms established to facilitate agro- processing					1,500, 000.0 0			DA, DADU	MOFA, RCC, NGOs
Economic Development	Agricultural development	2. Liaise with Private Investors to implement One District One Factory policy	Banda		One factory established under the policy at Banda					500,0 00.00			DA DADU	MOFA MLGRD MOTI RCC
Economic Development	Agricultural development	3.Introduce improved varieties (high yielding, short duration, disease and pest resistance, to 4,000 farmers in 16 communities by end of 2021	District wide		4000 farmers introduced to improved varieties in 16 communities					20,00 0.00			DADU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	4.Facilitate easy access to farming inputs by farmers	District wide		Fertilizers and agro chemicals supplied to farmers through planting for food and job programme					500,0 00.00			DA, DADU	MOFA, RCC, NGOs

Economic Development	Agricultural development	5.Train 1000 farmers on input use to avoid misapplication	District wide	1000 farmers trained on right method of inputs usage.			10,00 0.00		DADU	DA MOFA
Economic Development	Agricultural development	6.Organize national farmers day	Selected communiti es	Farmers day celebration organized			40,00 0.00		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	7. Facilitate access to tractors by farmers	District wide	3 No. tractors made available to farmers			100,0 00.00		DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	8. Carry out PPR vaccination on adequate number of ruminant and poultry to prevent out break	District wide	No. of PPR vaccination exercise carried out			50,00 0.00		DADU DA	MOFA.G OG MLGRD
Economic Development	Agricultural development	9.Provide adequate and effective extension knowledge in livestock management	District wide	No. of extension services provided			30,00 0.00		DADU DA	MOFA.G OG MLGRD

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time 2021)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	1.Construct 1 No small town water system	Sabiye		1 No small town water system constructed					1,000, 000.0 0			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	2.Drill 10 No. boreholes	District wide		10 No. boreholes drilled					100,0 00.00			DA CWSA	DEHU GOG NGOs

Infrastructural	Infrastructural	3. Mechanized 10 No.	District	5 No. boreholes		150	,0	DA	DEHU
Delivery and	development	Boreholes	wide	mechanized		00.	00	CWSA	GOG NGOs
Management									11005

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-		7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Buo	lget	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Donor	Lead	Collab.
Economic	Trade, Industry	1.Support local	District		100 MSMEs					20,000.	20,00		BAC	DPCU
Development	and Industrial Development	apprentice with a start-up capital for business	wide		identified and given soft loans to start or expand					000	0.00		DA	TAs NGOs
		development			business									

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management	Planning,	1.Organize capacity building training for	Banda Ahenkro		Capacity building						40,00		DA	DPCU RCC
and Administration	Budgeting and Coordination	staff and senior management	Anenkio		programmes organized						0.00			MLGRI

Management	Planning,	2.Support planning and budgeting activities	Banda Ahenkro	AAPs and Composite budget			10,00	10,00	DA DPCU	MDPC MLGRD
and	Budgeting and	budgeting activities	Allelikio	prepared			0.00	0.00	DICU	RCC
Administration	Coordination									
Management	Planning,	3.Conduct	District wide	4 No. PM&E			20,00		DA	MDPC
and	Budgeting and	participatory Monitoring and		conducted			0.00		DPCU	MLGRD RCC
Administration	Coordination	Evaluation of Projects								ĸċċ

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Educate communities on environmental hygiene and sanitation	Saase and Aglekame		2 No. community durbars organised on environmental						20,00 0.00		DEHU	DA CWSA
Management and Administration	General Administration	2.Support CLTS programme	District wide		CLTS programme supported					20,00 0.00			DEHU	DA CWSA TAs
Management and Administration	General Administration	3.Encourage and facilitate the construction of household latrines	District wide		120 No households latrines constructed						30,00 0.00		DEHU	DA CWSA TAs

Management and Administration	General Administration	4.Procure refuse containers and distribute to communities	Dormori and Weiwa	2 No. refuse containers procured		20,00 0.00		DA	Zoomlio n GH Ltd DEHU CWSA
Management and Administration	General Administration	5.Construct toilet facilities in schools/ Institutional latrines	Selected schools	3 No. Institutional latrines constructed		600,0 00.00		DA	CWSA DEHU GES

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Support the NID and Malaria roll back campaign	District wide		NID and Malaria programme carried out					10,00 0.00			GHS	DA TAs
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Distribute 1000 pieces of ITN to pregnant women	District wide		1000 pieces of ITN distributed						10,00 0.00		GHS	DA
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3.Sensitize women groups on maternal mortality	District wide		3 No women groups sensitized on maternal mortality					6,000. 00			GHS	DA

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators			y Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	1. Extend electricity to new sites of 2 selected communities.	Saase and Bofie		Electricity extended to new sites of 2 communities					400,000			DA.	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	2.Acquire electricity poles	District wide		1000 electric poles procure for electricity extension					500,000 .00			DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	3.Procure street light	District wide		500 streets light procured for extension and rehabilitations					20,000. 00			DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	4.Rehabilitate street lights	District wide		Streets light of 3 communities rehabilitated						30,000. 00		DA	VRA, TA, MoE, Commun ities
Infrastructural Delivery and Management	Infrastructural development	5.Extension and connection of 3 No. schools to electricity	Selected Schools		3 No. schools connected to electricity					30,00 0.00			DA	VRA, PTA, MoE, GES

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budge	t	Implem Agencie	e
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Don or	Lead	Collab.
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1.Provide scholarship package for the needy but brilliant students	District wide		10 Students given scholarship						30,000.0 0		DA	GES MoE TAs PTA

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	tive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1.Educate school children on teenage pregnancy especially the females	District wide		5000 pupils/students including 3500 females and 1500 males educated on teenage pregnancy						5,000. 000		DA	GES GHS
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	2.Establish adolescent health corners in communities	Banda Ahenkro and Beima		2 No adolescent health corners established						10,00 0.00		DA	NGOs GHS

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~		7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Sensitize the public to report abuse cases	District wide		5 communities sensitized to report abuse cases						10,00 0.000		DA	DPCU TAs MGCSP
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	2.Establish and train child and family welfare committees in communities	District wide		10 No committees including 3 males and 2 females in each committee formed and trained						20,00 0.00		DA	DPCU TAs MGCSP
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	3. Organize 4 No. community education on Child maintenance.	District wide		4 No community durbars organized on child maintenance						20,00 0.00		DA	DPCU TAs MGCSP

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Operations)     Indicators     schedule (2021)     Agencies										0	
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.

Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Intensify free HIV Counselling and Testing programme	District wide	100 people freely tested their HIV status		20,000. 00		DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	2.Provide care and support services for PLWHIV	District wide	Care and support services provided for PLWHIV			20,00 0.00	DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	3.Support HIV/AIDS surveillance	District wide	ART given to PLWHIV		30.000. 00		DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	4. Intensify free compulsory screening of all pregnant women at all health centers	District wide	20 pregnant women screened on HIV pandemic		3,000.0 0		DHMT GHS	DA NGOs MOH

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous Society												
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2021)				Indicative Budget			Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	1.Sensitize the public on the need to pay tax	District wide		1 No. community durbars organized to sensitized the public on the need to pay tax						8,000. 00		DA	TAs Ass. Members
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	2.Organize 1 capacity building workshops for rev. collectors	Banda Ahenkro		1 No capacity building exercise organized for revenue collectors					5,000.0 0			DA	TAs Ass. Members

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous Society												
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2021)				Indicative Budget			Implementing Agencies	
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Trade, Tourism and Industrial Development	1. Construct 1 no. market shed facility	Weiwa		1 No. market shed constructed						20,000. 00		DA	MLGRD DPCU

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous Society												
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2021)				Indicat	ive Budg	Implementing Agencies		
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Economic	Agricultural	1.Support the	Bofie, and		2 No irrigation					300,000			MOFA	NGOs,
Development	development	development of	Aglekame		dams constructed					.00				WFP,Ce
	······································	potential irrigation			under									ntral
		dams												Admin
Economic	Agricultural	2.Rehabilitate existing	District wide		5 No irrigation					400,000			MOFA	NGOs,
Development	opment development in	irrigation dams			Dams					.00				WFP,Cen
2 C . Clopinoit	actorphient				rehabilitated									

							tral Admin

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	Quarterly Time schedule (2021)				Indicative Budget			Implementing Agencies	
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	1. Provide TLMs to schools	District wide		TLMs supplied to schools					20,000. 00			DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	2.Procure 1000 dual desk for schools	District wide		1000 dual desk supplied to schools						50,00 0.00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	3.Educate communities on Girl Child Education	District wide		2 No. community durbars organized on girl child education						12,00 0.00		BDA	TAs PTAs NGOs GES
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	4.Organize my first day at school	All schools		1 No. my first day at school organized in each school						20,00 0.00		BDA	GES
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	5.Promote and develop sports in basic and second cycle institutions	District wide		Annual inter- school sports festival organized						20,000. 00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , NGOs
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	Construct 2 No. KG Blocks	Bongase/Gble kameh		2no. KG block constructed						500,000 .00		DA	GES, Donor Agencies GOG

Social services delivery	Education and youth	6.Construct 1 No. semi-detached quarters for SHS Masters	Banda SHS	1 No. Bungalows constructed for Banda SHS			600,000 .00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies
	development									GOG
Social services delivery	Education and youth development	7.Construct 2 No. dormitories for boys and girls at Banda SHS	Banda SHS	2 No. storey dormitories constructed for students.			3,000,0 00.00		DA.	GES, Donor Agencies , GOG

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicator	S	~		y Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
							1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab
													r		
Environmental	Natural resource	1.Organize tree plantation Exercise in	District wide		2000 planted	Tress					20,000. 00			FSD	NGOs, DA ,
and Sanitation	management	the Communities			planed						00				Game &
management		along the game reserve													wildlife
Environmental	Natural resource	2.Organize Annual	District wide		Anti-Bush	fire						10,000.		NADM	NGOs,
and Sanitation	management	Anti-Bush fire			campaign							00		0	DA
management		campaigns for flash communities			organized annually										

Environmental	Natural resource	3.Organize workshop	Banda	2 No workshops			15,000.	FSD	NGOs,
and Sanitation	management	to educate communities and	Ahenkro and Bui	organized to educate			00	DA	DA , Game &
management		stakeholders on the	Dui	stakeholders					wildlife
		dangers of environmental							
		Degradation							

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	l environment	and ensure a re	esilient built enviro	nment	t							
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	Facilitate supplying of households' meters to needy communities	District wide		400 electric meters supplied to households						2,000.0 0		DA	VRA ECG GOG

Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	1.Enforce laws on building regulation	District wide		Laws enforced						10,000. 00		central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities
Infrastructural delivery and management	Infrastructural development	2.Design planning scheme for Communities	District wide		Planning scheme designed for communities					100,000 .00			central Admin	TCPD, TA, Commun ities

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all.											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
0.10.	0 · 1 W/ 10		0		MAGLOG					100.000		r	D.	MLCDD
Social Services	Social Welfare	Expand MASLOC to	Saase		MASLOC					100,000			DA	MLGRD
Delivery	and Community	cover needy			Programme					.00				RCC
Denvery	and community	communities			expanded									TAs
	Development													MGCSP

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the natura	ll environment	and ensure a rea	silient built enviro	nment	t							
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	rterly dule (			Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencies	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Environmental and sanitation	Disaster prevention and	1.Procure relief items to be given to disaster victims	District wide		Relief items procured					50,000. 00			NADM O	DA
management	management													

Environmental	Disaster	2. Provide support	District wide	Support and job				20,000.	DA	MGCSP
and sanitation	prevention and	and job training to the physically		training provided to the physically				00		GOG RCC
management	management	challenged		challenged						Kee
Environmental	Disaster	3.Construct drains in	District wide	Drains			500,000		DA	TAs
and sanitation	prevention and	communities		constructed in			.00			CSOs GOG
management	management			needy communities						000

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Maintain a stable,	united and s	afe society										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	•	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Procure office equipment and logistics for DA and other departments	Banda Ahenkro		Logistics procured for offices of DPCU members						10,000. 00		DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	2. Provide stationary for administrative activities	Banda Ahenkro		Stationary supplied for administrative work					20,000. 00			DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	3.Conduct quarterly statutory meetings for the administration of the DA	Banda Ahenkro		Statutory meetings conducted					20,000. 00			DA	MLGRD DPCU
Management and Administration	General Administration	4. Maintain office vehicles	Banda Ahenkro		Broken official vehicles repaired						15,000. 00		DA	MLGRD DPCU

Adopted MDA	s Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous So	ciety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Economic	Trade, Tourism	1. Develop 4 No	District wide		Bui national Park,					300,000			DA	MOT
Development	and Industrial	tourist sites in the			Bui Dam, Black					.00				GOG
Development		district			Volta supported									TAs
	Development				and developed to									NGOs
					boost tourist									
					attraction.									
Economic	Trade, Tourism	2. Rehabilitate 15km	District wide		15km length of					600,000			DA	MOT
Davialonment	and Industrial	length of roads			tourist site roads					.00				GOG
Development	and Industrial	linking tourist sites			rehabilitated									TAs
	Development	-												NGOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Build a Prosperous Soc	ciety											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Economic Development	Agricultural development	1. Construct silos and ware houses for cashew, maize, shea buttes and other food crops	Bofie and Beima		2 No. ware houses constructed					30,000. 00			DADU DA	MOFA. GOG MLGRD

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities	for all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	Time 2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono	Lead	Collab.
												r		
Social Services Delivery	Health delivery	1.Intensify education on mental health to reduce stigmatization	Dormori and Kanka		2 No. community durbars organized on mental health					10,000. 00			DHD	DA GHS DPCU NGOs TAs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Safeguard the na	atural enviro	nment and e	nsure a resilient	t <b>buil</b> t	t envi	ironm	lent					
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	-	-	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Infrastructural	Infrastructural	1. Liaise with mobile	District wide		Communities						8,000.0		DA	DWD
delivery and	development	telecommunication companies to extend			access to mobile network increased						0			MTN VODAF
management		mobile network coverage to remote			from 30% to 90%									ONE TOGI

Г

and unconne	ected					ARTEL
areas.						TAs
						NGOs

Adopted MDA	Sub-	Maintain a stable	Location	Baseline	Output	~	•	Time		Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem	0
Programmes	programmes	(Operations)			Indicators	sche 1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	(2021) 3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Agencie Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	General Administration	1.Encouragethecitizens to participateingovernmentpolicies,plansprogrammes	District wide		4 No. community durbars organized to encourage the public to show interest in public projects and policies					10,000. 00			DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs
Management and Administration	General Administration	2. Conduct public hearing, Town Hall meetings and social accountability exercises on project implementations	District wide		Quarterly community engagement exercises organized						20,000. 00		DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Maintain a stable,	united and sa	fe society										
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	·	<sup>•</sup> Time 2021)		Indicat	ive Budg	et	Impleme Agencies	
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.

Management	Legislative	1.Provide logistics and	Banda	Logistics su	pplied			50,000.		DA	GPS	ł
and	Oversight	equipment for security	Ahenkro	for personnel	police			00			GOG	
Administration		personnel		-								

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities for	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline Quarterly Time \\ \hline schedule (2021) \\ \hline 1^{st} & 2^{nd} & 3^{rd} & 4th \\ \hline \end{tabular}$			Indicat	ive Budg	get	Implem Agencie	0	
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Provide support to people with disabilities	District wide		Support provided to PLWD					10,000. 00			DA	MLGRD MGCSP TAs NGOs CSOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2021)	1	Indicat	Indicative Budget			enting s
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.

Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	1. Organize 1 No. training programmes for 200 women on LED to empower them economically	Saase		nmes on LED ed for 200			30,000. 00	SW/CD Dept.	DA TAs NGOs
Social Services Delivery	Social Welfare and Community Development	2. Educate and encourage women on the need to take part in public activities	District wide	educati to ea women	o public on organized ucate 800 on the need part in public s.			30,000. 00	SW/CD Dept.	DA TAs NGOs

Adopted MDA	As Goal(s):	Create opportunities f	or all											
Programmes	Sub- programmes	Activities (Operations)	Location	Baseline	Output Indicators	~	•	7 Time (2021)		Indicat	tive Budg	jet	Implem Agencie	0
						1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4th	GoG	IGF	Dono r	Lead	Collab.
Management and Administration	Finance and Revenue Mobilization	1.Organize training workshop for Area council Members and Unit Committees	Banda Ahenkro and Sabiye		2 No. office accommodation provided for sub- structures						12,000. 00		DA	RCC MLGRD TAs CSOs

#### CHAPTER SIX

#### IMPLEMENTATION, MONITORING AND EVALUATION

#### **6.1 Introduction**

This chapter describes monitoring and evaluation arrangement made to ensure successful implementation of the DMTDP (2018-2021)

#### 6.2 Monitoring

The Medium Term Development Plan (MTDP) adopted four Development Dimensions from the Agenda for Jobs (2018-2021) which are designed to meet the needs of the people in terms of addressing the macro-economic imbalances, re-stabilizing the economic and placing it on a path of achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). For this reason, monitoring of activities in the MTDP is essential to bring holistic development in the District.

#### 6.2.1 Monitoring Indicators

One of the critical requirements in the preparation of the District M&E Plan is the definition of the most appropriate indicators and setting targets that are achievable and directly related to the DMTDP goal and objectives. Indicators are needed for measuring progress whilst targets are the sign post that will lead to the stated goal and objectives.

The National Development Planning Commission (NDPC) in collaboration with Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs), Regional Planning and Co-coordinating Units (RPCUs) and Metropolitan, Municipals and District Assemblies (MMDAs) designed some core indicators which are in line with the MDGs/SDGs for monitoring in all Districts in the Country.

#### Table 6.1 shows the core indicators

# **Table 6.1: Core Indicators**

DEVELOPMENT DIMENS	SION : ECONOMIC DE	VELOPMENT								
Goal as adopted in DMTDP	: Build a Prosperous Soci	ety								
Policy Objective 1: Improve	production efficiency and	yield								
Indicators	Indicator Definition	Indicator	Baseline		Т	argets		Disaggregation	Monitoring	Responsibi
		Туре	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		Frequency	lity
% in yield of selected crops		Output							Monthly	MOFA
Maize	Assessing food	_	4.80	2.60	2.7	2.8	3.0			DPCU
Rice (Milled)	security in the district		-	-	-	-	-			DICO
Yam			14.68	15.0	16.0	16.5	17.0			
Cassava			13.30	15.0	17.0	17.5	18.0			
Pineapple			5.32	7.0	8.5	9.5	10.0			
Pawpaw										
Mango										
Banana										
Policy Objective 2: Diversify	y and expand the tourism i	industry for econ	omic develop	ment						
Change in Tourist arrivals	Monitoring tourism	Outcome	N/A	10%	20%	30%	35%	60% local	Annually	DPCU
(%)	development							tourist and 40%		
								foreign tourist		

DEVELOPMENT DIMEN										
Goal as adopted in DMTD Policy Objective 1: Enhance Indicators			rticipation in q Baseline 2017	uality educa		levels Fargets 2020	2021	Disaggregation	Monitoring Frequency	Responsibi lity
<ul> <li>a. Gross Enrolment Rate</li> <li>Primary</li> <li>JHS</li> <li>SSS</li> </ul>	Monitoring pupil's access to education. Thus every child of school going age should be in school	Outcome	62.4% 62.4% 50.0%	102% 90% 50%	101% 94% 75%	100% 98% 90%	100% 100% 100%	40% girls 40% boys and 20% vulnerable children	Monthly	GES DPCU
b. Net Admission Rate in Primary School			65.2%	86%	88%	89%	90%			
Gender Parity index -KG -PRIMARY	Ensuring gender equality in access to education	Outcome	1.07	1.05 1.09	1.03 1.06	1.01 1.03	1	50% girls and 50% boys in	Monthly	GES DPCU

										1
-JHS			1.12	1.09	1.06	1.03	1	school at all		
-SHS			1.13	1.09	1.06	1.03	1	levels		
-TVET			1.11	-	-	-	-			
			-							
Policy Objective 2: Ensure at	ffordable, equitable, easily	accessible and U	Jniversal Hea	Ith Coverage	e (UHC)			·		
HIV/AIDS prevalence rate	Ensuring eradication	Outcome	1.8	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.5%		Monthly	GHS
(% of adult population, 15-	of HIV/AIDS								-	DPCU
49 yrs. HIV positive)										
Maternal Mortality Ratio	Monitoring Maternal	Outcome	0/100,000	0/100000	0/1000	0/100000	0		Monthly	GHS
	Health				00					DPCU
Under – five mortality rate	Monitoring child	Outcome	0	0	0	0	0		Monthly	GHS
	health									DPCU
Malaria case fatality in	Reducing malaria	Outcome	2/10,000	1/10000	1/100	0	0		Monthly	GHS
children under years per	cases in the district				00					DPCU
10,000 population										
Policy Objective 3: Promote	effective participation of	the youth in socio	peconomic de	velopment	•		•	·	•	
Proportion of unemployed	Checking youth	Impact	11%	20%	20%	30%	35%		Quarterly	BAC
youth benefitting from	unemployment									DPCU
skills/apprenticeship and										RCC
entrepreneurial training										

DEVELOPMENT DIMENSION : ENVIRONMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS										
Goal as adopted in DMTDP: Safeguard the natural environment and ensure a resilient built environment										
Policy Objective 1: Improve efficiency and effectiveness of road transport infrastructure and services										
Indicators	Indicator Definition	Indicator	Baseline	Targets Disaggregation				Monitoring	Responsibi	
		Туре	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		Frequency	lity
Proportion/Length of roads	Creating good	Output							Quarterly	DPCU
maintained/rehabilitated	transport network		53.05km	70km	90km	110	120km			FRD
-Tarred (in km)			15km	20km	25km	30km	35km			
· ,			50km	80km	100km	110km	250km			
- Reshaping (in km)										
Policy Objective 2: Ensure availability of, clean, affordable and accessible energy										

% of households having	Ensuring households	Output	75%	85%	90%	95%	99%	Quarterly	DPCU
access to electricity	are connected to the								
-	national grid								
Policy Objective 3: Combat	deforestation, desertificat	tion and Soil ero	sion						
Hectares of degraded forest	Monitoring	Output	N/A	120ha	150ha	180ha	200ha	Monthly	MOFA
restored or rehabilitated	desertification								TAs
a. Forest									DPCU
b. Mining									
c. Dry and wetland									
Policy Objective 4: Enhance	**	tional developm	ent		-				
Tele density/	Ensuring wider	Output	32%	75%	85%	90%	95%	Annually	DPCU
penetration rate	coverage of mobile	-							
	network								
Policy Objective 5: Improve		e water supply s	ervices for all	1	-				
Proportion of Population with	Ensuring adequate	Output	81.82%	85%	90%	94%	98%	Monthly	DPCU
sustainable access to safe water	water access	-							CWSA
source.									
Policy Objective 6: Enhance	access to improved and r	eliable environn	nental sanitatio	n services					
Proportion of Population with	Monitoring sanitation	Output	48.75%	55%	65%	75%	85%	Monthly	DPCU
access to improved Sanitation	issues								CWSA
(flush toilet, KVIP, Household									DEHO
inusii tonet, Kvii, nouschold									

DEVELOPMENT DIMEN		,		LIC ACCOU	NTABILI	ГҮ.				
Goal as adopted in DMTD	P: Maintain a stable, unite	ed and safe socie	ety.							
Policy Objective 1: Strength	en fiscal decentralization	1								
Indicators	Indicator Definition	Indicator	Baseline		Т	argets		Disaggregation	Monitoring	Responsibil
		Туре	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		Frequency	ity
Total amount of Internally Generated Revenue	Improving IGF mobilization	Output	60.30%	75%	80%	85%	90%		Weekly	Revenue Mob. Unit DPCU RCC
Amount of Development Partners and NGOs funds contribution to DMTDP Implementation	Moitoring support from development partners	Outcome	3,078.00	5,000.00	10,000. 00	12,000.00	18,000.00		Quarterly	DPCU Finance Department

% of DA expenditure within	Ensuring fiscal	N/A	-	-	-	-	-			
the DMTDP budget (How	management									
much of DA's expenditure										
not in the annual budget)										
Policy Objective 2: Strengthe	en social protection, espec	ially for children	, women, pers	sons with disa	bility and t	he elderly		-	-	
Number of reported cases of	Ensuring child and	Outcome	1	0	0	0	0		Monthly	SW/CD
abused (children, Women	family welfare									DPCU
and										DOVSU
Men)										
Policy Objective 3: Enhance	security service delivery									
Police citizen ratio	Improving security force	Output	1:11546	1:11200	1:11000	1:900	1:800		Quarterly	GPS
	in the district									DPCU
										RCC

6.2.2: Strategy for data collection, collation, analysis and use of results matrix, implementation, and M&E.

The DPCU planed on how data should be;

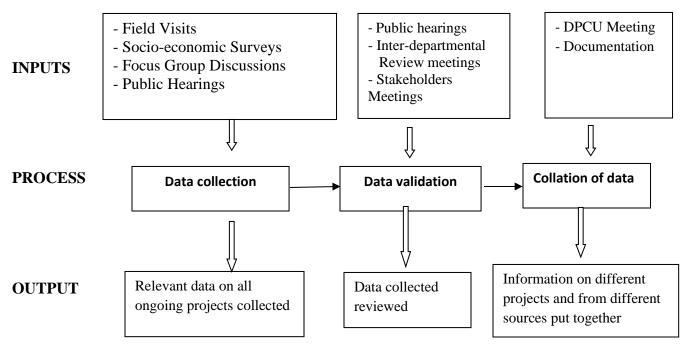
i. Collected;

ii. Collated (including those gathered by other departments and agencies as well as CSOs);

iii. Processed and validated.

iv. Analyzed and information generated from the results of the project/activities in relations to the indicators (core and district specific) and targets of the DMTDP.

Fig 6.1: Framework for data collection



#### **6.2.3 Reporting arrangement**

A crucial but often forgotten is planning how the M&E information will be disseminated to relevant stakeholders and decision-makers. Copies of the APR and quarterly reports will be forwarded to the RPCU, NDPC, MLGRD, and other stakeholders. Sharing the content of the report with other stakeholders at the sub-district and community levels will increase the accountability and transparency of the DA as well as displaying commitment to development and poverty

reduction. Furthermore, it will boost the commitment of the stakeholders to support development interventions that emerge from the M&E exercise. Some of the dissemination techniques that will be used include:

- Meeting with Traditional Authorities, Assembly Members, representatives of Area Councils and other opinion leaders and tasking them to take the messages back to their communities
- Holding workshops and community meetings at central locations throughout the District

A mechanism for providing feedback to DA will form part of the dissemination. This will ensure that lessons learned can be applied to planning and decision making by the DCE, DA and other district authorities.

## 6.2.4 How dissemination will be done

It is very important to develop a mechanism or strategy for conveying the information in the reports to all the various actors. Information dissemination will be at two levels. The reporting system adopted for institutions is very different from that of the local communities.

Quarterly and annual progress reports will be forwarded to them for their comments.

However, for the local and beneficiary communities, dissemination would be done through the following mechanisms comprise activities such as

- Quarterly stakeholders meetings
- Town hall meetings and durbars.
- Annual public hearings using focus group discussions in all communities
- Quarterly meetings with the General Assembly and tasking them to carry the message to their communities.

## 6.3 Evaluation

Evaluation is essential to assess the impacts of the implemented projects and programmes on beneficiaries. In this respect, the DPCU planned for evaluation.

The following steps were considered in planning for Evaluation;

- i. Assessing the need for an evaluation (provide the background).
- ii. Developing clear ideas on the rationale and objectives of the evaluation.
- iii. Determining the type of evaluation to undertake.
- iv. Specifying the methods, scope and timing of the evaluation.
- v. Identifying and analysing stakeholders. (See table 6.5 for stakeholder analysis)
- vi. Estimating the costs involved which should be factored into the budget of the AAP (See tables 6.6 & 6.7 for M&E calendar and Budget)
- vii. Preparing Terms of Reference (TOR) and contractual agreements based on items (i) to (iv) above.
- viii. Organising meetings to discuss the inception and draft reports with stakeholders.
- ix. Organising a validation meeting with stakeholders before submission of the final report.
- **x.** Disseminating the results and acting on the findings and recommendations as part of the dissemination and communications strategy

The evaluation arrangement were made using the following criterion

- Relevance
- Effectiveness
- Impact
- Sustainability

#### 6.3.1 Stakeholders Analysis

The main stakeholders for the monitoring and evaluation of the plan implementation are the funding agencies, plan implementers, and the beneficiaries. Academia and research institutions will also use the plan for their research which will in effect influence policy formulation. The table below summarizes stakeholders' analysis at the district level

Table 6.2 Stakeholders' Analysis	Table 6.2	Stakeholders'	Analysis
----------------------------------	-----------	---------------	----------

Stakeholders	Classification	Needs/Interests/Responsibility	Involvement in M&E Activities				
DPCU	Primary	1. To plan, monitor & evaluate, report on implementation of programs/ projects and disseminate results.	1.Disseminate M & E reports/findings				
		2.Availability & Use of M&E Guidelines	2.Development of a database				
		3.Availability of DMTDP	3.Organization of workshops				
		4.Baseline data, Indicators & Targets 5.Capacity building 4.Data colle					
		6.Enhanced institutional strengthening	5.Report writing				
		7.Dissemination of logistic support	6.Involved in all M&E activities				
		8.Data collection					
		9. Citizen participation					
ASSEMBLY MEMBERS	Primary Primary	<ul> <li>10.Coordination of M&amp;E Activities</li> <li>1. To plan, monitor &amp; evaluate, report on implementation of programs/ projects and disseminate results.</li> <li>2. Approve of Plans for M&amp;E</li> <li>3. Provide Baseline data,</li> <li>4. Policy formulation</li> <li>5. Dissemination of information</li> <li>6. Community mobilization</li> <li>1.Provide Baseline data,</li> <li>2.Disseminate results</li> <li>3.Citizens Assessment /mobilisation</li> <li>4.Development of their communities</li> <li>5.Advocacy</li> <li>6.Mobilization</li> <li>7.Validation of reports</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>M&amp;E results reporting and dissemination</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Data collection</li> <li>M&amp;E seminars and meetings</li> <li>Data collection</li> <li>M&amp;E results reporting and dissemination</li> </ol>				
DECENTRALISED DEPARTMENTS/UNITS	Primary	<ul> <li>8.Advisory service</li> <li>1. To plan, monitor &amp; evaluate, report on implementation of programs/ projects and disseminate results.</li> <li>2. Baseline data, Indicators &amp; Targets</li> <li>3. Use of MTDP</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Dissemination of M&amp;E results</li> <li>Workshops</li> </ol>				

		4. Use of M&E Guidelines	
		5. Enhanced institutional strengthening	
Residents	Primary	1. Provide Baseline data,	1.Facilitate the
		2. Advocacy	development of Database
		3. Mobilization	2.Workshops 3.Data collection
		4. Validation of reports	4.Disseminate results
		5. Demand accountability	
		6. Efficient service delivery	
LOCAL NGOs	Primary	1.Provide Baseline data,	1. M&E results reporting
/CBOs/CSOs		2.Advocacy	and dissemination
			2. Workshops
		3.Mobilization	3. Data collection
		4. Validation of reports	5. Data conection
		5.M&E reports	4.Project Inspection
		6.Demand accountability	
NDPC	Secondary	1.Policy direction and guidelines	1.Monitoring &
		2.Provision of technical support 3.Capacity building	evaluations
		4.Monitor the Assembly to deliver on	2.M&E results
		requirements	Dissemination
			3.Quarterly and Annual Progress Reports
RCC	Secondary	1. Provision of technical assistance	1. PM&E
		<ol> <li>Capacity building</li> <li>Monitor the Assembly to deliver on</li> </ol>	2. Data Collection
		requirements	3. M&E results reporting and Dissemination
			4. M&E seminars and meetings
MEDIA	Secondary	1.Provision of Information to the general public	1.Dissemination and communication of M&E
		2. Transparency and Accountability	results
DONOR PARTNERS	Sacardam	1 Monitor and avaluate projects	2.Project Inspection
DONUK PAKINEKS	Secondary	<ol> <li>Monitor and evaluate projects</li> <li>Provide Resource for example funds</li> </ol>	1.Monitoring 2.Dissemination of
		3. Capacity building	reports
		4. Technical expertise	3. Evaluation
MP	Primary	1.Lobby for projects	1.Monitoring

2.Formulate Policies	2.Dissemination of
3.Disseminate policy decision	M&E results
4.Disseminate information	3.Workshops
	4.Data collection
5.Facilitate the Legislation of laws	

Source: DPCU, 2017

## 6.3.2 Monitoring and Evaluation Work Plan

This is a summary of M&E activities that will take place within the four year period. Table 6.3 shows the plan

## Table 6.3 M&E work plan.

No	M&E Activities							]	Гіте	fram	e							Actors	Budget GH¢	
			20	)18		20	19			202	20				20	021			Gilt	
		1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	-		
1.	Specific Evaluation on service delivery																	DPCU	2,700.00	
2.	Participatory M&E																	DPCU	50,200.00	
3.	Data Collection and Collation																	DPCU	1,200.00	
4.	Monthly Field Visits																	DPCU	43,200.00	
5.	Monthly/Quarterly Review Meeting																	DPCU	19,200.00	
6.	Preparation of monthly/quarterly Reports																	DPCU	3,840.00	
7.	Mid Term Evaluation																	DPCU	3,600.00	
8.	Terminal Evaluation																	DPCU	900.00	
9.	Draft APR Prepared/Reviewed																	DPCU	4,800.00	
10.	Final APR submitted to General Assembly																	DPCU	11,440.00	
11.	Dissemination of APR																	DPCU	800.00	
12.	Training in M&E Skills																	DPCU	6,764.00	
13.	Procurement of Equipment and Facilities																	DPCU	15,600.00	
14.	GRAND TOTAL																		164,244.	

Source: DPCU, 2017

#### 6.4 Participatory Monitoring and Evaluation

A key purpose of PM&E is to build the capacity of communities to track the progress of their own development. It also gives community members the opportunity to decide on what is/not working well and the way forward.

The following are PM&E methods, which were used in planning for PM&E

- 1. Participatory Rural Appraisal.
- 2. Citizen Report Card.
- 3. Community Score Card.
- 4. Participatory Expenditure Tracking Surveys.

Aside these methods, the following steps were considered in the planning of PM&E in the district;

- 1. Deciding on the need for PM&E.
- 2. Deciding on the PM&E method to use.
- 3. Identifying the key stakeholders.
- 4. Identifying a lead facilitator.
- 5. Determining the performance questions.
- 6. Determining the resources and time available.
- 7. Defining a TOR for the lead facilitator or consultant.
- 8. Training the team to carry out the PM&E.

## **APPENDIX 1**

# **REPORT ON 1ST PUBLIC HEARING**

(A) Name of District: Banda District

Region: Brong Ahafo

Venue: Sabiye Presbyterian Church

Date: 14/03/2018

(**B**) Medium of Invitation:

- Letter of invitation
- Use of community information centre.

(C)Names of special/interest groups & individuals invited

- Hon. Enoch Adjei
- Hon. Ralf Zakaria
- Hon. Osei Benjamin
- Krah Kweku Daniel(chairman)

**(D)** Identifiable representative at hearing (chiefs, government agencies, political parties, economic groups)

## Chief

- Nana Kwabena Biribi
   Chief of Weiwa
- Nana Biyaa
- Nana Gbankama
- Nana Minichie
- Nana Yaw Mensah
- Nana Kwasi Manu
- Nana Pagyahene
- Nana Ankobeahene

Sabiye Fawoman

Sabiye

Bofie-hene

Nyire

Queen mother of Bofie

Queen mother of Weiwa

- **Government Agencies**
- Environmental Health Department
- Ministry of Agric
- Ghana Education Service
- Health Service Department
- Community Development and Social welfare
- Game and Wildlife Division

## **Economic Groups**

- Drivers
- Farmers
- Small scale Business Operators
- Charcoal Burners

# **Religious Organisations**

- Pentecostal church
- Catholic Church
- African Faith church
- Traditionalist
- Moslem

(E) Total No. of persons = 105

(**F**) Total Number of Women= 43

(G) Languages spoken – Nafaana/Twi/English

(H) Major issues at Public Hearing

- Construction of irrigation dams
- Street Naming and Property Addressing issues
- Water and Sanitation Issues
- Domestic Violence and Child Abuse
- The need to involve community members in project planning and implementation

(I) Main controversies and major

Not applicable

(**J**) Unresolved

Not applicable

(**K**) At what level are these unresolved problems going to be resolved and why Medium Term Plan for BDA 2018-2021

Not applicable

(L) A brief comment on general level of participation

Participation was high since the attendance was encouraging. Women were also able to express their views likewise their male counterparts freely.

# **APPROVED BY:**

DCE:
DCD:
Presiding Member
Chairman of Development Planning Sub-committee
District Planning Officer:

# **BANDA DISTRICT ASSEMBLY**

In case of reply the Number and the date of this letter Should be quoted

Our Ref No: Your Ref No: BDA/BA/122/256/89 Email: Tele:



OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION P.D. Box 3 Banda Ahenkrd.

7TH MARCH, 2018

# PUBLIC HEARING

As part of preparing the District Medium Term Development Plan (2018 - 2021) there is the need to solicit ideas/information from the citizenry.

In view of that the District undertook stakeholder meeting with the two Area Councils on needs assessment aside the performance review with the District Planning Coordinating Unit (DPCU). After that data collection exercise was conducted to get more information from the populace.

The next step on the programme is to organize public hearing to validate the information received from the various area councils and communities. Based on this, I have been directed to invite you to attend public hearing in the Ahenkro area council as follows:

AREA COUNCIL	VENUE	DAY, DATE	TIME
BANDA AHENKRO	SDA CHURCH	WED'SDAY, 14TH MAR. 2018	9:00 A.M.

The participants for the programme include the following:

- 1. Traditional Authority
- 2. Opinion Leaders
- 3. Formal Assembly Members
- 4. Women's Group
- 5. Youth Group
- 6. Dressmakers, Charcoal burners, Distillers, Chemical Sellers Associations, etc
- 7. Farmer Groups

Please endeavour to attend

## (SEBASTIAN DUUT) DISTRICT PLANNING OFFICER FOR: DISTRICT CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Cc. DPCU MEMBERS

## **APPENDIX 2**

# **REPORT ON 2<sup>ND</sup> PUBLIC HEARING**

#### (A) Name of District: Banda District

Region: Brong Ahafo

Venue: SDA Church, Banda Ahenkro

Date: 22/03/2018

**(B)** Medium of Invitation:

- Letter of invitation
- Use of community information centre.

(C) Names of special/interest groups & individuals invited:

- Hon. Kwabena Asante
- Hon. Osei Benjamin
- Hon. Peter Douglas

**(D)** Identifiable representative at hearing (chiefs, government agencies, political parties, economic groups)

Ahenkro

Nyire Gbao

Gbao

Domopfie

Akanyakrom

Dokakyina

#### Chiefs

- Nana Kontehene Ahenkro
- Nana Kyarehene
- Nana Agba
- Nana Gbankama
- Nana Choko
- Nana Tujohene
- Nana Akanyahene
- Nana Dokakyihene
- Nana Awuempim
- Nana Pagyahene
- Fawoman Ahenkro

Ahenkro

Nana AbusaheneNana AnkobeaheneSabiye

## **Government Agencies**

- Environmental Health Department
- Ministry of Agric
- Ghana Education Service

- Health Service Department
- Community Development and Social welfare
- Game and Wildlife Division

## **Economic Groups**

- Drivers
- Farmers
- Small scale Business Operators
- Charcoal Burners

## **Religious Organisation**

- Pentecostal church
- Catholic Church
- African Faith church
- Traditionalist
- Moslem

(E) Total No. of persons = 119

- (F) Total Number of Women= 49
- (G) Languages spoken Nafaana/Twi/English

(H) Major issues at Public Hearing

- Domestic Violence and Child Abuse
- Street Naming and Property Addressing issues
- Water and Sanitation Issues
- The need to involve community members in project planning and implementation
- •

(I) Main controversies and major

Not applicable

(**J**) Unresolved

Not applicable

(**K**) At what level are these unresolved problems going to be resolved and why Medium Term Plan for BDA 2018-2021

Not applicable

(L) A brief comment on general level of participation

Participation was high since the attendance was encouraging. Women were also able to express their views likewise their male counterparts freely.

## **APPROVED BY:**

DCE:
DCD:
Presiding Member
Chairman of Development Planning Sub-committee

District Planning Officer: .....

# **BANDA DISTRICT ASSEMBLY**

In case of reply the Number and the date of this letter Should be quoted

Our Ref No:

Your Ref No: BDA/BA/122/256/89

Email:

Tele:



OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION P.D. BOX 3 Banda Ahenkrd.

14<sup>TH</sup> MARCH, 2018

# PUBLIC HEARING

As part of preparing the District Medium Term Development Plan (2018 - 2021) there is the need to solicit ideas/information from the citizenry.

In view of that the District undertook stakeholder meeting with the two Area Councils on needs assessment aside the performance review with the District Planning Coordinating Unit (DPCU). After that data collection exercise was conducted to get more information from the populace.

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BANDA AHENKRO	SDA CHURCH	THURSDAY, 22 MAR. 2018	9:00 A.M.

The participants for the programme include the following:

8. Traditional Authority

- 9. Opinion Leaders
- 10. Formal Assembly Members
- 11. Women's Group
- 12. Youth Group
- 13. Dressmakers, Charcoal burners, Distillers, Chemical Sellers Associations, etc
- 14. Farmer Groups

Please endeavour to attend

# (SEBASTIAN DUUT)

DISTRICT PLANNING OFFICER FOR: DISTRICT CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Cc. DPCU MEMBERS

# **APPENDIX 3**

# SUSTAINABILITY TEST

CRITERIAL - BASIC AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	INDICATORS	F			MAN SURE		
Effects of Natural Resources							
<b>Protected Areas and Wildlife</b> : Should be conserved and these resource should be enhanced when practical	Sensitive areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Degraded Land</b> : Areas vulnerable to degradation should be avoided, and already degraded land should be enhanced	Vulnerable areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Energy</b> : The activity should encourage efficient energy use and maximize used of renewable rather than fossil fuels	Quantity and type of fuel/energy to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Pollution</b> : Discharge of pollutants and waste product to the atmosphere, water and land should be avoided	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Raw Materials</b> : All raw materials should be used with maximum efficiency	Quantity and type of materials	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Rivers and Water Bodies</b> : Should retained their natural character	Minimum flows/water levels to be set	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Social and Cultural Conditions							<u> </u>
<b>Local Character</b> : Cohesion of local communities should be enhance where practicable	Opinions of local communities to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Health and well being:</b> Activities should benefit the work force, and local communities in terms of health and well being nutrition, shelter, education and cultural expression	Number of people exposed to water borne disease, or lacking adequate food and shelter to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Gender: Activities should empower women	Number of women to be empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Job Creation</b> : The activities should create jobs for local people particularly women and young people	Number of people to be employed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Participation</b> : Activity participation and involvement of local communities should be encouraged (especially vulnerable alluded section)	Level of participation proposed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Land:	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Water: Activity should improve access to land	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5

		I		1	1			1
Access to Transport: Activity should improve acc water	cess to	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Limitation: Activity should improve access to tra	nsport	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Equity</b> : Adverse and beneficial impacts from development should be distributed equitable and should not discriminate against any groups		Number of the poor to be benefit on equitable terms	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Vulnerability and Risk: Drought, bushfires flood and epidemics should be reduced	crises	Occurrence to be noted and monitored	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Economy								
<i>Growth:</i> The PPP should result in development that encourages and stable conditions of economic growth		Economic output to be evaluated	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Local Materials and Services</b> : The PPP should result in the raw use materials and services from local industries where possible		Description of sources	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Local Investment of Capital</b> : Development should encourage retention of capital and the development of downstream utilizing focal raw materials product and labor		Description of investment strategy	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Institutional Issues								
Adherence to Democratic: Poverty on the part of should be address	of women	20% of women empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Information: The Activity should be enh	nance	15% of people should have access to information	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Inadequate Office: The activity should be improve	ed	The office number should be measured by 10%	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
2.0 Sustainability Test Description of Activity: Ensure capacity impro-	vement by	constructing missing links						
CRITERIAL - BASIC AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	INDICATORS		I		-	MAN	-	
Effects of Natural Resources								
<b>Protected Areas and Wildlife</b> : Should be conserved and these resource should be enhanced when practical	Sensitive areas shown on maps		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Degraded Land</b> : Areas vulnerable to degradation should be avoided, and already degraded land should be enhanced	Vulnerable areas shown on maps		(0)	1	2	3	4	5

<b>Energy</b> : The activity should encourage efficient energy use and maximize used of renewable rather than fossil fuels	Quantity and type of fuel/energy to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Pollution</b> : Discharge of pollutants and waste product to the atmosphere, water and land should be avoided	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Raw Materials</b> : All raw materials should be used with maximum efficiency	Quantity and type of materials	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Rivers and Water Bodies</b> : Should retained their natural character	Minimum flows/water levels to be set	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Social and Cultural Conditions				•	•	•	
<b>Local Character</b> : Cohesion of local communities should be enhance where practicable	Opinions of local communities to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Health and well being: Activities should benefit the work force, and local communities in terms of health and well being nutrition, shelter, education and cultural expression	Number of people exposed to water borne disease, or lacking adequate food and shelter to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Gender: Activities should empower women	Number of women to be empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Job Creation</b> : The activities should create jobs for local people particularly women and young people	Number of people to be employed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Participation</b> : Activity participation and involvement of local communities should be encouraged (especially vulnerable alluded section)	Level of participation proposed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Land:	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Water: Activity should improve access to land	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Transport: Activity should improve access to water	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Limitation</b> : Activity should improve access to transport	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Equity</b> : Adverse and beneficial impacts from development should be distributed equitable and should not discriminate against any groups	Number of the poor to be benefit on equitable terms	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Vulnerability and Risk</b> : <i>Drought, bushfires</i> <i>flood crises and epidemics should be reduced</i>	Occurrence to be noted and monitored	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Economy			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

<i>Growth:</i> The PPP should result in development that encourages and stable conditions of economic growth	Economic output to be evaluated	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Local Materials and Services</b> : <i>The PPP</i> should result in the use raw materials and services from local industries where possible	Description of sources	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Local Investment of Capital</b> : Development should encourage retention of capital and the development of downstream utilizing local raw materials product and labor	Description of investment strategy	(0)	1	2	З	4	5
Institutional Issues							
Adherence to Democratic: Poverty on the part on women should be address		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Information: The Activity should be enhance		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Inadequate Office:The activity should be improved		(0)	1	2	3	4	5

3.0 Sustainability Test								
Description of Activity: Develop market suppo	rt services for selected horticulture, food and							
industrial crops to enhance production for ex	port							
CRITERIAL - BASIC AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	INDICATORS	F	PERFORMANCE MEASURE					
Effects of Natural Resources								
Protected Areas and Wildlife: Should be								
conserved and these resource should be		(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
enhanced when practical	Sensitive areas shown on maps							
Degraded Land: Areas vulnerable to								
degradation should be avoided, and already		(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
degraded land should be enhanced	Vulnerable areas shown on maps							
Energy: The activity should encourage efficient								
energy use and maximize used of renewable	Quantity and type of fuel/energy to be	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
rather than fossil fuels	identified							
Pollution: Discharge of pollutants and waste	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be					_		
product to the atmosphere, water and land should be avoided	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
Use of Raw Materials: All raw materials should		(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
be used with maximum efficiency	Quantity and type of materials	. ,						

<b>Rivers and Water Bodies</b> : Should retained their natural character	Minimum flows/water levels to be set	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Social and Cultural Conditions							
<b>Local Character</b> : <i>Cohesion of local communities</i> <i>should be enhance where practicable</i>	Opinions of local communities to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Health and well being:</b> Activities should benefit the work force, and local communities in terms of health and well being nutrition, shelter, education and cultural expression	Number of people exposed to water borne disease, or lacking adequate food and shelter to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Gender: Activities should empower women	Number of women to be empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Job Creation</b> : The activities should create jobs for local people particularly women and young people	Number of people to be employed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Participation</b> : Activity participation and involvement of local communities should be encouraged (especially vulnerable alluded section)	Level of participation proposed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Land:	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Water: Activity should improve access to land	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Transport: Activity should improve access to water	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Limitation</b> : Activity should improve access to transport	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Equity</b> : Adverse and beneficial impacts from development should be distributed equitable and should not discriminate against any groups	Number of the poor to be benefit on equitable terms	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Vulnerability and Risk</b> : Drought, bushfires flood crises and epidemics should be reduced	Occurrence to be noted and monitored	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Economy					I		1
<i>Growth:</i> The PPP should result in development that encourages and stable conditions of economic growth	Economic output to be evaluated	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Local Materials and Services</b> : <i>The PPP</i> should result in the use raw materials and services from local industries where possible	Description of sources	(0)	1	2	3	4	5

<b>Local Investment of Capital</b> : Development should encourage retention of capital and the development of downstream utilizing local raw materials product and labor	Description of investment strategy	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Institutional Issues							
Adherence to Democratic: Poverty on the part on women should be address		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Information: The Activity should be enhance		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Inadequate Office:The activity should be improved		(0)	1	2	3	4	5

and ecosystem services	lic education and awareness on biodiversity						
CRITERIAL - BASIC AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	INDICATORS	F	PERFORMANCE MEASURE				
Effects of Natural Resources							
<b>Protected Areas and Wildlife</b> : Should be conserved and these resource should be enhanced when practical	Sensitive areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Degraded Land</b> : Areas vulnerable to degradation should be avoided, and already degraded land should be enhanced	Vulnerable areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Energy</b> : The activity should encourage efficient energy use and maximize used of renewable rather than fossil fuels	Quantity and type of fuel/energy to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Pollution</b> : Discharge of pollutants and waste product to the atmosphere, water and land should be avoided	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Raw Materials</b> : All raw materials should be used with maximum efficiency	Quantity and type of materials	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Rivers and Water Bodies</b> : Should retained their natural character	Minimum flows/water levels to be set	(0)	1	2	3	4	5

Institutional Issues							
development of downstream utilizing local raw materials product and labor	Description of investment strategy	(0)	1	Z	,	4	J
<b>Local Investment of Capital</b> : Development should encourage retention of capital and the		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
should result in the use raw materials and services from local industries where possible	Description of sources	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
economic growth Use of Local Materials and Services: The PPP	Economic output to be evaluated						
<b>Growth</b> : The PPP should result in development that encourages and stable conditions of		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Economy							
<b>Vulnerability and Risk</b> : <i>Drought, bushfires</i> <i>flood crises and epidemics should be reduced</i>	Occurrence to be noted and monitored	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Equity</b> : Adverse and beneficial impacts from development should be distributed equitable and should not discriminate against any groups	Number of the poor to be benefit on equitable terms	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Limitation</b> : Activity should improve access to transport	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Transport: Activity should improve access to water	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Water: Activity should improve access to land	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Land:	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Participation</b> : Activity participation and involvement of local communities should be encouraged (especially vulnerable alluded section)	Level of participation proposed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Job Creation: The activities should create jobs for local people particularly women and young people	Number of people to be employed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Gender: Activities should empower women	Number of women to be empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Health and well being:</b> Activities should benefit the work force, and local communities in terms of health and well being nutrition, shelter, education and cultural expression	Number of people exposed to water borne disease, or lacking adequate food and shelter to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Local Character</b> : Cohesion of local communities should be enhance where practicable	Opinions of local communities to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5

Adherence to Democratic: Poverty on the part on women should be address		(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
Access to Information:The Activity should be enhance		(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
Inadequate Office:The activity should be improved		(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
5.0 Sustainability Test								
Description of Activity: Enhance capacity of M	IDAs and MMDAs to mainstream							
biodiversity into development planning and b	pudgeting processes							
CRITERIAL - BASIC AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	INDICATORS	PERFORMANCE MEASURE						
Effects of Natural Resources								
<b>Protected Areas and Wildlife</b> : Should be conserved and these resource should be enhanced when practical	Sensitive areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
<b>Degraded Land</b> : Areas vulnerable to degradation should be avoided, and already degraded land should be enhanced	Vulnerable areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
<b>Energy</b> : The activity should encourage efficient energy use and maximize used of renewable rather than fossil fuels	Quantity and type of fuel/energy to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
<b>Pollution</b> : Discharge of pollutants and waste product to the atmosphere, water and land should be avoided	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
<b>Use of Raw Materials</b> : All raw materials should be used with maximum efficiency	Quantity and type of materials	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
<b>Rivers and Water Bodies</b> : Should retained their natural character	Minimum flows/water levels to be set	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
Effects on Social and Cultural Conditions								
<b>Local Character</b> : <i>Cohesion of local communities</i> <i>should be enhance where practicable</i>	Opinions of local communities to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	
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Gender: Activities should empower women	Number of women to be empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5	

<b>Job Creation</b> : The activities should create jobs for local people particularly women and young people	Number of people to be employed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Participation</b> : Activity participation and involvement of local communities should be encouraged (especially vulnerable alluded		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
section)	Level of participation proposed						
Access to Land:	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Water: Activity should improve access to land	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Transport: Activity should improve access to water	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Sanitation</b> : Activity should improve access to transport	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Equity</b> : Adverse and beneficial impacts from development should be distributed equitable and should not discriminate against any groups	Number of the poor to be benefit on equitable terms	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Vulnerability and Risk</b> : Drought, bushfires flood crises and epidemics should be reduced	Occurrence to be noted and monitored	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Economy			1			1	1
<i>Growth:</i> The PPP should result in development that encourages and stable conditions of economic growth	Economic output to be evaluated	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Local Materials and Services</b> : <i>The PPP</i> should result in the use raw materials and services from local industries where possible	Description of sources	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Local Investment of Capital</b> : Development should encourage retention of capital and the development of downstream utilizing local raw materials product and labor	Description of investment strategy	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Institutional Issues							
Adherence to Democratic: Poverty on the part on women should be address		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Information: The Activity should be enhance		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Inadequate Office:The activity should be improved		(0)	1	2	3	4	5

6.0	Sustainability Test
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Description of Activity: Prepare and implement adequate drainage plans for all MMDAs

CRITERIAL - BASIC AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	PERFC ME								
Protected Areas and Wildlife: Should be conserved and these resource should be enhanced when practical	Sensitive areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
<b>Degraded Land</b> : Areas vulnerable to degradation should be avoided, and already degraded land should be enhanced	Vulnerable areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
<b>Energy</b> : The activity should encourage efficient energy use and maximize used of renewable rather than fossil fuels	Quantity and type of fuel/energy to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
<b>Pollution</b> : Discharge of pollutants and waste product to the atmosphere, water and land should be avoided	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
<b>Use of Raw Materials</b> : All raw materials should be used with maximum efficiency	Quantity and type of materials	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
<b>Rivers and Water Bodies</b> : Should retained their natural character	Minimum flows/water levels to be set	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
Effects on Social and Cultural Conditions						1	<u> </u>		
<b>Local Character</b> : <i>Cohesion of local communities</i> <i>should be enhance where practicable</i>	Opinions of local communities to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
Health and well being: Activities should benefit the work force, and local communities in terms of health and well being nutrition, shelter, education and cultural expression	Number of people exposed to water borne disease, or lacking adequate food and shelter to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
Gender: Activities should empower women	Number of women to be empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
<b>Job Creation</b> : The activities should create jobs for local people particularly women and young people	Number of people to be employed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
<b>Participation</b> : Activity participation and involvement of local communities should be encouraged (especially vulnerable alluded section)	Level of participation proposed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
Access to Land:	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		
Access to Water: Activity should improve access to land	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5		

Access to Transport: Activity should improve							
access to water	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Sanitation: Activity should improve access to		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
transport	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	5	4	J
Equity: Adverse and beneficial impacts from							
development should be distributed equitable	Number of the poor to be benefit on equitable	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
and should not discriminate against any groups	terms						
Vulnerability and Risk: Drought, bushfires		(0)	1	2	3	4	F
flood crises and epidemics should be reduced	Occurrence to be noted and monitored	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Economy							
Growth: The PPP should result in development							
that encourages and stable conditions of		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
economic growth	Economic output to be evaluated						
Use of Local Materials and Services: The PPP							
should result in the use raw materials and		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
services from local industries where possible	Description of sources						
Local Investment of Capital: Development							
should encourage retention of capital and the		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
development of downstream utilizing local raw		(0)	-	-	Ŭ	•	5
materials product and labor	Description of investment strategy						
Institutional Issues							
Adherence to Democratic: Poverty on the part		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
on women should be address		(0)	T	2	Э	4	5
Access to Information: The Activity should be		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
enhance		(0)	T	2	5	4	Э
Inadequate Office: The activity should be		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
improved		(0)			5	-	5

7.0 Sustainability Test							
Description of Activity: Provide mechanized be	prehole and small town water systems						
CRITERIAL - BASIC AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	INDICATORS	F	PERFORMANCE MEASURE				
Effects of Natural Resources							
<b>Protected Areas and Wildlife</b> : Should be conserved and these resource should be enhanced when practical	Sensitive areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5

<b>Equity</b> : Adverse and beneficial impacts from development should be distributed equitable and should not discriminate against any groups	Number of the poor to be benefit on equitable terms	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Sanitation: Activity should improve access to transport	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Transport: Activity should improve access to water	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Water: Activity should improve access to land	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Land:	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Participation</b> : Activity participation and involvement of local communities should be encouraged (especially vulnerable alluded section)	Level of participation proposed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Job Creation</b> : The activities should create jobs for local people particularly women and young people	Number of people to be employed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Gender: Activities should empower women	Number of women to be empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Health and well being: Activities should benefit the work force, and local communities in terms of health and well being nutrition, shelter, education and cultural expression	Number of people exposed to water borne disease, or lacking adequate food and shelter to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Local Character</b> : Cohesion of local communities should be enhance where practicable	Opinions of local communities to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Social and Cultural Conditions							
<b>Rivers and Water Bodies</b> : <i>Should retained their natural character</i>	Minimum flows/water levels to be set	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Raw Materials</b> : All raw materials should be used with maximum efficiency	Quantity and type of materials	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Pollution</b> : Discharge of pollutants and waste product to the atmosphere, water and land should be avoided	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Energy</b> : The activity should encourage efficient energy use and maximize used of renewable rather than fossil fuels	Quantity and type of fuel/energy to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Degraded Land</b> : Areas vulnerable to degradation should be avoided, and already degraded land should be enhanced	Vulnerable areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5

<b>Vulnerability and Risk</b> : <i>Drought, bushfires</i> <i>flood crises and epidemics should be reduced</i>	Occurrence to be noted and monitored	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Economy							
<i>Growth:</i> The PPP should result in development that encourages and stable conditions of economic growth	Economic output to be evaluated	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Local Materials and Services</b> : <i>The PPP</i> should result in the use raw materials and services from local industries where possible	Description of sources	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Local Investment of Capital</b> : Development should encourage retention of capital and the development of downstream utilizing local raw materials product and labor	Description of investment strategy	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Institutional Issues							
Adherence to Democratic: <i>Poverty on the part</i> <i>on women should be address</i>		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Information: The Activity should be enhance		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Inadequate Office:The activity should be improved		(0)	1	2	3	4	5

8.0 Sustainability Test							
Description of Activity: Provide public educati	on on solid waste management						
CRITERIAL - BASIC AIMS AND OBJECTIVES	INDICATORS	F	PERFORMANCE MEASURE				
Effects of Natural Resources							
<b>Protected Areas and Wildlife</b> : Should be conserved and these resource should be enhanced when practical	Sensitive areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Degraded Land</b> : Areas vulnerable to degradation should be avoided, and already degraded land should be enhanced	Vulnerable areas shown on maps	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Energy</b> : The activity should encourage efficient energy use and maximize used of renewable rather than fossil fuels	Quantity and type of fuel/energy to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5

<b>Pollution</b> : <i>Discharge of pollutants and waste product to the atmosphere, water and land should be avoided</i>	Quantity /type of pollutants and waste to be identified	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Use of Raw Materials</b> : All raw materials should be used with maximum efficiency	Quantity and type of materials	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Rivers and Water Bodies</b> : Should retained their natural character	Minimum flows/water levels to be set	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Social and Cultural Conditions							
<b>Local Character</b> : <i>Cohesion of local communities</i> <i>should be enhance where practicable</i>	Opinions of local communities to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Health and well being:</b> Activities should benefit the work force, and local communities in terms of health and well being nutrition, shelter, education and cultural expression	Number of people exposed to water borne disease, or lacking adequate food and shelter to be assessed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Gender: Activities should empower women	Number of women to be empowered	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Job Creation</b> : The activities should create jobs for local people particularly women and young people	Number of people to be employed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Participation</b> : Activity participation and involvement of local communities should be encouraged (especially vulnerable alluded section)	Level of participation proposed	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Land:	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Water: Activity should improve access to land	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Transport: Activity should improve access to water	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Sanitation</b> : Activity should improve access to transport	Number of the poor to be assisted	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Equity</b> : Adverse and beneficial impacts from development should be distributed equitable and should not discriminate against any groups	Number of the poor to be benefit on equitable terms	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
<b>Vulnerability and Risk</b> : Drought, bushfires flood crises and epidemics should be reduced	Occurrence to be noted and monitored	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Effects on Economy			I				
<i>Growth:</i> The PPP should result in development that encourages and stable conditions of economic growth	Economic output to be evaluated	(0)	1	2	3	4	5

<b>Use of Local Materials and Services</b> : <i>The PPP</i> <i>should result in the use raw materials and</i>		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
services from local industries where possible	Description of sources						
<b>Local Investment of Capital</b> : Development should encourage retention of capital and the development of downstream utilizing local raw materials product and labor	Description of investment strategy	(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Institutional Issues							
Adherence to Democratic: Poverty on the part on women should be address		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Access to Information: The Activity should be enhance		(0)	1	2	3	4	5
Inadequate Office:The activity should be improved		(0)	1	2	3	4	5

Note: These are samples of sustainability Test conducted. All the reaming activities were

subjected to this Test.