

ADANSI ASOKWA DISTRICT ASSEMBLY

**IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DISTRICT MEDIUM TERM DEVELOPMENT PLAN
[DMTDP] 2018-2021**



**2020 ANNUAL COMPOSITE PROGRESS REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF
ACTIVITIES IN THE ANNUAL ACTION PLAN**

JANUARY, 2021



REPUBLIC OF GHANA
ADANSI ASOKWA
DISTRICT ASSEMBLY

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Your Ref:..... Our Ref: AADA/ACPR/9/6/v.1/04 Date: 29/01/2021

SUBMISSION OF ANNUAL COMPOSITE PROGRESS REPORT 2020

I submit, as per attached, a hard copy of Annual Composite Progress Report (January-December, 2020) on the status of implementation of programmes and projects in the Adansi-Asokwa District for your perusal and necessary action.

Counting on your usual co-operation.

For: DISTRICT CHIEF EXECUTIVE

EUNICE KORANKYE

(DISTRICT CO-ORD. DIRECTOR).

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL
NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING COMMISSION
ACCRA.
THE HON. MINISTER
REGIONAL CO-ORDINATING COUNCIL
KUMASI

ATTN: THE REGIONAL ECONOMIC PLANNING OFFICER
REGIONAL CO-ORDINATING COUNCIL
KUMASI

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AIDS	:	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
APR	:	Annual Progress Report
BAC	:	Business Advisory Centre
BCG	:	BasillusCalmettee Guerin
CWSA	:	Community Water and Sanitation Agency
DACF:		District Assemblies Common Fund
DMTP	:	District Medium Term Development Plan
DPCU	:	District Planning and Co-ordinating Unit
DWSP:		District Water and Sanitation Plan
GOG	:	Government of Ghana
GSGDA:		Ghana Shared Growth and Development Agenda
HIV	:	Human Immune Virus
HIPC	:	Highly Indebted Poor Country
IGF	:	Internally Generated Fund
JHS	:	Junior High School
KG	:	Kindergarten
KVIP	:	Kumasi Ventilated Improved Pit
LRED	:	Local and Regional Economic Development
MMDAs:		Metropolitan, Municipal and Districts Assemblies

M&E	:	Monitoring and Evaluation
NADMO:		National Disaster Management Organisation
OPD	:	Out Patient Department
SDA	:	Seventh Day Adventist
SHS	:	Senior High School
TVET	:	Technical Vocational Education Training
UTTDBE:		Untrained Teachers Training in Diploma in Basic Education

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Introduction

The 2020 Annual Progress Report is the review of the status of the implementation of the District Medium Term Development Plan (2018-2021) Coordinated Programme of Economic and Social Development Policy (CPESDP).

The report has been put together from the result of the assessment of a set of indicators and targets which have been adopted for monitoring and evaluating the achievements of programmes and projects implemented in 2020.

The purposes of the reports are as follows:

- Provide single source information on the level of implementation of activities in the 2020 Annual Action Plan.
- Make recommendations for addressing the weaknesses and the challenges.

The report basically provides an update on the status of actions taken on programmes and projects implemented during the year 2020 within the framework of the DMTDP. It specifically addresses the status of the following:

- Programme/Project status for the year 2020
- Update on disbursement from funding sources
- Update on indicators and targets
- Update on critical Development and Poverty Issues

The report has been presented in three chapters. The first chapter looks at the purpose of the review of the Year 2020 M&E, process involved and the difficulties encountered in the preparation of the report and the status of implementation of the DMTDP.

Chapter two presents the update of disbursement from funding sources, indicators, targets and critical issues.

Chapter three which is the last one considered the key issues addressed and those yet to be addressed and some recommendations.

Methodology and Organization of Report

The methodology employed in the preparation of the report includes;

- The use of monitoring and evaluation reports within the year 2020.
- Involvement of a cross-section of key stakeholders in compiling the monitoring and evaluation reports.
- Active involvement and collaboration of members of the DPCU in the collation, analysis and compilation of the report.

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

ANNUAL COMPOSITE PROGRESS REPORT - (JANUARY-DECEMBER, 2020)

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The annual Progress Report of the Adansi-Asokwa District Assembly covers the period January-December, 2020 and it highlights the implementation of programmes and projects in the 2020 Annual Action Plan.

It also shows the achievements and challenges of the various decentralized Departments and Agencies in the District in implementing their programmes and projects. The report is prepared within the context of the development policy dimension under the DMTDP, as stipulated in the Coordinated Programme of Economic and Social Development Policy (CPESDP).

The Coordinated Programme of Economic and Social Development Policies (CPESDP) are based on the vision of the government as outlined in its manifesto, “Change: An Agenda for Jobs-Creating Prosperity and Equal Opportunity for All. The Programme defines the goals and aspirations for national development in the next four years and beyond and outlines strategies as

well as specific initiatives that will help achieve the stated vision, together with the means of implementation, monitoring and evaluation. In the context of achieving a just and free society, as prescribed by the Constitution, the Government vision that drives the Coordinated Programme is to create: “An optimistic, self-confident and prosperous nation, through the creative exploitation of our human and natural resources, and operating within a democratic, open and fair society in which mutual trust and economic opportunities exist for all.”

CPESDP has the following Pillars and their Corresponding Goals;

NO.	PILLARS	CORRESPONDING GOALS
1	Economic Development	Build a prosperous society
2	Environment , Infrastructure and Human Settlement	Safeguard the natural environment and ensure resilient built environment
3	Social Development	Create opportunities for all
4	Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability	Maintain a stable , united and safe society
5	Ghana and International Community	Strengthen Ghana’s role in international affairs

1.2 DISTRICT PROFILE

Adansi Asokwa District is one of the 254 districts in Ghana. It is one of the 43 Administrative districts in Ashanti Region. The District was created by Legislative Instrument (LI 2331) 2018. The Adansi Asokwa District was carved out of Adansi North District Assembly in 2018 to deepen decentralization and make local governance more effective and efficient in terms of service delivery. The District is bounded to the north by Adansi-North District, to the south by Adansi-South District, East by Bosome-Freho District, to the West by Obuasi Municipal and Obuasi East District. The District capital, Adansi Asokwa is on the Kumasi Cape Coast Main Road. The District has Twenty Seven (27) electoral areas and one (1) constituency. There are Four (4) Area Councils within the district, i.e Anhwiaso, Bodwesango, Fumso and Asokwa.

1.2.1 VISION

Adansi Asokwa District Assembly aspire to become a highly qualified socio-economic service provider that creates wealth and opportunity for Human resource development within the District

1.2.2 MISSION

The mission of the Adansi Asokwa District Assembly is to improve the quality of life of the people in partnership with major stakeholders through the formulation of sound policies and the executing of programmes and projects in areas of poverty reduction, human resource and infrastructural development

1.2.3 FUNCTIONS OF THE ASSEMBLY

To accomplish its mission and achieve its goals and objectives the AADA performs a number of Co-ordinated statutorily defined functions derived from Section 245 of the 1992 Constitution of the Republic of Ghana as well as Section 10(3) of the Local Government Act, 2015 (Act 936). Broadly, these functions which are deliberative, legislative and executive in nature, include the following listed below.

- The Assembly is answerable for the overall development of the district
- It is also responsible for the development, improvement and management of human settlements and the environment in the district;
- Preparation of development plans and budget
- Formulate and execute plans, programmes and strategies for the effective mobilization of resources necessary for the overall development of the district;
- Promote and support productive activity and social development in the district;
- Initiate programmes for the development of basic infrastructure
- Provide public works and service in the district;
- In co-operation with appropriate national and local security agencies, be responsible for the maintenance of security and public safety in the district;
- Ensure ready access to the courts and public tribunals in the district for the promotion of justice

1.3 PURPOSE OF ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT 2020

The purpose of the 2020 Annual Progress Report is to assess and evaluate the performance of the Adansi-Asokwa District Assembly in providing information on the achievements of the District with respect to objectives set-out in the Medium Term Development Plan (2018-2021). It is also to highlight the constraints and challenges faced in the implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the activities within the District and measures to overcome these challenges. The Progress Report also shows the performance indicators achieved by the various sectors of the District economy, the challenges and the lessons learnt, and the way forward towards improving socio-economic conditions in the District.

Table 1 Proportion of the DMTDP Implemented

Indicators	Target	Actual
	2020	2020
1. Proportion of the annual action plans implemented by the end of the year	90	94.4
a. Percentage completed	90	93.69
b. Percentage of ongoing interventions	1	0.80
c. Percentage of interventions abandoned	-	-
d. Percentage of interventions yet to start	7	5.60
e. Percentage of interventions executed outside the plan	-	-
2. Proportion of the overall medium-term development plan implemented	75	72

Details on the Annual Action Plan Implemented under the Agenda for Jobs Policy Framework

S/N	Development Dimension	2020	
		Plan	Exec
1	Social Development	47	45
2	Economic Development	39	38
3	Environment, Infrastructure and Human Development	24	23
4	Corruption, Governance and Accountability	15	12
	Total	125	118

1.4 KEY MONITORING AND EVALUATION (M&E) OBJECTIVES FOR 2020

The Monitoring and Evaluation of Programmes and Projects is geared towards achieving the following;

- Assessing the Progress of Implementation of Programmes and Projects.
- Promoting Community participation and awareness in the implementation of projects.
- Providing vital information for effective co-ordination of activities in the District.
- Identifying achievements and failures in the implementation process, so that improvements can be recommended to enhance the implementation of Programmes and Projects.
- Improve service delivery, influence resource allocation, and demonstrate results as part of accountability and transparency.

1.5 PROCESS INVOLVED AND DIFFICULTIES ENCOUNTERED

The report relied on data from both primary and secondary sources to determine implemented Programmes and Projects within the District during the year 2020. The primary data were obtained from Monitoring and Evaluation of programmes and projects by the DPCU, while the secondary data were obtained from quarterly and annual reports of Departments and Agencies operating in the District.

The preparation of the annual report was preceded by the under listed activities:

i. *Project Inspection and Site Visits:*

Physical projects that are implemented and on-going were periodically monitored. This was done through visitation to project and activity sites. The project inspection enabled the District Planning and Coordinating Unit (DPCU) to assess the status/conditions of the programmes and projects whether the outputs will help achieve the objectives.

ii. *Data Collection and Validation*

Data on Programmes and Projects for the preparation of this report were collected from the various decentralized departments of the District.

iii. *Use of Outcomes:*

Data collected from both primary and secondary sources were collated and analyzed.

1.6 PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED

i. *Delay in the submission of annual reports by the decentralized departments.*

There was delay in the submission of annual reports by the decentralized departments making it difficult for the composite progress report to be prepared and submitted on time.

ii. *Inadequate Logistics and Resources:*

Monitoring and evaluation activities were not carried out extensively as a result of inadequate logistics, and funds.

iii. *Inadequate and Unsettled Departments*

Adansi-Asokwa District Assembly was among the newly created districts in the Ashanti Region. The district does not have the full complement of the decentralized departments.

1.7 PROGRAMME AND PROJECTS STATUS FOR THE YEAR, 2020

The implementation status of the programmes and projects in the Annual Action Plan is shown in Appendix 1. The matrix indicates the name of the project or programme, project description, project location, contractor, budget, source of funding and type of funding etc.

CHAPTER TWO

M&E ACTIVITIES REPORT

2.0 INTRODUCTION

This chapter seeks to review the implementation status of programmes and projects in the year 2020. An update of programmes/projects in the Annual Action Plan as contained in the DMTDP 2018-2021 would be outlined in this chapter.

2.2 COMMENTS ON THE RELEASES OF FUNDS

The District Assembly Common Fund (DACF) and District Development Fund (DDF) are by and large the main source of funds for investment to the MMDAs. However, the DACF has not been releasing on time. The district has prepared and submitted its work plan budget on DPAT II (2017) District Development Fund (DDF) to expand its development agenda.

2.3 UPDATE OF DISBURSEMENT FROM FUNDING SOURCES

District Assemblies have two major sources of revenue for its programmes and projects .These are;

- ✓ Internally Generated Funds (IGF)
- ✓ External Inflows

Sources of Internally Generated Funds for the Assembly are;

- ✓ Rates
- ✓ Lands Revenue
- ✓ Fees and Fines
- ✓ Licenses
- ✓ Rent
- ✓ Investment income
- ✓ Miscellaneous

External Inflow

1. District Assemblies Common Fund (DACF) and MP'S Common Fund
2. Central Government Transfers to MMDA's (Eg. GET fund)
3. Development Partners (DDF)
4. Other Grants

2.4 ANALYSIS OF REVENUE FROM JANUARY-DECEMBER 2020

Table 2 Analysis of Revenue from January-December 2020

Analysis of Revenue and Expenditure Performance – (2020)

2.4.1 Revenue Performance for 2020

As 31st December, 2020, the Assembly realised a total revenue of **GHC5,629,345.89** as against an approved budget estimate of **GHC7,526,527.50** representing **74.79%** of its revenue target.

Table Revenue

Revenue Heads	Approved Budget Estimates for the Year 2020 (GH¢)	Cum. Actual as at 31st December 2020 (GH¢)	Percentage Achieved 2020
Grants/ Subventions	7346527.50	5464849.21	74.39
Lands & Royalties	55,000	48,312.88	87.84
Rates	7,100	7,472	105.24
Rents	7,600	5,640	74.21
Licenses	55,100	46,392	84.20
Fees	53,200	55,878.80	105.04
Fines/Penalties/Forfeitures	1,000	801	80.10
Miscellaneous (unspecified receipts)	1,000	-	-
Total	7,526,527.50	5,629,345.89	74.79

Source: District Finance Department, 2020

2.5 INTERNALLY GENERATED FUND

Under the IGF performance for 2020, the Assembly generated a total of **GH¢164,496.68** against the approved budget of **GH¢180,000.00**. It can be deduced from the figures that the Assembly achieved **91.39%** of its target.

Table 3 IGF Performance for 2020

Revenue Heads	Approved Budget Estimates for the Year 2020 GH¢	Cum. Actual as at 31st December 2020 GH¢	Percentage Achieved 2020
Lands & Royalties	55,000	48,312.88	87.84
Rates	7,100	7,472	105.24
Rents	7,600	5,640	74.21
Licenses	55,100	46,392	84.20
Fees	53,200	55,878.80	105.04

Fines/Penalties/Forfeits	1,000	801	80.10
Miscellaneous (unspecified receipts)	1,000	-	-
Total	180,000	164,496.68	91.39

Source: District Finance Department, 2020

2.6 EXPENDITURE PERFORMANCE 2020

The expenditure performance of the Assembly for 2020 indicates that, the Assembly's approved expenditure budget was **GH¢7,526,527.50** whilst actual expenditure was **GH¢6,123,197.10**.

Table 4 Expenditure Performance for 2020

Expenditure Heads	Approved Budget Estimates for the Year 2020 GH¢	Cum. Actual as at 31 st December 2020 GH¢	Percentage Expended 2020
Compensation of Employees	25,120	26,028.90	103.62
Goods & Services	131,000	102,221.40	78.03
Other Expenses	17,880	19,033	106.45
IGF-Capital Exp.	6,000	5,442	90.70
IGF Total	180,000	152,725.30	84.85
Established Post	1,445,905.23	1,709,060.44	118.20
Common Fund	4,864,052.16	3,602,489.75	74.06
District Dev't Fund	541,126.86	440,940.15	81.49
Others	495,440.25	217,981.46	44.0
Grand Total	7,526,527.50	6,123,197.10	81.35

Source: Finance Department, 2020

2.7 EFFORTS TO GENERATE FUNDS

In its effort to generate more IGF; the Assembly has put in place the following strategies/measures:

- Training of Revenue Collectors

- Increase the number of revenue collectors
- Educate the populace on the need of paying taxes.
- Ceding of some revenue items to sub-districts to collect
- Credible Revenue Data Base
- Regular Update of Revenue Data
- Implementation and monitoring of the District's Revenue Improvement Action Plan.

2.8 CHALLENGES/CONSTRAINTS REGARDING THE GENERATION OF FUNDS

- Inadequate logistics for revenue generation
- Inadequate human resource base
- Absence of motivation for revenue collectors
- Absence of vehicle for revenue mobilisation

2.9 COMMENTS

• Adequacy and Timely Release of funds

The Assembly requires substantial resources to implement its programme/projects. Funds available to the Assembly are inadequate to implement the programmes/projects proposed in the Annual Action Plans. Additionally these funds are not released on time.

• Funds utilization

Funds released to the Assembly are utilized in accordance with the provisions in the budget. However, due to the inadequacy of funds, not all expenditure items could be met.

• Challenges

One major challenge to the Assembly is the untimely release of funds to initiate and complete programmes and projects.

2.10 UPDATE ON INDICATORS AND TARGETS

The matrix on the update on Indicators and targets for the period under review is in Appendix 3.

2.11 UPDATE ON CRITICAL DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ISSUES

Below is a catalogue of critical development and poverty issues that are being addressed in the district. This section therefore captures the various levels of interventions and their relative fund.

2.11 SCHOOL PERFORMANCE AND APPRAISAL MEETING (SPAM)

There were 800 participants made up parents, pupils, and district education office staff. The participants were sampled from the seven (7) circuit centres within the District. Stakeholders discussed the previous year Basic Education Certificate Examination (B.E.C.E) results and adopted strategies to improve that of 2021. It was recommended that the school performance appraisal meetings (SPAM) should be held on regular intervals for the stakeholders' to discuss the performance of pupils and adopt measures to remedy and falling standards.

SCHOLARSHIP FOR BRILLIANT BUT NEEDY STUDENTS

The Assembly through the Scholarship Secretariat provided support to brilliant but needy students within the District. Applicants were called for interview and selection.

SUPPORT TO STME

During the year under review, the District Education Directorate initiated numerous activities to develop young people's skills in Science, Technology, Maths and Education. The coordinators selected some students from the District to the Region for a workshop aimed at resolving education problems and inform both training and practice so that more people can thrive in this subjects, experience and enjoy the benefits that accompany a stronger understand and pursue related careerers.

2.12 CAPITATION GRANT IMPLEMENTATION IN THE DISTRICT

The status of the implementation of the Capitation Grant in Basic Schools in the district is shown in table below. Within the year, the District Education Directorate received a total of Sixty-one Thousand Six Hundred and Six Ghana Cedis, as capitation grant for the 2020 academic year. The funds have been transferred to all beneficiary school accounts for the implementation of their plans.

S/N	TYPE OF FUNDS	AMOUNT
1	GOG	105,985
2	Transfer Grant	-

3	Donations	21266.71
4	Capitation Grant	61,606
5	Other Funds	3000

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.13 CONDUCT ROUTINE INSPECTION

Conduct regular School Inspection in sixty-three (63) public Kindergartens, sixty-three (63) public Primary Schools, and fifty-eight (58) public JHS and disseminate Reports in a timely manner.

2.14 ORGANIZE CPD FOR TEACHERS' PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Directorate organized a 1-day continuous professional development for all teachers in the district as part of the national professional development day on 28th February, 2020.

2.15 CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT OF ACTING HEADTEACHERS

The directorate conducted work inspection and subsequent confirmation of appointment of all acting head teachers within the district.

2.16 ORGANISE MY SDM WORKSHOP FOR SCHOOLS IN THE DISTRICT.

The EMIS department organized a workshop on my SDM during the quarter under review; they also picked data on enrolment and staffing in all the schools in the district.

2.17 COLLECTING DATA ON SCHOOLS WITH FEEDING PROGRAM

The EMIS unit collected data on schools with feeding programme in the district there are 22 schools under the feeding programme and the total enrolment in the schools with feeding programme is 7209.

2.18 SUPERVISION OF WEST AFRICA SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

The Directorate in the period under review constituted a group of officers who went to the Senior High School to monitor the conduct of the West Africa Senior High School Examination. The written papers started on 2nd of August, 2020. The number of students writing the examination is 384, and they are made up of 213 girls and 171 boys. The District Director of Education has also been visiting the school.

2.19 SCHOOL CENSUS

The EMIS unit in the period under review held a workshop on the 19th and 20th for head teachers on the school census and what is required of head teachers in the census.

They are entering the data collected into their system and they will submit it to the regional education office.

2.20 CONDUCT BASIC EDUCATION CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

The Directorate in the period under review conducted the Basic Education Certificate

Examination (BECE). The number of candidates who wrote the examination were 2055, they were made up of 1228 boys and 827 girls. The total number of candidates who were absent was sixty-nine (69) they include thirty-two (32) boys and thirty-seven (37) girls. Twenty seven (27) of the candidates were pregnant.

2.21 REOPENING OF SCHOOLS FOR SECOND YEAR JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

Senior High Schools and Junior High schools were reopened for second year students to complete the academic year on the 5th of October 2020. All schools within the District were reopened for the term with academic work on going. The District Director together with some team of officers have been going round to monitor activities in the various schools within the District.

2.22 RECEIVING AND DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO SCHOOLS

The Education Directorate received and distributed 7271 nose masks, 7271 hand sanitizers, 730 packs of tissue paper and 188 gallons of soap to public and private schools in the District.

2.23 RECEIVED LESSON NOTE BOOKS AND MOSQUITO NET

The Education Directorate received lesson notes and mosquito nets from the Regional Education Office. The lesson notes books were one thousand and thirty-five (1035) in number and the mosquito nets were three thousand nine hundred and fifty (3,950) in number.

2.24 DIFFERENTIATED LEARNING WORKSHOP

The Education Directorate organised differentiated learning workshop for forty-three (43) selected GALOP schools in the district. The workshop was organised for 308 participants, 301 were head teachers and teachers from the selected schools while 7 were School Improvement

Support Officers (SISO). The selected schools were put into two cohorts with each cohort spending five (5) days for the training.

2.25 SUPPLY OF MOTOR BIKES

The Directorate in the period under review received seven (7) motor bikes from the regional education office to help facilitate the work of the School Improvement and Support Officers (SISO).

2.26 SUPPLIES AND DELIVERABLES - ACCESS

The Education Directorate on the 12th of March 2020 received 4x4 Isuzu pick up from the ministry of education.

Supplies and Deliverables – Access

S/N	ITEM	QUANTITY	FUNDING SOURCE	REMARK
1	New classroom	7	GETFUND	In use
2	Furniture supplied	540	District Assembly Common Fund	Distributed
	a) Mono Desk	540	District Assembly Common Fund	Distributed

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.27 ESTABLISHMENT SUPPLIES – QUALITY

S/N	ITEM	QUANTITY	SOURCE OF SUPPLY	REMARK
1	Chalk	13503 boxes	REO	
2	Thermometers	131 boxes	REO	
3	Liquid soaps	304 gallons	REO	
4	Tissues	1824	REO	
5	Nose mask	3,444	REO	
6	Hand Sanitizers	108packs 8pieces	REO	

7	Jolly phonics	10194	REO	
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Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.28 TEACHER DEPLOYMENT & OTHER INFORMATION – QUALITY

S/N	ITEM	NUMBER	REMARK
1	Teacher/staff Retired	10	Have gone on retirement
2	Vacation of Post	0	
3	Reactivation	18	reactivated
4	Deceased	2	
5	Upgrading	33	
6	Transfer into the district	13	
7	Transfer out of the district	43	

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.29 STAFF/TEACHER PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (CAPACITY BUILDING OF ALL TYPES) - QUALITY

S/N	ACTIVITY	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	REMARK
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1	Covid 19 WORKSHOP	176 teachers	Improve the observation of covid19 protocols	Improved observation of protocols.
2	Differentiated learning	301	Improving the performance of low performing schools.	Improved performance of pupils.
	Continuous professional development	All teachers in the district	Teachers were briefed on professional learning communities	Improved professional relations.

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.30 MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

S/N	ACTIVITY	OUTPUT	OUTCOME
	Schools Monitored		
	a) KG		
	b) Primary		
1	JHS	Fifty-six(58) schools monitored	Monitor the observance of social distance protocols
2	Capacity building for AD Supervision Public Relations Officer and Examination Officer.	Computerised School Selection and Placement System (CSSPS)	Improved School Selection
3	Capacity building for District Director, AD supervision, gender officer and public relations officer.	Advocacy on back to school campaign and re- entry of girls to school after delivery	Improved advocacy and girls re-entering to school after delivery

4	Capacity building for DTST members on differentiated learning	43 GALOP selected school teachers and school improvement support officers have been trained	Improved teaching and learning.
5	Three desktop computers supplied	AngloGold Ashanti Foundation	Improved administrative work.

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020.

2.31 SHS REPORT

2.32 NUMBER OF SCHOOLS

S/N	TYPE	NUMBER	REMARKS
1	SHS	1	Mixed school with day and boarding status

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.33 SCHOOL ENROLMENT FOR SHS

Table 5 SHS School Enrolment

S/ N	ENROLMENT	DAY		BOARDING	
	LEVELS	BOYS	GIRLS	BOYS	GIRLS
1	Year 1	59	40	285	226
2	Year 2	113	105	148	208
3	Year 3	78	57	110	150

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.34 TEACHER POPULATION FOR SHS

Table 6 Teacher Population at Bodwesango SHS

S/N	Gender	Number	Remarks
1	Male	53	Fifty-three (53) are Professional
2	Female	12	Twelve (12) are Professional and two (2) are Non-professional teachers

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.35 CORE SUBJECTS & ICT TEACHERS FOR SHS

S/N	Subject	Number	Remarks
1	English	10	All professional teachers
2	Mathematic	10	All professional teachers
3	Integrated Science	6	All professional teachers
4	Social Studies	5	All professional teachers
5	ICT	5	All professional teachers

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.36 IMPACT OF COVID 19 ON SCHOOL

The President issued a directive for schools to be closed because of the COVID-19 cases recorded in the country subsequently schools within the district were closed from the 16th of march 2020 until further notice the Junior High School final year and the Senior High School final year students were still going to school within the district in preparation for their final examinations. The final years were subsequently directed to leave for the house because of COVID19 effective 23RD March 2020.

2.37 THE SCHOOL FEEDING PROGRAMME

Since its inception, the Ghana School Feeding programmes have been in operation in the District. There are Nineteen (19) beneficiary schools and Nineteen (19) caterers under the

programme. The programme currently feeds about 5,909 pupils. The beneficiary schools and their enrolment are shown in table 2.5 below:

Table 7 School Feeding Programme

Name Of School	KG (Boys)	KG (Girls)	Primary (Boys)	Primary (Girls)	Enrolment
1. ADIEMBRA D/A BASIC (A)	52	52	99	99	302
2. ADIEMBRA D/A BASIC (B)	0	0	97	79	176
3. ASOKWA D/A PRIMARY	74	67	225	220	586
4. HWIREMOASE METH. PRIMARY	58	47	119	110	334
5. TEWOBAABI D/A BASIC SCHOOL	39	19	126	123	307
6. BUKURUWASO D/A BASIC	21	19	39	46	125
7. NEW AKROFUOM D/A PRIMARY	70	70	217	180	537
8. ANHWIASO METH. PRIMARY	56	56	221	230	563
9. BIAKWASO D/A BASIC SCHOOL	17	14	82	59	172
10. BISHOP SRPONG BASIC SCHOOL	71	66	110	99	346
11. KOJO NKWANTA D/A BASIC	31	31	163	128	353
12. KONSIMWA D/A PRIMARY SCH.	33	36	84	88	241
13. ANSA D/A BASIC SCHOOL	24	24	87	87	222
14. BROFOYEDRU R/C BASIC SCH.	34	30	97	97	258
15. BROFOYEDRU METH. BASIC	43	33	95	99	270
16. ABOABO No.2 METH. SCHOOL	46	41	120	125	332
17. ABOABO No.2 SDA PRIMARY	51	43	87	85	266
18. FUMSO KETEWA D/A BASIC	39	24	135	108	304
19. NSOKOTE	37	24	135	108	304

ANOMABO D/A BASIC SCHOOL					
TOTAL	796	712	2276	2125	5909

Source: District Directorate of Education, Asokwa 2020

2.38 IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FREE SENIOR SCHOOL POLICY

The Free Senior High School Policy is being implemented in the only Government Senior High school in the District. The total number of students that have been reported since the inception of Free SHS Policy is 1,541 as against a total number of 2000 that were placed by CSSPS.

Table 8 Implementation of Free SHS Policy

NAME OF SCHOOL	ACADEMIC YEAR	NUMBER REQUESTED	NUMBER PLACED BY CSSPS	NUMBER REPORTED
BODWESANGO SENIOR HIGH	2017/2018	450	576	395
	2018/2020	580	731	576
	2020/2020	867	693	570
TOTAL		1897	2,000	1,541

Source: Adansi Asokwa Education Directorate, 2020

2.39 YOUTH EMPLOYMENT AGENCY

The YEA is operating four (4) modules in the District. They include, Community Health Workers (CHW), Community Education Teaching Assistants (CETA), Community Policing Assistants (CPA) and Youth in Arabic Education (YIAE) modules. There are a total of 114 beneficiaries in the District made up of 58 males and 56 females.

Table 2.4. The agency undertakes periodic monitoring of beneficiaries in the District to assess their performance and attendance to work. Payment of beneficiaries has been one of the major challenges of the agency.

Table 9 Youths Registered Under YEA

Module	Male	Female	Total
Community Health Workers (CHW)	9	27	36
Youth in Arabic Education (YIAE)	10	1	11
Community Education Teaching Assistants (CETA)	17	22	39
Community Policing Assistants (CPA)	22	6	28
Total	58	56	114

Source: YEA, District Office, Adansi Asokwa

2.40 HEALTH FACILITIES IN THE DISTRICT

The District has a total of Ten (10) Health Facilities which comprises of Four (4) CHPS and Six (6) Health Centres.

SUB-DISTRICT	HEALTH CENTRES				CHPS COMPOUND	GRAND TOTAL
	GOV	CHAG/MISSION	PRIVATE	TOTAL		
Aboabo		1	0	2	3	5
Anhwiaso		0	0	1	1	2
Asokwa		0	1	2	0	2
Fumso		0	0	1	0	1
Total		1	1	6	4	10

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.41 DISTRICT POPULATION

	POPULATION	0-59 MNTHS	0-11 MNTHS	12-23 MNTHS	24-59 MNTHS	WIFA	FEMALE POPULATION	MALE POPULATION
SUB-DISTRICT		18.50 %	4.00%	2.50%	8.30%	24.00%	51.20%	48.70%
Aboabo	21008	3886	840	525	1744	5042	10756	10231
Anhwiaso	15619	3890	625	390	1296	3749	7997	7606
Asokwa	22460	4155	898	562	1864	5390	11500	10938
Fumso	15810	2925	632	395	1312	3794	8095	7699
Total	74897	13856	2996	1872	6216	17975	38347	36475

2.42 CHPS ZONES AND CHPS COMPOUNDS

There are twenty-seven (27) functional CHPS compound, three (3) awaiting commission and one (1) under construction.

Table 10 Number and Locations of CHPS Compound

DISTRICT	FUNCTIONAL CHPS ZONES	EXISTING CHPS COMPOUNDS	2020 CHPS COMPOUNDS AWAITING COMMISSIONING	2020 CHPS COMPOUNDS UNDER CONSTRUCTION
Aboabo	9	3	1 - (Pipiiso CHPS Zone)	1 - (Nyankomase CHPS zone)

Anhwiaso	6	1	1 - (Konsimua CHPS Zone)	0
Asokwa	8	0	1 - (Nyamekrom CHPS Zone)	0
Fumso	4	0	0	0
ADANSI ASOKWA	27	4	3	1

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.43 STAFF TO POPULATION RATIO

The District has no Medical Doctor; the Assembly has it as a prioritized need to construct a polyclinic or hospital in the district which would guarantee a Doctor. The populace falls on the Benito Hospital which is located at Adansi North.

Table 11 Health Staff to Population Ratio in the District

Indicators	Targets	Performance 2020
Doctor to Population Ratio (SDG)	7000	0:74897
Nurse to Population Ratio (SDG)	450	1:925
Midwife to Women in Fertility Age (WIFA) Population Ratio (SDG)	700	1:1,198
Proportion of Functional Community Health Planning and Services (CHPS) zones.	80%	100%
Health Facility Density (SDG)	3.0	1.3

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.44 TEENAGE PREGNANCY

There has been a drastic reduction of teenage pregnancy in the 2020 year in review as compared the previous year, 2019. Expectant mothers who registered their pregnancies who were teenagers between the ages 10-19 years were **321** given percentage coverage of **16.9%**. District Health Directorate in conjunction with all facilities within the district are embarking on an educational and health promotional talk on theme: reducing teenage pregnancy to minimum.

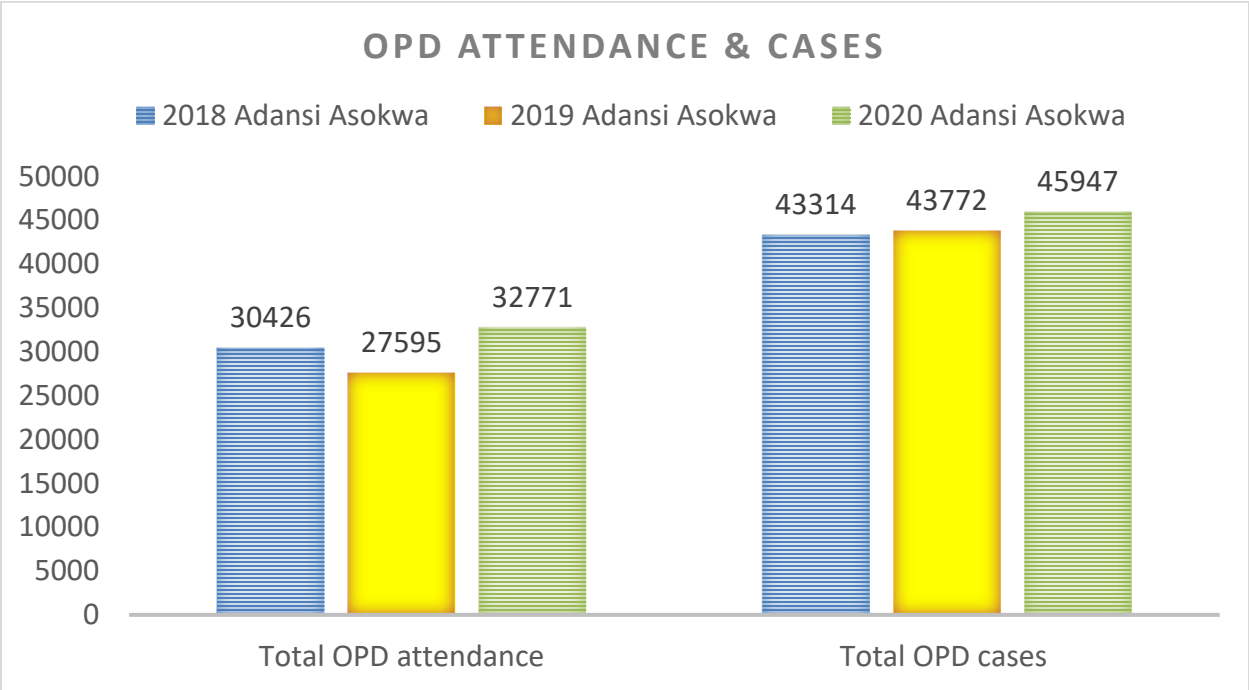
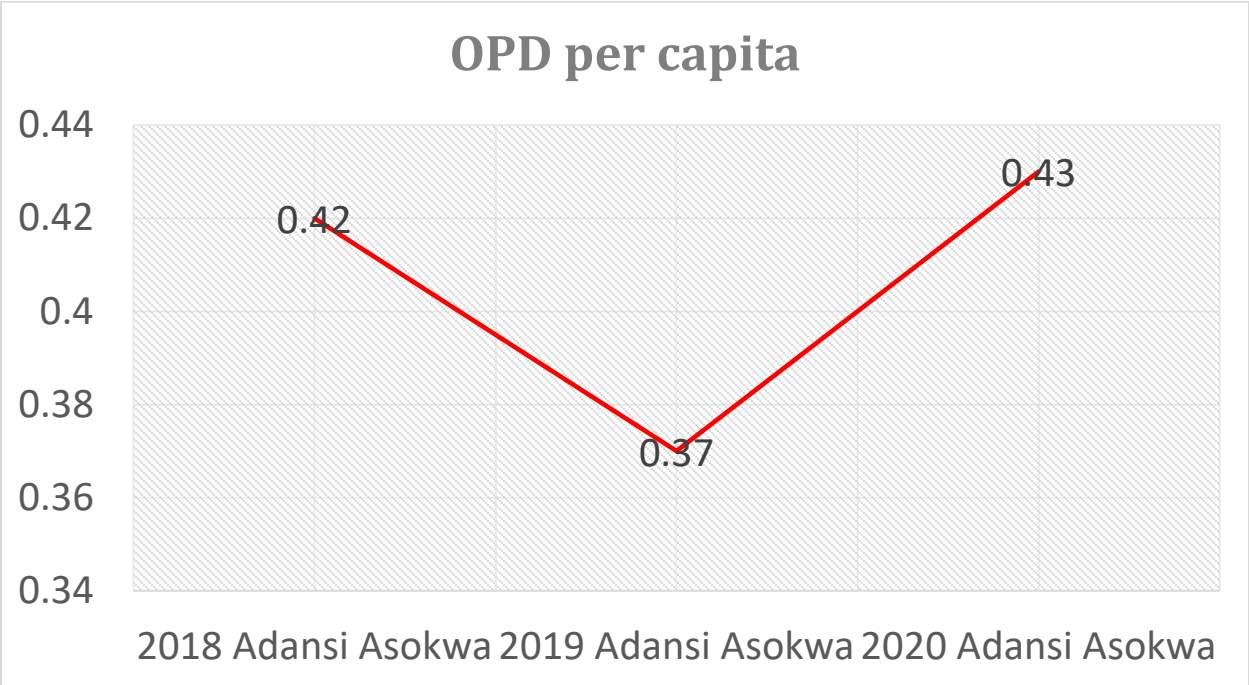
The targeted age group is between the ages of 10 to 19 years. Topics to be treated are puberty, the physical changes that occur, social, emotional and mental changes. Venue for this meeting will be the Health Facilities and the communities

ORGANISATION UNIT	2018 PERFORMANCE	2019 PERFORMANCE	2020 PERFORMANCE
Aboabo Health Centre	80	160	47
Anomabo CHPS	0	0	24
Fumso Ketewa CHPS	15	30	5
Nyankomase CHPS	5	10	13
St. Louis Health Centre	40	80	24
Anhwiaso Health Centre	69	138	73
Anwona CHPS	20	40	6
Asokwa Health Centre	64	128	65
Fumso Health Centre	60	120	64
ADANSI ASOKWA	353	706	321

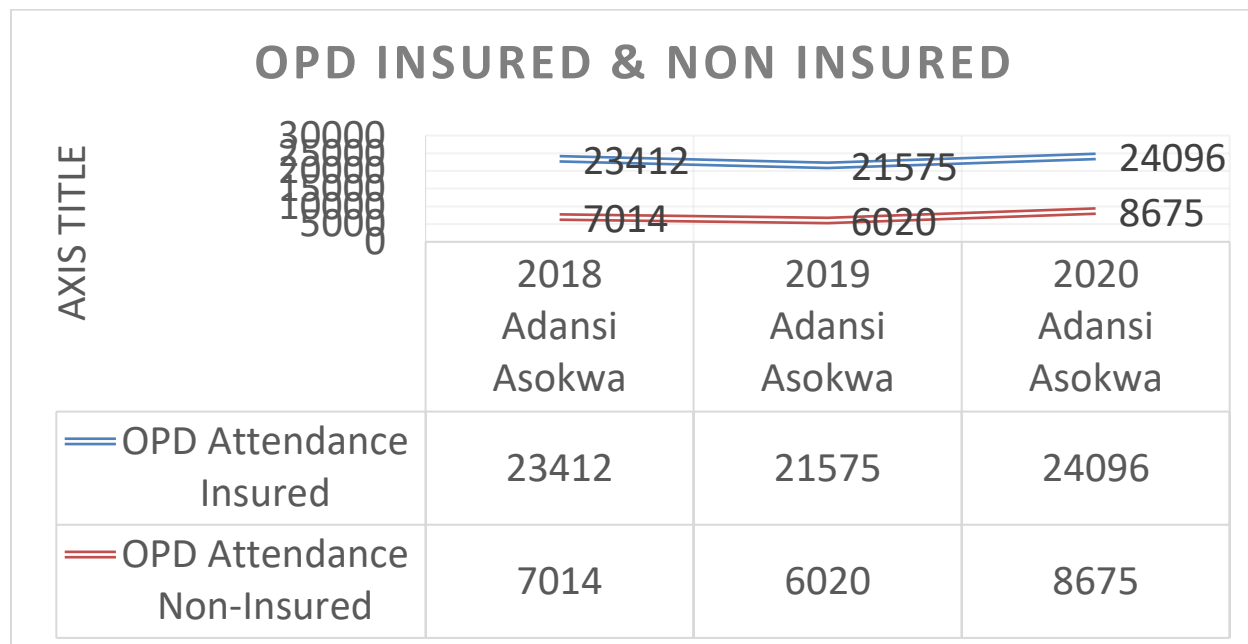
Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.45 OPD ATTENDANCE

There has been an increase on OPD cases in the district, the charts and table below gives a detail analysis of the cases at the OPD.



Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020



Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.46 TOP TEN OPD MORBIDITY

Malaria topped the list of diseases within the district followed by upper respiratory tract infections, anaemia among others.

Table 12 Top 10 OPD

2018		2019		2020	
DISEASE	NUMBER	DISEASE	NUMBER	DISEASE	NUMBER
Malaria	16446	Malaria	14999	Malaria	14918
Upper Respiratory Tract Infections	6356	Upper Respiratory Tract Infections	5842	Upper Respiratory Tract Infections	4037
Anaemia	3199	Anaemia	3457	Anaemia	3474
Intestinal Worms	2628	Intestinal Worms	2903	Intestinal Worms	2770
Diarrhoea Diseases	2096	Diarrhoea Diseases	2079	Diarrhoea Diseases	1938
Skin Diseases	1733	Skin Diseases	1551	Skin Diseases	1359

Rheumatism & Other Joint Pains	1168	Rheumatism & Other Joint Pains	1141	Rheumatism & Other Joint Pains	1352
Acute Urinary Tract Infection	388	Home Injuries (Home Accidents and Injuries)	310	Hypertension	883
Home Injuries (Home Accidents and Injuries)	264	Septiceamia	286	Acute Urinary Tract Infection	771
Hypertension	263	Typhoid Fever	264	Pneumonia	477

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.47 DISTRICT COVID 19 UPDATE



Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020.

COVID-19 MEASURES IN THE DISTRICT

- ❖ All 10 facilities have hand washing facility in place

- ❖ All facilities are having thermometer guns
- ❖ Screening forms are available at all facilities
- ❖ Posters and fliers have been made available at the facilities and the community
- ❖ COVID-19 education is ongoing
- ❖ Routine surveillance and contact tracing is ongoing
- ❖ Hand sanitizers and liquid soaps have been given to all facilities
- ❖ COVID-19 response team has been formed

4.48 ANTENATAL CARE

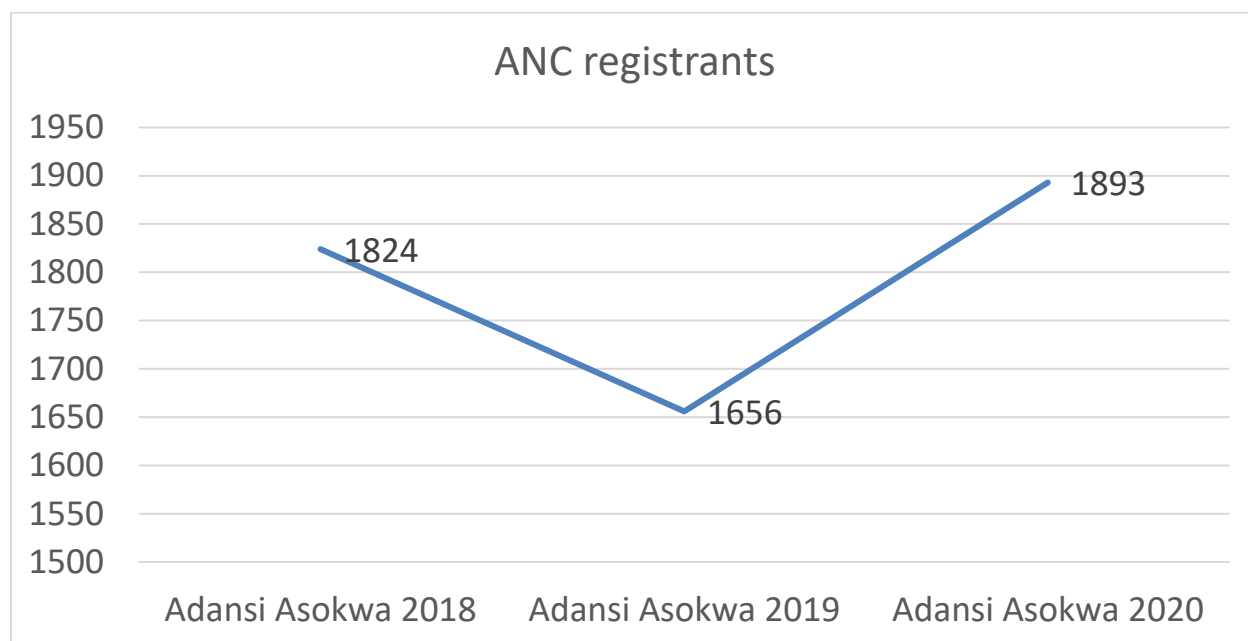
Antenatal coverage is an indicator of access and utilization of care during pregnancy. It measures the proportion of women who receive care at least once during pregnancy within a given year.

ANC coverage for the year under review has improved from **1656** in 2019 to **1893** in 2020 giving a percentage coverage of **61.8 %**.

Table 13 Maternal Health

DATA	2018 PERFORMANCE	2019 PERFORMANCE	2020		
			TARGET	PERFORMANCE	COVERAGE (%)
ANC registrants	1824	1656	3065	1893	61.8
ITN Distributed	1824	1571	1893	1893	100.0
Mothers making 4th ANC visit	1227	1189	1893	1423	75.2
ANC attendance	8361	8411		10533	
Td 2+ vaccinations at ANC	1749	1604	3065	1729	56.4

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020



Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 14 ANC Registrants by Health Facilities

DATA	2018 PERFORMAN CE	2019 PERFORMAN CE	2020		
			TARGE T	PERFORMAN CE	COVERA GE (%)
Aboabo Health Centre	350	265	419	294	70.1
Anomabo CHPS	15	42	107	119	111.6
Fumso Ketewa CHPS	43	32	144	51	35.4
Nyankoma se CHPS	53	50	56	67	119.4
St. Louis Health Centre	203	165	134	158	118.3
Anhwiaso Health Centre	366	358	533	399	74.8
Anwona CHPS	75	31	106	51	48.1

Asokwa Health Centre	378	377	919	395	43.0
Fumso Health Centre	341	336	647	359	55.5
ADANSI ASOKWA	1824	1656	3065	1893	61.8

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020.

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.49 PREGNANT WOMEN MAKING AT LEAST FOUR VISITS

In line with national reproductive health policy, pregnancy with no existing or possible threatening conditions/complication is expected to make at least four quality visits to antenatal clinic. However, for the year under review, 2020 the proportion of expectant mothers who made at least four visits improved from 1189 in 2019 to 1423 in 2020.

Generally, most Ghanaian women would not like others or society knows their status as far as pregnancy is concern. For this reason, late registration or booking is on the increase thus limiting access uptake of the full range of antenatal intervention. Sub district /facility heads has therefore been tasked to ensure all CHOs, identify, register, and refer all pregnant mothers to the nearest health facilities for early care needed.

Table 15 ANC Visits to Health Facilities

DATA	2018 PERFOR MANANCE	2019 PERFORM ANCE	2020		
			TARGET	PERFOR MANANCE	COVERA GE (%)
Aboabo Health Centre	21 9	171	294	1 79	60.9
Anomabo CHPS	30	22	119	9 3	78.2
Fumso Ketewa CHPS	49	34	51	5 0	98.0
Nyankomase CHPS	22	38	67	1 7	25.4
St. Louis Health Centre	11 5	119	158	1 05	66.5
Anhwiaso (Adansi Asokwa) Health Centre	26 3	332	399	4 33	108.5
Anwona CHPS	30	2	51	2	43.1

				2	
Asokwa Health Centre	28 4	263	395	2 72	68.9
Fumso Health Centre	21 5	208	359	2 52	70.2
ADANSI ASOKWA	12 27	118 9	1893	1 423	75.2

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Some of the reasons for the increase in coverage are listed below;

- Outreach services
- Change in staff attitude

2.50 HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) LEVELS OF EXPECTANT WOMEN

In line with the reproductive health policy and standards HB levels of pregnant women is checked at registration and 36 weeks to detect anaemia. Expectant mothers who checked their haemoglobin levels as required have not been improving over the past years.

One of the major reasons for the non-performance can be attributed to the non-availability of laboratories in all facilities in the district leading to referrals to sister districts for such services.

Out of the 1893 registrants 543 checked their HB and 530 were moderately anemic whilst 13 pregnant women were severely anemic. CHOs in the various zones where these women lived were tasked to follow them up and continue with health educational talks on the importance of taking prescribed haematinics, eating well mix diet and regular follow ups as scheduled by the health personal at the various health facilities.

The 13 severely anemic pregnant women were referred to higher facilities for further management and were also followed up.

Table 16 Anaemia at ANC

ORGANISATION UNIT NAME	2018			2019			2020		
	Hb < 11gm/dl at ANC registration	Hb < 7gm/dl at ANC registration	TOTAL	b < 11gm/dl at ANC registration	b < 7gm/dl at ANC registration	TOTAL	b < 11gm/dl at ANC registration	b < 7gm/dl at ANC registration	TOTAL
Aboabo Health Centre	34		34	3		3	2		4

Anomabo CHPS	0						3		1
St. Louis Health Centre	56		57	7		9	5		8
Anhwiaso (Adansi Asokwa) Health Centre	118		121	10		15	33		33
Anwona CHPS	9		9				7		7
Asokwa Health Centre	136		136	32		35	11		11
Fumso Health Centre	124		126	32		34	29		29
ADANSI ASOKWA	477		83	64	2	76	30	3	43

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.51 REDUCE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, INTENSIFY PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASE

Growth of children 0-59 months are monitored during the monthly Child Welfare Clinic Sessions (CWCs) held in the district from January to December, 2020. During these sessions, each child's weight is taken. Mothers and caregivers are counselled on feeding options and other relevant issues pertaining to their children's health

Coverage for 0-11, 12-23 and 24-59 months for the year are 137.8%, 181.6% and 47% respectively.

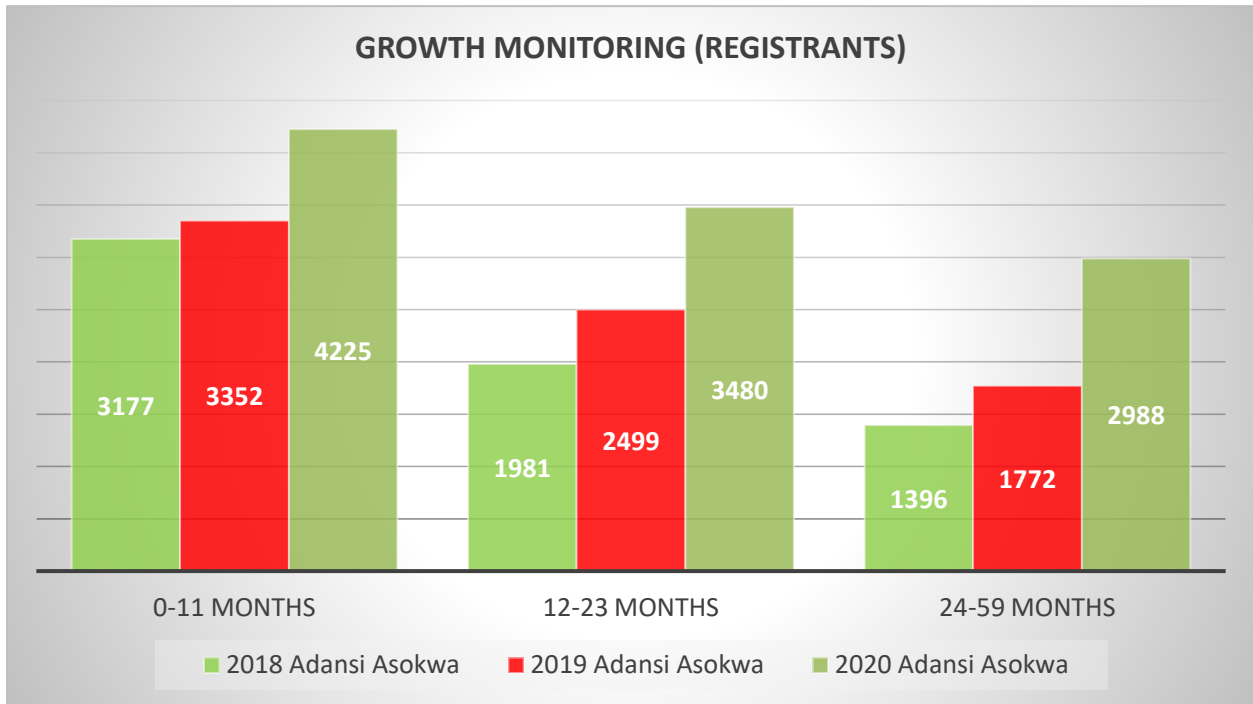
Mothers are entreated to send their children to the Child Welfare Clinic for the first five years to improve their health and development, and also for early detection of chronic conditions such as marasmus.

Table 17 Growth Monitoring

DATA	2018 PERFORMANCE	2019 PERFORMANCE	2020		
			TARGET	PERFORMANCE	COVERAGE (%)
0-11mths	3177	33 52	3065	4225	137.8
12-23mths	1981	24 99	1916	3480	181.6
24-59mths	1396	17 72	6361	2988	47.0

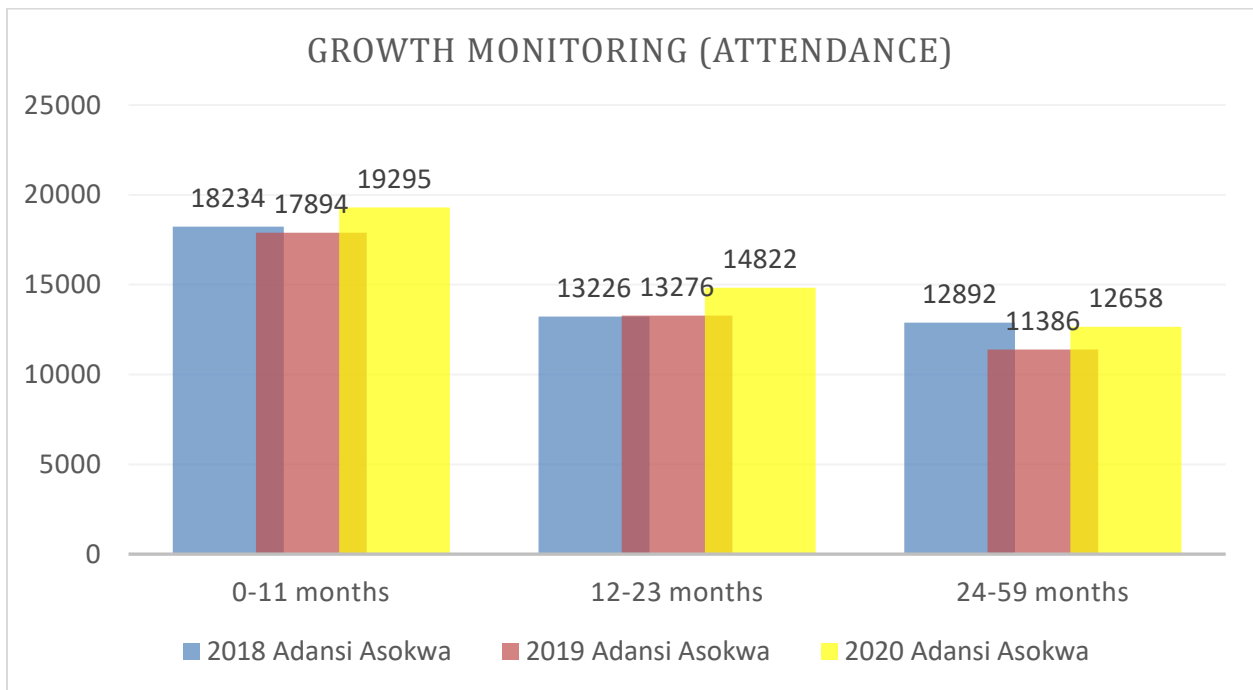
Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Graph

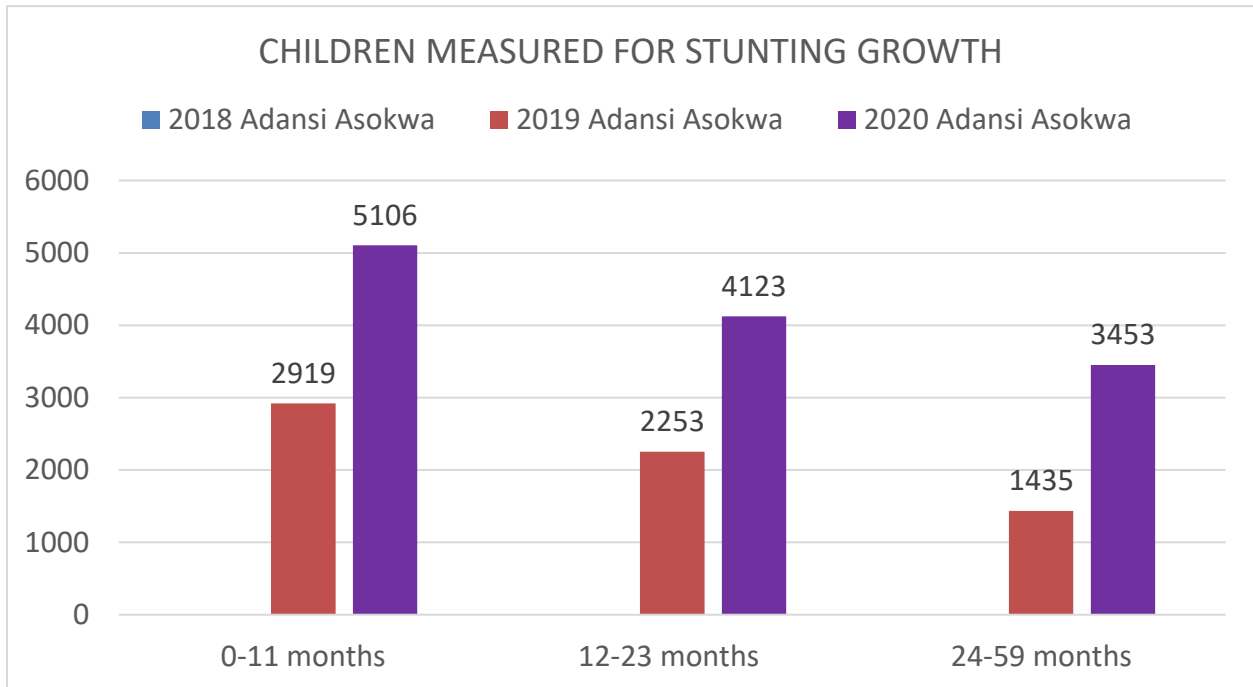


Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Graph 2.1

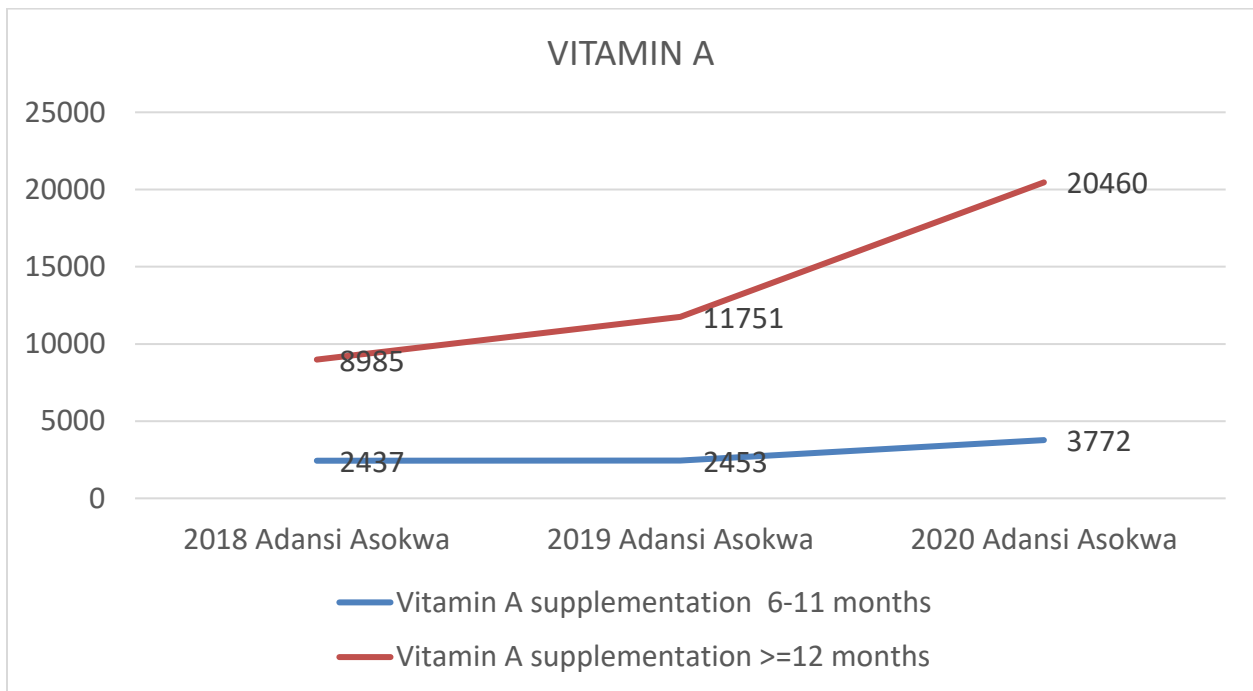


Graph 2.2



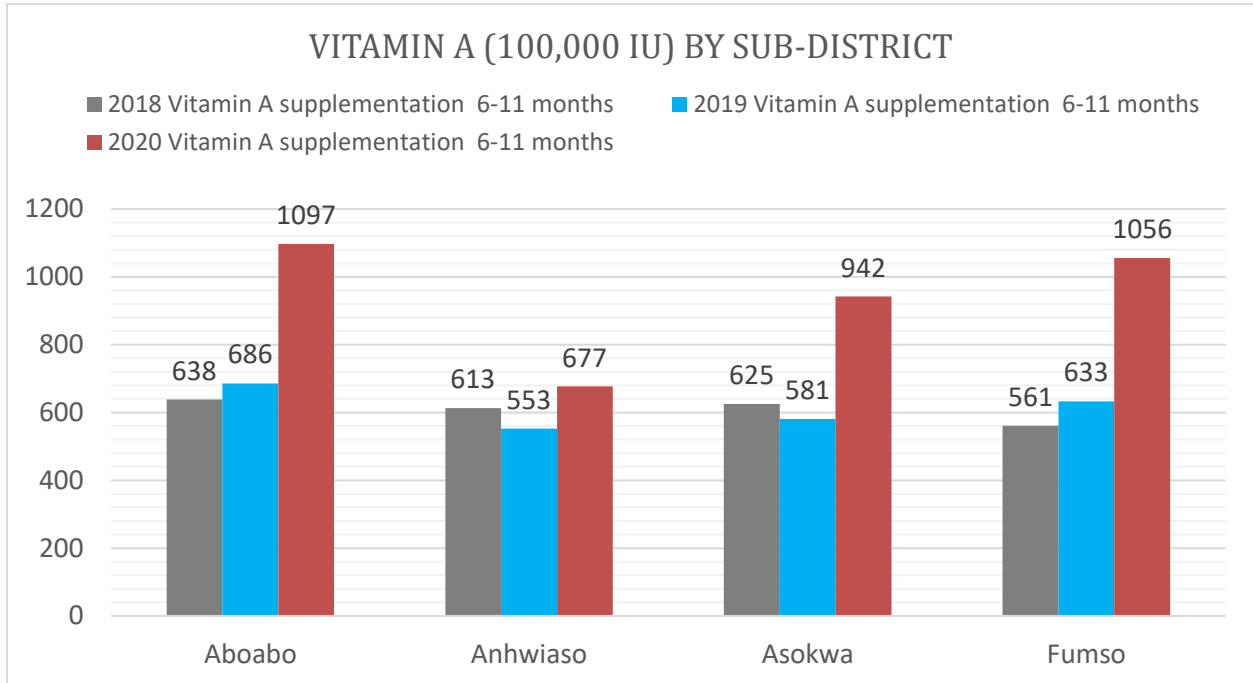
Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Graph 2.3

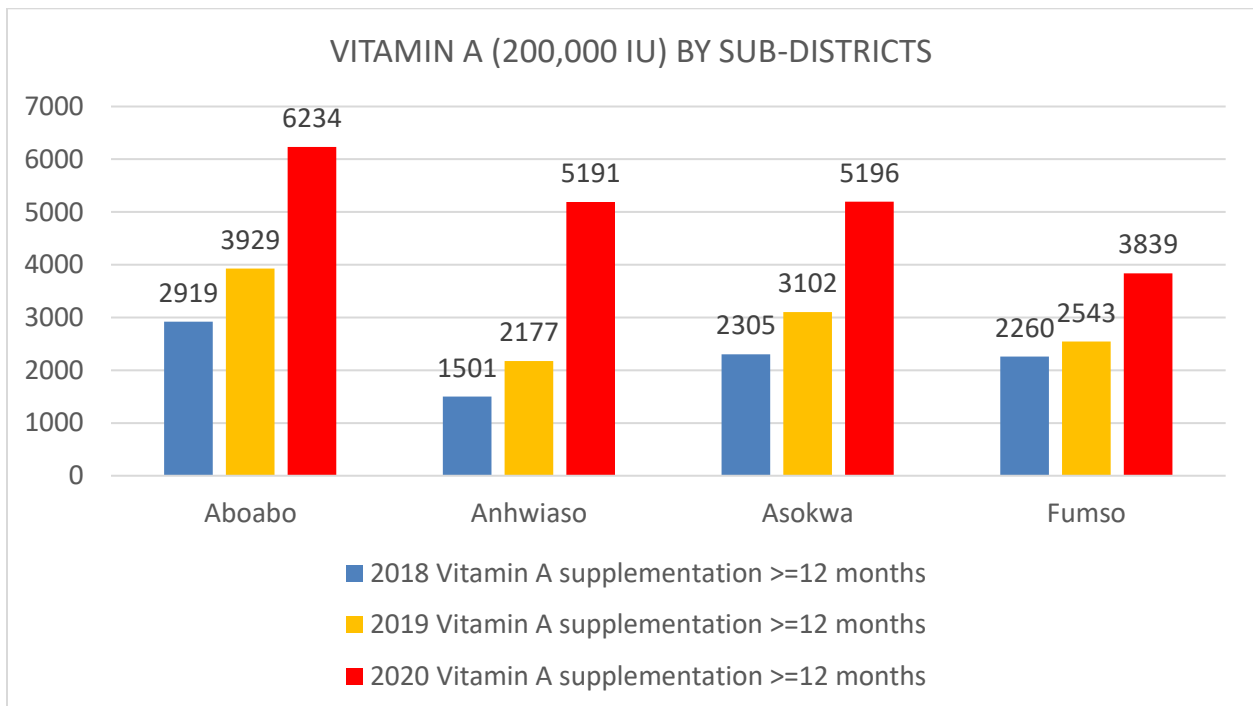


Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Graph 2.4



Graph 2.5



Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.52 ENHANCE EFFICIENCY IN GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

INDICATOR	PLANNED	CONDUCTED	REMARKS
Number of planned Integrated Districts supervisory visits undertaken*	2	2	FSV
Number of planned Data validation meetings held by DHD	12	12	From January to December 2020
Number of health facilities (public and private) providing data in the DHIMS2*	10	10	All facilities

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.53 REVENUE GENERATED BY HEALTH FACILITIES

INDICATOR	2018		2019		2020	
	CASH & CARRY (GHC)	NHIS (GHC)	CASH & CARRY (GHC)	NHIS (GHC)	CASH AND CARRY (GHC)	NHIS (GHC)
Asokwa Health Centre	16,214.30	125,774.74	14,963.00	109,122.33	39,856.00	100,900.06
Anhwiaso Health Centre	41,971.50	76,065.32	47,107.00	110,882.87	49,186.50	153,717.26
Aboabo Health Centre	22,315.00	95,835.18	23,683.30	85,638.57	99,298.87	61,517.44
Fumso Health Centre	24,876.10	69,686.43	19,485.50	72,140.61	24,715.00	78,736.81
ADANSI ASOKWA	105,376.90	367,361.67	105,238.80	377,784.38	213,056.37	394,871.57

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.54 NHIS INDEBTEDNESS FOR 2020

The total indebtedness of NHIS to health facilities within the district stood at GHC296,164.22 Out of the total, drugs debt stood at GHC131,075.11 and service at GHC 165,089.11.

DESCRIPTION	DRUGS (GHC)	SERVICE (GHC)	TOTAL (GHC)
Asokwa	24,482.42	39,560.78	64,043.20
Anhwiaso	57,644.99	63,449.73	121,094.72
Aboabo	30,316.99	31,200.45	61,517.44
Fumso	18,630.71	30,878.30	49,509.01
ADANSI ASOKWA	131,075.11	165,089.11	296,164.22

2.55 INTENSIFY PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASE AND ENSURE THE REDUCTION OF NEW HIV/AIDS AND OTHER STI, ESPECIALLY AMONG THE VULNERABLE GROUPS

Immunization coverage's over the period under review shows upward trend.

The District is however putting in measures such as defaulter tracing and mop ups to sustain and improve the coverage in the coming years.

Table 18 Expanded Programme of Immunization (EPI)

DATA	2018 PERFOR MANCE	2019 PERFORMANCE	2020		
			TARGET	PERFORMANCE	COVERAGE (%)
BCG - Children Vaccinated	3246	3238	3065	3441	112.3
OPV/Polio 0 - Children Vaccinated	1938	2112	3065	2490	81.2
Penta 1 - Children Vaccinated	3155	3127	3065	3440	112.2
Penta 2 - Children Vaccinated	3052	3043	3065	3303	107.8
Penta 3 -Children Vaccinated	3115	3146	3065	3405	111.1

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 19 Measles Vaccination

DATA	2018 PERFORMAN CE	2019 PERFORMANCE	2020		
			TARGET	PERFORMANCE	COVERA GE (%)
IPV - Children Vaccinated	1723	3146	3065	3405	111.1
Measles Rubella 1 - Children Vaccinated	3066	3108	3065	3446	112.4
Measles Rubella 2 - Children	2872	2768	1916	2962	154.6

Vaccinated					
Men A - Children Vaccinated	2880	2768	1916	2324	121.3
LLIN given to children	2662	2422	2959	2959	100.0

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 20 Children Vaccination According to Health Facilities

ORGANISATION UNIT / PERIOD	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2019	2020		
			Target Population	Performance	Cov %
Aboabo	872	897	860	937	109.0
Anhwiaso	754	756	639	826	129.2
Asokwa	859	901	920	963	104.7
Fumso	761	684	647	715	110.5
ADANSI ASOKWA	3246	3238	3065	3441	112.3

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 21Penta 3 Vaccination

ORGANISATION UNIT / PERIOD	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2019	2020		
			Target Population	Perfor mance	C ov %
Aboabo	703	754	860	791	92.0
Anhwiaso	749	773	639	897	140.3
Asokwa	896	900	920	978	106.3
Fumso	767	719	647	739	114.2
ADANSI ASOKWA	3115	3146	3065	3405	111.1

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 22 Measles Rubella-Children Vaccination

ORGANIZATION UNIT / PERIOD	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2019	2020		
			TARGET	PERFOR MANCE	COVERA GE %
Aboabo	733	729	537	765	142.4

Anhwiaso	714	716	399	908	227.3
Asokwa	739	735	575	747	130.0
Fumso	686	588	404	542	134.0
ADANSI ASOKWA	2872	2768	1916	2962	154.6

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Reasons for high EPI performance

1. Dedicated staff
2. MCHNP support

2.56 DISEASES EARMARKED FOR ELIMINATION

The District has not recorded any case of lymphatic Filariasis, and Neonatal Tetanus from 2018 to 2020. The District recorded 4 leprosy cases in 2020 and they are currently on treatment. The District is still intensifying surveillance and public educations on the signs and symptoms of the diseases to increase case detection for prompt treatment and care.

Table 23 Diseases Earmarked for Elimination

DISEASE	2018 Annual	2019 Annual	2020 Annual
Neonatal Tetanus	0	0	0
Leprosy	0	3	4
Lymphatic Filariasis	0	0	0
No. Of guinea worm cases seen	0	0	0
No. of Non-Polio AFP detected	1	1	8

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.57 EPIDEMIC PRONE DISEASES

In the year 2019, the district made great effort in identifying epidemic prone diseases in all the facilities in the district. This is as a result of strengthening surveillance activities in all the facilities in the district. This continued in 2020 where the district recorded 4 suspected Yellow Fever cases and 2 measles suspected cases.

Table 24 Epidemic Prone Diseases

DISEASE	2018 Annual	2019 Annual	2020 Annual
Meningitis	0	0	0
Cholera	0	0	0
Yellow Fever	2	3	4
Measles	2	4	2
Yaws	0	0	0

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

The number of TB cases is relatively unstable for the last two years. From a figure of 20 cases in 2019, it has decreased to 11 cases in 2020. In addition to these most of the cases detected are sputum positive for Gene Xpert. Frequent orientation for health professionals, CBSVs and other organizations in the district such as chemical sellers, faith-based institutions, etc. are very paramount. This in no small way will facilitate more TB cases to be detected.

The district case detection rate for 2020 appears to show a low trend and so our surveillance team are actively searching for more cases.

The number of smear positive cases continue to decrease in all the years under review. This is good for the district since it would help the district to increase the cure and treatment success rates.

Table 25 TB Management

INDICATORS	ANNUAL 2018	ANNUAL 2019	ANNUAL 2020
TB Case Detection	21	20	11
No. of TB cases notified	21	20	11
No. of TB cases cured (sputum microscopy)	18	19	0
No. of TB cases completing treatment	3	1	1
Deaths	0	0	0
Loss to follow up	0	0	0
Transferred out	0	0	0
Treatment failure	0	0	0
Defaulter	0	0	0

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.58 PREVENTION OF MOTHER TO CHILD TRANSMISSION OF HIV/AIDS (PMTCT)

By the year ending, 2020, the district recorded total One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-one people who tested for HIV, out of the total, Twenty-Four (24) tested positive and Twenty-Four (24) were put on ARV.

Table 26 PMTC

DATA NAME	ANNUAL 2018	ANNUAL 2019	ANNUAL 2020
Number tested	1802	1562	1891
Number positive	19	13	24
Number on ARV	19	13	24

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 27 Summary STI Services (ANC Syphilis Testing)

Data	2018 Performance	2019 Performance	2020 Performance
Syphilis Screening Tested	1 220	1 138	1660
Syphilis Screening Positive	90	61	39
Syphilis Screening Treated	88	61	39

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 28 HIV Testing and Counselling (HTC)

DATA NAME	2018 YEAR	2019 YEAR	2020 YEAR
Clients receiving HIV pre-test information (HTC)	454	804	2742
Clients tested for HIV(HTC)	452	800	2742
Clients tested HIV positive(HTC)	24	16	53

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 29 Malaria Testing Rate

DATA NAME	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2019	YEAR 2020
Suspected Malaria Cases	23323	22281	22713
Tested Malaria Cases	21972	21936	22713
Malaria Testing Rate	94.2	98.5	100.0

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

Table 30 Malaria Data

DATA NAME	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2019	YEAR 2020
Number of OPD Malaria cases - children under 5 years	9 364	9 447	9 768
Number of OPD Malaria cases - 5 years and above	5 977	5 226	5 140
Proportion confirmed malaria cases receiving 1st anti-malaria treatment	110.5	102.6	100
Institutional Malaria death per 100,000 population	0	0	0
Under 5 Malaria Case Fatality Rate	0	0	0

Source: Adansi Asokwa District Health Report, 2020

2.59 COLLABORATION FOR HEALTH

- Marie Stopes International rendered free specialized services (implants and BTL) on outreach basis in the district.
- JHPIEGO trained 17 staff about safety protocol on COVID-17
- Smooth collaboration with the CHAG facility for the administration and provision of both clinical and public health services
- DONA came to donate 3 complete mechanized bore holes to three health facilities

2.60 PROVISION OF HEALTH EQUIPMENT AND LOGISTICS TO THE HEALTH DIRECTORATE.

The Health facilities within the District received infrared thermometer gun and BP apparatus. This was to aid the health staff in their fight against the Covid-19 pandemic.

2.61 JUSTICE ADMINISTRATION

This year, the Assembly recorded no case at the juvenile court, prison aftercare services, and adoption. No Social enquiry report was prepared during this year. No case was referred from the Family Tribunal

2.62 CHILD RIGHTS PROMOTION AND PROTECTION

SOCIAL WORK WITH FAMILIES

The Department of SWCD targeted managing effectively 80% of reported case on child protection.

2.63 REPORTED CHILD PROTECTION CASES

About one hundred and fifty eight (158) cases were reported throughout 2020. The cases were categorized into seven cases namely; Family Reconciliation, Paternity, Child custody, child maintenance, child labor, pregnancy maintenance and missing children. The table below indicates the recorded number of cases and their number of outcome of the cases under each category.

	SUCCESSFULLY TREATED	PENDING	REFERRAL	WITHDRAWN	TOTAL
FAMILY RECONCILIATION	45	10	0	2	57
PATERNITY	1	2	0	0	3
CHILD CUSTODY	4	1	0	1	6
CHILD MAINTENANCE	42	13	0	2	57
CHILD LABOR	19	0	0	0	19
PREGNANCY MAINTENANCE	12	0	0	2	14
MISSING CHILDREN	2	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	125	26	0	7	158
PERCENTAGE	79.11392	16.4557	0	4.43038	100

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

S/N	NATURE OF CASE	NUMBER	%
1	FAMILY RECONCILIATION	57	36.07595
2	PATERNITY	3	1.898734

3	CHILD CUSTODY	6	3.797468
4	CHILD MAINTENANCE	57	36.07595
5	CHILD LABOR	19	12.02532
6	PREGNANCY MAINTENANCE	14	8.860759
7	MISSING CHILDREN	2	1.265823
	TOTAL	158	100

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

Family Reconciliation and child maintenance cases were dominant in this year’s reported cases. Both cases recorded fifty-seven cases each representing 36.07%. Dominant among the family reconciliation cases were disputes among relatives, which were impacting negatively in the lives of children involved, bringing family members together toward developing strategies and protection concerns for orphan children and assisting families to recover debts to support their business and their families. Almost all the reported child maintenance cases were in relation to inadequate support for children involved in separated relationships.

Child labor recorded nineteen cases which is relatively low compared to previous year’s data. This is mainly attributed to the COVID 19 pandemic which resulted in close down of schools and hence the reduction in surveillance of such cases. Almost all the reported cases under child labor were recorded in the first quarter of 2020.

Pregnancy maintenance was relatively low as compared to previous year’s data. This year’s cases were fourteen (14). The reason for the low outcome of cases was the separation of teenage pregnancy from pregnancy maintenance cases. Child custody, paternity and missing children recorded less than 10 cases in this year.

FAMILY RECONCILIATION

Forty-five (45) cases out of the fifty-seven(57) reported cases were successfully resolved this year under family reconciliation. This represented 78.94 percent of the reported cases under the family reconciliation. The successful resolution of these cases was because of effective case resolution skills demonstrated by the social welfare officers. The successful resolution resulted in families forgiving each other of past hurts and pain caused, settlement of debt owed to parties for many years, families agreeing to live peacefully and support children involved due to the death of one parents and finally family agreeing together to take decisions that would improve their lives and future.

The social Welfare and Community Development Department were able resolve some problems within the district. The following are detail explanation of the resolutions.

	SUCCESSFUL	TOTAL	PERCENTAGE (%)
FAMILY RECONCILIATION	45	57	78.94
PATERNITY	1	3	33.33
CHILD CUSTODY	4	6	66.67
CHILD MAINTENANCE	42	57	73.68
CHILD LABOR	19	19	100.00
PREGNANCY MAINTENANCE	12	14	85.71
MISSING CHILDREN	2	2	100
TOTAL	125	158	79.11
PERCENTAGE	79.11392	100	

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

1. PATERNITY

One (1) out of three (3) paternity cases reported to the assembly were successfully resolved. The successful case was a denial of child by the respondent who through several investigation conducted by the Department led to the acceptance of the child by the respondent.

2. CHILD CUSTODY

Four 4 out of six (6) child custody cases representing 66.67% were successfully resolve during the year. Most of the successful cases were under shared custody where children spend vacation with one party and spend time with the other party when school reopens.

3. CHILD MAINTENANCE

The Assembly through the SWCD Department resolved 42 out of the 57 child maintenance cases representing 73.68 percent. Most of the cases were between parties who had separated from existing relationship and the respondents, predominantly males, failed to support the children while in the custody of the other parties. Almost all the cases were settled successfully. Parties agreed amount paid at the office of the Department to support the children involved.

4. CHILD LABOR

All the reported cases on child labor during the year 2020, were resolved. The children were actively selling during school hours. The Department identified parents and relatives involved and together planned strategies to help curb the children out of labor, which proved successful.

5. PREGNANCY MAINTENANCE

85.71% of all the reported cases under pregnancy maintenance were resolved. The cases were involved denial of pregnancy and therefore failure to maintain the pregnancy. All the successful cases involved the respondents accepting responsibilities.

6. MISSING CHILDREN

All cases involving missing children were successfully resolve by the social welfare officers. All the children were reunified with their family through the intervention of the Department.

PENDING, REFERRAL AND WITHDRAWALS OF CASES

1. PENDING CASES

Three cases, child labor, missing children and pregnancy maintenance were not listed under cases pending. A total of 26 cases representing 16.45% of the reported cases are currently pending. Child maintenance cases dominated with 13 cases. This is attributed to the unwillingness of both parties to respond to the invitation of the Department to settle the matter.

Family reconciliation cases were listed second under pending cases. Many contributing factors resulting in the pending of the case were difficulty-identifying respondents, failure of both parties to respond to the invitation of the department and rescheduling of cases due to unfavorable conditions on the part of one party.

Paternity recorded two pending cases and Child custody recorded one pending case. This is attributed to rescheduling of cases due to the unavailability of the respondents

2. REFERRAL OF CASE TO FAMILY TRIBUNAL

The Social Welfare and Community Development Department did not refer any case to the Family Tribunal during the year under review. This is mainly due to the location of the court. Secondly, the unwillingness of complainants to pursue the case at the court and lastly, the cost involved in registering cases at the court. The Department is looking forward for the gazette of the District Bye law to help solve of the issues pertaining to payment of fees before court hearing.

3. WITHDRAWAL OF CASES

Case withdrawals are made to enable families resolve disputes and report the outcome to the Department. Seven cases representing 4.43% of reported cases were withdrawn for family settlement. The cases were family reconciliation (2), Child custody (1), child maintenance (2)

and pregnancy maintenance (2). A major setback in family settlement is their refusal to report to the Department on decisions taken. The Department is setting up strategies to deal with this setback.

The table below gives a detailed explanation on cases that are pending, referred to family tribunals and cases withdrawn.

	PENDING	REFERRED TO FAMILY TRIBUNAL	WITHDRAWN	TOTAL
FAMILY RECONCILIATION	10	0	2	57
PATERNITY	2	0	0	3
CHILD CUSTODY	1	0	1	6
CHILD MAINTENANCE	13	0	2	57
CHILD LABOR	0	0	0	19
PREGNANCY MAINTENANCE	0	0	2	14
MISSING CHILDREN	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	26	0	7	158
PERCENTAGE	16.4557	0	4.43038	100

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

NUMBER OF CHILDREN INVOLVED IN REPORTED CASES

One hundred and eighty three children were involved in this year’s reported cases. One hundred of the children were males and Eighty-three were females. Forty-nine (49) of the children representing 26.8% were within the age group of 0-5. Seventy-five of the children representing 41% were within the age group of 6-11 and Fifty-nine of the children representing 32.2% were within the age category of 12-17 years

CHILD INVOLVED IN SPECIFIC CASES

a. CHILD MAINTENANCE

Children involved in child maintenance cases recorded the highest number in this year’s reported cases. Seventy-six (76) children representing 41.5% of all children involved in this year’s case. Thirty-nine of the children were males while thirty-seven were females. Twenty-two of the children were in the 0-5 age group, thirty-one in the age group of 6-11 and twenty-three in the age group of 12-17.

b. FAMILY RECONCILIATION CASE

Seventy-three children were involved in the family reconciliation case representing 39.9% of the total number of children involved in the reported cases. Thirty-seven of the children involved in the family reconciliation case were males while thirty-six were females. Twenty of the children

were in the age group of 0-5. Twenty-nine and twenty-four of the children were in the age groups of 6-11 and 12-17 respectively.

c. CHILD CUSTODY

Ten children were involved in child custody cases with five males and five females. Five of the children were in 0-5 age group; four were in 6-11 age group and one child in 12-17 age group.

d. CHILD LABOR CASES

Nineteen children were involved in child labor cases with twelve females and seven males. Five, ten and four children were in the age group of 0-5, 6-11 and 12-17 respectively.

f. PATERNITY

Four children were involved in paternity cases with two males and two females. One and three children were in the age group of 0-5 and 6-11 respectively.

g. PREGNANCY MAINTENANCE

Sixteen children were involved in pregnancy maintenance cases with nine males and seven females. Four, six and six children were in the age group of 0-5, 6-11 and 12-17 respectively.

h. MISSING CHILDREN

Three children were involved in this section with two males and one female. Each age category recorded one child.

The table below give a detailed explanation of child involved in specific cases within the year.

NATURE OF CASE	M	F	TOTAL	0-5	6--11	12—17
CHILD MAINTENANCE	39	37	76	22	31	23
FAMILY REC.	37	36	73	20	29	24
CHILD CUSTODY	5	5	10	5	4	1
CHILD LABOR	12	7	19	5	10	4
PATERNITY	2	2	4	1	3	0
PREGNANCY MAINTENANCE	9	7	16	4	6	6
MISSING CHILDREN	2	1	3	1	1	1
Total	100	83	183	49	75	59

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

2 CHILDREN INVOLVED IN OUTCOME OF CASES

a. SUCCESSFUL CASES

One hundred and twenty five of children were involved in successful settlement of cases reported in this year. This represents 68.3% of total number of children involved in this year's reported cases. Sixty-nine of the children were males and fifty-six were females. fifty-two of the children were involved in successful settlement of child maintenance cases, forty-two were involved in family reconciliation, eight in child custody cases, nineteen in child labor cases, one child in paternity case, twelve in pregnancy maintenance and three in missing children cases.

b. WITHDRAWAL CASES

Seventeen children representing 9.2% were involved in withdrawal cases. Nine of the children were males and eight were females. three children were involved in child maintenance withdrawal cases, twelve in family reconciliation, one in child custody and two in pregnancy maintenance.

c. CASE PENDING

Forty-one children were involved in cases pending with twenty-two male and nineteen females. Twenty-one of the children were involved in child maintenance cases, sixteen in family reconciliation, one in child custody cases, three in paternity cases and two in pregnancy maintenance.

The table below give a detailed explanation of "child involved in" outcome cases.

ACTIVITIES	Cases disposed off		Referred to Family tribunal		Cases withdrawn		Cases pending		TOTAL	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
CHILD MAINTENANCE	25	27	0	0	3	0	11	10	39	37
FAMILY REC.	22	20	0	0	6	6	7	9	37	36
CHILD CUSTODY	5	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	5
CHILD LABOR	12	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	7
PATERNITY	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	2
PREGNANCY MAINTENANCE	7	5	0	0	0	2	2	0	9	7
MISSING CHILDREN	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
Totals	69	56	0	0	9	8	22	19	100	83

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

2.64 TEENAGE PREGNANCY

Thirteen (13) cases of teenage pregnancy were reported this year. These were female children within the age range of 14-19 years. Four (4) of the female pregnant teenagers were sixteen (16) years, three were 17 years, two (2) were recorded below 15 years and 18 years each. One of the cases involved 14 year old and 19 year old each. All the cases were reported from eight communities. Asokwa had the highest number of cases (4) followed by Adiemera and Brofoyedru (2 each). The rest of the communities had only one case recorded. Nine(9) of the Children were in JHS at the time the cases were reported. Three of the children involved were in SHS and one child in primary education level.

The table below explains the number of teenage pregnancy recorded within the district with their ages, location and level of education.

AGES		LOCATION		EDUCATION	
14	1	ADIEMERA	2	PRIMARY	1
15	2	ASOKWA	4	JHS	9
16	4	BROFOYEDRU	2	SHS	3
17	3	NYAMEKROM	1		
18	2	NYANKUMASO	1		
19	1	PEWODIE	1		
		NYAMEKROM	1		
		TEWOBAABI	1		
TOTAL	13		13		13

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

The respondents involved in the teenage pregnancies were 13 males within the ages of 18-54years. Four of the respondents were 21 years, three were 22 years, two were 18 years and one recorded each at the ages of 17, 20, 25 and 54 years. Four of the respondents came from Asokwa, two from Brofoyedru and Adiemera. The following communities had one respondent; AssinFosu, New Atatem, Nyamekrom, Yaw Dankwa and Tewobaabi. Four of the respondents were Drivers (Okada), two farmers, one filling station attendant and six of them were unemployed.

The table below gives an account of the number of respondents, their location and occupation.

AGES		LOCATION		OCCUPATION	
18	2	ADIEMERA	2	OKADA DRIVER	4
21	4	ASOKWA	4	FARMER	2
22	3	ASSIN FOSU	1	FILLING STATION	1
54	1	BROFOYEDRU	2	UNEMPLOYED	6
25	1	NEW ATATEM	1		
17	1	NYAMEKROM	1		
20	1	YAW DANKWA	1		
		TEWOBAABI	1		
Total	13		13		13

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

OUTCOME OF TEENAGE PREGNANCY CASES

The Department recorded eleven successful cases under the teenage pregnancy representing 86.4%. One case referred to the Police and one case pending due to lack of cooperation from the families involved. Out of the eleven successful cases, seven of the cases involved both parties and families willingly accepting the conditions to help support the pregnant teenager to deliver and return to school. Four of the cases involved the family of the pregnant teenager willing to support the child involved. The respondents involved in these cases absconded with no trace of their family members.

2.65 DAY CARE CENTRES

The Social welfare and community Development Department, as mandated by the Children's Act, 506 (1998), is responsible for monitoring of all Day Care Centres within its jurisdiction and ensures that they are operating within the required standards.

The objectives for the monitoring were as follows;

1. To ensure that all day care centers are duly registered by the District Assembly
2. To ensure that all day care centers are operating within the required standard
3. To ensure that the department organized at least two workshops training for care givers in the year
4. To ensure that all the children available at the facility are properly taken care of
5. To address challenges facing the centers.

The Department, in this year, did not meet its target due to the close down of all schools and centres by the president of the country because of the pandemic COVID 19.

2.66 RESIDENTIAL HOME FOR CHILDREN

The total number of children at the Residential Home for Children is Twenty (20) with thirteen (13) males and seven (7) females. The Department did not record any new case in this quarter. Nine (9) of the children are in the age range of 6-11years, Eight (8) of the children are in the age range of 12-17years and three (3) of the children are in the age range of 0-5years.

TYPE OF CASES	BF		NEW CASES		AGES				ADOPTION			Discharge to family		Fosterin g		Remainin g		Death s	
	M	F	M	F	0 - 5	6- 11	12 - 17	18 & Above	Relativ e	Non-Relativ e	Foreign	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Orphaned	5	2	0	0	1	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0
Exposed to moral danger and physical danger	7	5	0	0	1	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	5	0	0
Neglect	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
TOTALS	13	7	0	0	3	9	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	7	0	0

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

All the children in the facility are in school. Three of the children are at the Day Care stage; eight children are in the primary level, Eight in Junior high level and only one person in the Senior High school. There is no special need child in the facility. The children are actively in school with an average progress performance. The facility has made provision for extra classes to engage the children after school hours.

<i>CHILDREN'S EDUCATION</i>	SEX		TOTALS
	M	F	
<i>NUSERY SCHOOL/DAY CARE</i>	3	0	3
<i>PRIMARY SCHOOL</i>	4	4	8
<i>JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL</i>	6	2	8
<i>SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL</i>	0	1	1
TOTALS	13	7	20

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

The District Assembly was satisfied with the preparation of the RHC against COVID 19 as the following were identified;

- ✓ Sufficient nose masks of different sizes to be used by both the staff and children in the facility
- ✓ Presence of Veronica buckets at the facility with necessary sanitary materials
- ✓ Avoiding contact with the children by visitors even though visitors are subjected to strict protocols before entering the facility.
- ✓ Children are not permitted to move outside the facility
- ✓ The existence of thermometer gun to regularly check the temperatures of the children and staff in the facility

In addition to these measures, the Department collaborated with the District officer at National Commission for Civic Education to educate the children and staff on COVID 19.

2.67 PERSONS WITH DISABILITY

As of June 2020 136 persons registered with disability, with 75 males and 61 females as indicated in the table below;

Table 31 Persons with Disability

	REGISTERED NUMBER OF PWDS BY END OF JUNE 2020				
	VISUALLY IMPAIRED	PHYSICALLY DISABLED	HEARING IMPAIRED	MENTAL IMPAIRED	TOTAL
TOTAL	28	89	12	7	136
M	11	56	3	5	75
F	17	33	9	2	61

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020This increased the total number of persons with disability to 607 with 314 males and 293 females.

From June to December 2020, 192 persons successfully registered with disability, with 97 males and 95 females as indicated in the table below;

	VISUALLY IMPAIRED	PHYSICALLY DISABLED	HEARING IMPAIRED	MENTAL IMPAIRED	TOTAL
TOTAL	23	143	17	9	192

M	16	68	10	3	97
F	7	75	7	6	95

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

This has increased the total number of Persons with Disability in the district, which currently stands 799 with 411 males and 388 females. Majority of PWDs fall under Physically Disabled (64.70%). 15.39% of PWDs are visually impaired, 15.76% are Hearing and speech impaired and 4.13% are mentally disabled. In Summary the total number registered in the year 2020 is shown in the table below;

	VISUALLY IMPAIRED	PHYSICALLY DISABLED	HEARING IMPAIRED	MENTAL IMPAIRED	TOTAL
TOTAL	51	232	29	16	328
M	27	124	13	8	172
F	24	108	16	8	156
%	15.54878	70.73171	8.841463	4.878049	100

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

2.68 ASSISTANCE TO VULNERABLE GROUPS DISABILITY FUND

The District Assembly in this year received 168,498 GHS of the District Common Fund for Persons with Disability. Disbursements are shown below;

Table 32 Assistance to PWDs

	ACTIVITY	AMOUNT (GHS)
1	HEALTH 10%	16,759
2	EDUCATION 10%	16759
3	ADMINISTRATION AND MONITORING (5%)	9,379.50
4	INTERNATIONAL DAY FOR PWDs	6800
5	PRESS CONFERENCE	1000
4	NHIS REGISTRATION AND RENEWAL	5000

5	LIVELIHOOD EMPOWERMENT PROGRAM	3000	
6	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (FACE MASKS)	5000	
7	ADVOCACY AND EDUCATION	5000	
8	INCOME GENERATING ITEMS	99,800	
	TOTAL	168,498	

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 202

PWDs were supported this year with 120 males and 101 females. This has increased the total number of beneficiaries supported from 131 recorded in 2019 to 352 with 186 males and 166 females. This implies that 44% of the registered PWDs in the district had been supported.

Details of support granted to PWDs are shown in the table below;

	M	F	TOTAL
EDUCATION	30	20	50
HEALTH	13	23	36
WHEEL CHAIR	4	2	6
CHARCOAL	16	6	22
FARM INPUT	27	3	30
FUFU MACHINE	6	1	7
HAIR DRYER	0	5	5
BARBERING MACHINE	4	0	4
CARPENTRY TOOL	1	0	1
SEWING MACHINE	6	22	28
DEEP FREEZER	13	19	32

TOTAL	120	101	221
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Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

2.69 NHIS ASSISTANCE TO PERSONS WITH DISABILITY

The SWCD department through the online activation of the NHIS renewed the Insurance of some beneficiaries in some selected communities. The program commenced on 24th July, 2020 and ended on 31st July, 2020. The Department visited 28 communities during the ten (10) day exercise across the district.

In all, One hundred and twenty five Persons with Disability benefitted from the exercise of renewal of NHIS. The breakdown of communities and corresponding number of beneficiaries are listed below;

	COMMUNITY	TOTAL	PERCENTAGE (%)
1	KOBEN	10	8
2	KONSIMWA	11	8.8
3	PEWODIE	5	4
4	DUAPONPO	1	0.8
5	NYAMEKROM	1	0.8
6	SIANA	6	4.8
7	ODEM	2	1.6
8	BIAKWASO	10	8
9	AYOKOA	4	3.2
10	AKWANSEREM	10	8
11	HWIREMOASE	2	1.6
12	TASILIMAN	1	0.8
13	NYANKOMASU	2	1.6
14	NYAMEBEKYERE	1	0.8
15	FUMSO	10	8
16	SARPONSO	2	1.6
17	ABOABO NO.2	2	1.6
18	ABOABO NO.1	1	0.8
19	PIIISO	12	9.6
20	ANSA	1	0.8
21	TAWIAKROM	1	0.8
22	ANWONA	9	7.2
23	AGOGOSO	4	3.2

24	KOJO NKWANTA	9	7.2
25	BROFOYEDRU	2	1.6
26	FUMSO KETEWA	1	0.8
27	NEW AKROFUOM	1	0.8
28	NKONSA	4	3.2
	TOTAL	125	100

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

2.70 FORMATION OF DISABILITY GROUPS

The Disability Fund Management Committee tasked the department of SWCD to form Disability groups in at least twenty (20) of the electoral areas with the following objectives;

- a) To mobilize all persons with disability in the selected electoral areas
- b) To form disability group in the selected areas with elected leaders to liaise with the Department in seeking for the welfare of disabled persons in their jurisdiction
- c) To educate persons with disability on COVID 19
- d) To educate persons with disability on the disbursement guidelines of the Disability Fund
- e) To distribute Nose Masks to PWDs across the districts
- f) To address issues, questions and any relevant information required by PWDs.

The program was intended to bridge the gap between PWDs and the Department and build a strong relationship to enable their needs to be met. The program commenced on 3rd August 2020 and ended on 28th August, 2020. As part of the program, the Department distributed 1000 nose masks to participants during the exercise.

The SWCD department visited 23 communities within the district. One thousand, one hundred and fourteen (1114) participants participated in the program. The following communities recorded more than fifty participants during the program; Asokwa; Bodwesango, Pippiiso, Akwanserem; Fumso; Pewodie, Konsimwa and Biakwaso.

2.71 CELEBRATION OF INTERNATIONAL DAY FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITY

This District Assembly celebrated the International Day for Persons with Disability on 3rd December 2020, which was held at Adansi Asokwa Funeral Ground. Over four hundred (400) persons with disability across the district participated in the program. Dignities such as representative of District Chief Executive, the Member of Parliament, pastors, Assembly members and heads of departments grace the occasions.

2.72 LEAP PROGRAM

The Assembly through the SWCD department successfully monitored five cycles, from 64th to 68th throughout the year and received twelve cases throughout the year of which five were managed successfully.

The table below shows other details of the LEAP activities in the district;

Table 33 LEAP Programme

	ACTIVITY	RESULT
1	Total number of Registered Households	402
2	Total Number of Communities	25
3	Number of Cycles Monitored in the year	5
5	Number of Payment Points	FIVE
6	Total Amount Allocated	33,207.71- 37,850.00 GHS

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

2.73 GENDER BASED VIOLENCE INTERVENTION PROGRAM

The SWCD Department targeted on four (4) programs under the Gender Based Violence Intervention namely;

1. Respond and resolve reported incident of gender based violence intervention
2. Capacity Building on Gender Mainstreaming
3. Awareness and sensitization on Gender
4. Education on Domestic Violence against Women

The objectives for the year were as follows;

1. To resolve 80% of reported cases of gender based violence intervention
2. To build capacity on Gender Mainstreaming for two (2) communities.
3. To create awareness and sensitization on Gender in four (4) selected communities
4. To educate four (4) communities on Domestic Violence against Women

2.74 REPORTED CASES ON GENDER BASED VIOLENCE

There wasn't any reported case on Gender based violence this year. This does not mean gender based violence don't exist in the district. Our survey reveals that many people especially victim feel reluctant to report such cases at the Department. Some do report such cases to the Police but due lack of co-ordination, referrals are not made to the Department for necessary support and assistance to the victim.

The following are measures to be undertaken by the SWCD Department to improve the public confidence in reporting cases of domestic violence;

1. Improving coordination with the police in resolving domestic violence cases
2. Increase education on domestic violence
3. Educate the public about the helpline of hope
4. Liaise with community leaders and Assembly members in resolving domestic violence cases

2.75 GENDER AWARENESS AND SENSITIZATION PROGRAM

Gender Awareness and Sensitization program was embarked in four communities with the following objectives;

- a. To create awareness for the gender equality and equity
- b. To help community members appreciate the respective roles played by male and females and the synergic impact in developing the community
- c. To mobilize support for building the capacity of females in the community
- d. To help community members appreciate the development of their community is based on the development of females.

The following were the topics discussed;

- a. The important role women play in our societies
- b. The important role men play in our societies
- c. The synergetic effect of both men and women in developing the society
- d. The need for integration of women in leadership and governance role
- e. The importance of gender equality and equity in nation building

a. GENDER AWARENESS PROGRAM AT ABOABO NO. 2

The program happened on 19th January 2020 at exactly 9:00 am and ended at 1:30pm. Forty-four persons participated in the program. Thirty – four (34) of the participants were females while ten (10) were males. The program took place at Aboabo No.2 Assemblies of God Church.

GENDER AWARENESS PROGRAM AT BROFOYEDRU

The program took place at Brofoyedru Methodist Church on 26th January 2020 at 10:15am and ended at 2:15pm. Fifty-one (51) persons participated in the program with twenty one (21) males and thirty (30) females.

GENDER AWARENESS PROGRAM AT FUMSO

The program took place at Apostolic Church in Fumso on 9th February 2020 at 9:15am and ended at 12:30pm. Eighty-six (86) persons participated in the program with thirty-two (32) males and fifty-four (54) females.

GENDER AWARENESS PROGRAM AT ANHWIASO

The program happened on 1st March 2020 at exactly 10:00 am and ended at 12:30pm. Ninety-six (96) persons participated in the program. Forty-one (41) of the participants were males while Fifty –five (55) were females. The program took place at Anwiaso Methodist Church.

The following were some of the key questions asked by participants during the meeting across the four (4) areas.

- ✓ How can men do to empower the women in their communities?
- ✓ How can we help people in our societies to stop discriminating against women?
- ✓ It is realized that women in our societies antagonized each other, how can that be stopped?
- ✓ What can the community do to support the education of women?
- ✓ Is it advisable for an educated woman to marry uneducated man?

The following were the concerns raised by participants;

- ✓ Creation of more jobs for women in the community and the district as well
- ✓ Support from agricultural department to help the women in agricultural
- ✓ Readily access to loans with lower interest
- ✓ More education on financial management and economic skills in the community
- ✓ Government should provide incentives to motivate women and young girls in businesses.

2.76 EDUCATION ON DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN

Domestic Violence against Women program seminar was organised in four communities with the following objectives;

- a. To expose participants to the meaning of domestic violence and various forms of domestic violence.
- b. To enable participants identify domestic violence cases
- c. To empower participants to report domestic violence cases
- d. To brief participants on the various measures available to support victims of domestic violence

- e. To enable participants know factors that may leading to domestic violence
- f. To enable participants identify the roles community may play to support domestic violence victims.

The following are topics discussed at the program;

- a. The meaning of Domestic Violence
- b. Various forms of Domestic Violence
- c. The occurrence of Domestic Violence
- d. The current interventions by the government of Ghana
- e. The factors affecting Domestic Violence
- f. The measures to take when in Domestic violence relationship

a. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAM AT ASOKWA

The program was held at the Asokwa Methodist Church on 21st January, 2020. The program started exactly at 9:30am and ended at 2:45pm. One hundred and fifteen (115) participated in the program with Sixty-four (64) females and fifty-one (51) males.

b. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAM AT HWIREMOASE

The program was held at Hwiremoase Methodist Church on 6th February, 2020. The program began at exactly 9:25am and ended at 2:15pm. The total number of participants was ninety-seven (97) with forty-two (42) males and fifty-five (55) females.

c. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAM AT BROFOYEDRU

The program was held at the Day Care Center at Brofoyedru on 18th February, 2020. The program started exactly at 9:45am and ended at 12:10pm. Sixty-nine (69) persons participated in the program with Twenty-five (25) males and forty-four (44) females.

d. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAM AT ANWONA

The program was held at the community center at Anwona on 25th February, 2020. The program started exactly at 10:15am and ended at 2:05pm. One hundred and six (106) persons participated in the program with forty-one (41) males and sixty-five (65) females.

The following are questions raised by participants during the program;

- ✓ What should you do in case if you come across a case of domestic violence, but the victim decide not report it to the appropriate authority?
- ✓ Some cultures see domestic violence in marital relationship as normal. What should we do if we come across such cultures?
- ✓ There have been cases where people report domestic violence cases to the police but are rather not given the needed attention. What should we do when we encounter such cases?
- ✓ Can a child report case of domestic violence involving his/her parents to the police?

The following are the concerns raised by participants during the program;

- ✓ More education and sensitization on domestic violence is needed in the community
- ✓ The churches and other institutions such as traditional councils or even in marriage ceremony, much emphasis should be given to domestic violence and its impact.
- ✓ Women groups should be formed in our various communities to train women on the impact and effect of domestic violence and how they can resist and report such cases.

2.77 CAPACITY BUILDING ON GENDER MAINSTREAMING

The 2012 World Development Report states “Gender equality is a core development objective in its own right. It is also smart economics. Greater gender equality can enhance productivity, improve development outcomes for the next generation, and makes institutions more representative”.

In Ghana, the government recognizes that Gender Equality and Women Empowerment are critical in respect of attaining sustainable national development. This is demonstrated in the development of the National Gender Policy, 2015.

In order to achieve government targets on Gender equality to reflect its impact on the development of the country, there was a need for the district to embark on capacity building on Gender Mainstreaming at the community level.

The target was to organize two capacity building on gender mainstreaming but due to financial constraints, one capacity building exercise was organized at Aboabo No.2.

The participants for the program were teachers, parents, youth leaders and community unit committee as well as representative of the traditional and religious leaders. Thirty-seven persons participated in the program with twenty-one females and sixteen males. The program was held on 13th October, 2020.

Participants were taken through several topics including;

1. The Need for Gender mainstreaming especially at the community level.
2. Historical background of Ghana’s role in Gender Equality
3. Some concepts in the National Gender Policy 2015 to reflect the local needs, especially the roles of community leaders in resolving gender inequality.

Facilitators for the program were the staff of the Social Welfare Department, Adansi Asokwa District Assembly.

2.78 EDUCATING COMMUNITY LEADERS ON COVID 19

The Assembly embarked on educating community leaders on COVID 19 pandemic this year.

The objectives of the program were as follows;

- a. To educate community leaders on precautionary measures to stop the spread of COVID 19
- b. To identify problems and challenges encountered by various communities on COVID 19
- c. To inspire community leaders to embark on house to house education on COVID 19

The following were some request and challenges affecting the fight against Corona virus within the district.

1. Request for more nose masks to be provided for free
2. Non-compliance of community members to directives from community leaders
3. No Jingles for information centers on COVID 19
4. A request for Taskforce to initiate community enforcement
5. A request for regular visit by government agencies.

2.79 HOME VISITS

The Assembly though the SWCD Department targeted visiting homes of some selected communities to educate and address questions relating to COVID 19.

The objectives of the home visits are as follows;

1. To educate household members on COVID 19
2. To observe how individuals, homes and communities are observing precautionary measures to stop the spreading of COVID 19.
3. To answer questions relating to COVID 19 by community members.

The following questions were asked by some community members during our home visits.

1. Are there any negative effects on wearing of the mask continuously?
2. Can Children get the Coronavirus infections?
3. Will the Assembly support volunteers with personal protection equipment?
4. Who is responsible for the filling of water in veronica bucket set at the community center?
5. When would the children go back to school?

2.80 EDUCATE THE POPULACE ON ISSUES OF CHILD PROTECTION

Reports from the District Ghana Health Service revealed that the number of teenage pregnancy recorded had increased. There have been several reports from Assembly members and other key stakeholders in the district of the numerous cases of teenage pregnancy seen and reported in our various communities. In recent General Assembly meeting held at the premises of the Assembly, there was a call made by Assembly members that immediate actions be taken to curb the increase

in teenage pregnancy. The Department, in order to solve the problem with immediate effect arranged for an educational campaign to be held in some selected communities.

The program was held with the following objectives;

1. To educate the communities on the meaning of teenage pregnancies
2. To educate the communities on the causes of teenage pregnancies
3. To educate the communities on the preventive measure of teenage pregnancies
4. To educate the communities on how to protect pregnant teenagers
5. To address issues and question related to teenage pregnancy.

The mode of presentation of the program were as follows;

1. The use of information centers for public education
2. Mobilization of the public for education
3. The use of visual aids for presentation
4. Questions and answers

The Department visited twenty communities during the exercise. The program was divided into two parts. The first part was mass meeting with some selected community members. The meetings were conducted with full integration of COVID 19 protocol. The meetings were carried out in the morning and early afternoons.

The second part was held in the evening through the information centers. An educational program was conducted to educate the public through the information centers. This was done in the evening.

The program was preceded by mobilization processes which required sensitization of community leaders of the program and its impact to the people in the community.

The following are lists of communities where the program was held;

Bodwesango	Fumso ketewa	Agogoso	Kyerebruso	Ayokoa
Hwiremoase	Pewodie	Appiankwanta	Asokwa	Akwanserem
New Akrofuom	Biakwaso	Sarponso	Brofoyedru	Tewobaabi
Konsimwa	Anomabo	Aboabo No,2	Pipiiso	Nyamebekyere

Source: Social Welfare and Community Development Department AADA 2020

One thousand, six hundred and eighty two (1682) people participated in the program. Nine hundred and thirty seven (937) were males and Seven hundred and forty five were females.

2.81 PLANTING FOR FOOD AND JOBS (PFJ)

The government through the flagship program “Planting for Food and Jobs” together with the Agric Department of the Adansi Asokwa District Assembly supported farmers with subsidized inputs. The inputs include: Seed maize, Rice seeds, N.P.K fertilizers ,Urea

Table 34 Beneficiaries of Planting for Food and Jobs (PfJ)

INPUT	TOTAL SUPPLIED	BENEFICIARIES		TOTAL
		M ALES	FE MALES	
SEED MAIZE	1690	3802	1232	5034
RICE SEEDS	1590	1442	584	2026
N.P.K FERTILIZERS	43560	4637	769	5406
UREA	8322	4637	769	5406

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.82 PLANTING FOR EXPORT AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT (PERD)

During the year under review, the Adansi Asokwa District Assembly supported, the Agric Department to raise 30,000 oil palm seedlings for free distribution to farmers under PERD.

This flagship program is hoped to impact positively on oil palm production in the district.

Table 35 Beneficiaries of PERD

TOTAL SEEDLINGS RAISED	BENEFICIARIES		TOTAL
	MALES	FEMALES	
30,000	345	155	500

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.83 WIAD ACTIVITIES

The WIAD department trained farmers groups in alternative livelihood activities such as soya milk making, liquid soap, shower gel, bleach, sobolo (Hibiscus Tea), soy bean and tom brown.

The WIAD department also educated farmers across the district on food based nutrition which consists of educational strategies and learning activities, which was enhanced a healthy food environment and also aid communities to improve their diets and food choices.

- **Food Based Nutrition Education**

Information/Technologies Disseminated	Number of Beneficiaries					
	Total	M	F	Youth	Aged	PLWD
Awareness creation on food-based nutrition in relation to food production	87	45	42	30	2	0
Number of people sensitized on bio-fortified high nutrient crops	64	37	27	31	0	0
Number of new recipe developed	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of people reached with food enrichment	126	75	51	42	0	0
Number of people reached in food demonstrations	67	29	38	31	0	0
Number of people adopting technologies in food based nutrition	61	32	29	29	0	1
Total	405	218	187	163	2	1

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

During the second quarter, the WIAD department also enable farmers, mostly women within the district to access credit and loans to improve their businesses and empower their families.

- **2. Percentage Change of females accessing credit and Agricultural inputs along the value chain**

		Number of Beneficiaries					
		Total	M	F	Youth	Aged	PLWD
Number of farmers accessing credit and other financial services		80	10	50	20	0	0
Number of processors accessing credit and other financial services		90	15	50	25	0	0
Number of farmers accessing subsidized fertilizer		65	22	43	33	0	0
Number of farmers accessing improved seeds		73	24	49	37	0	0
Proportion of farmers who own/access at least a parcel of land		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		249	67	182	118	0	0

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

There were also series of other activities organized by the department which include: fruit processing education, food demonstrations and also farmers fora for the formation of women groups across the district

2.84 FARM AND HOME VISITS

As usual our extension officers visited farmers homes and farms throughout the year to educate them on farm sanitation, fall armyworm prevention and control, use of improved seeds, irrigation and mulching in dry season vegetable farming, sensitization on child labour and its implication

in cocoa production, sensitization on COVID-19 protocols, awareness creation on planting for export and rural development.

TOTAL NUMBER OF FARM AND HOME VISITS FOR THE YEAR 2020

Table 36 Number of Home Visits Conducted within the Year 2020

NUMBER OF FARM AND HOME VISITS	BENEFICIARIES		TOTAL
	MALES	FEMALES	
		1216	967

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.85 SENSITIZATION ON FALL ARMYWORM

Fall armyworm awareness creation and trainings on control measures were organized throughout the district. The signs and symptoms of fall armyworm include the following:

- Egg mass on surface of leaves
- White scratches and semi-transparent damage on the leaves
- Window pane leaves
- White frass on leaves

The Fall Army Worm control with the supply of free Chemicals continued since the cultivation of Maize in the District. The Department together with the PPRSD officer distributed the chemicals freely to the farmers to aid them combat and control the high rate of fall armyworm across the district.

Below are the quantities of chemicals received and distributed to farmers across the district for the control of FAW.

TRADE NAME	QUANTITY (G/L/SACHET/BOX)
AGOO	160 SACHETS
ADEPA	19 BOXES
BYPEL	2201 SACHETS
WARRIOR SUPER	9 BOXES
AGRO-BLASTER	5 BOXES
NOVA BT	100 SACHETS
WORM ATTACK	2 BOXES

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.86 ESTABLISHMENT OF MINI DEMONSTRATION

The department of Agriculture with support from MAG has given financial support to 12 extension officers in their operational areas to educate farmers on improved technologies.

The AEA have established the demonstrations in their various operational areas and are using it to educate the farmers on improved technologies such as land selection, land preparation, row planting, weed management, pest control and other management practices. The training is expected to impact positively on food production in the district, as the farmers are willing to practice the techniques learnt on their own fields. The communities and the farmers who benefitted from the demonstration are listed below.

NAME OF COMMUNITY	BENEFICIARIES		TOTAL
	MALES	FEMALES	
Brofoyedru	18	7	25
Fumso	15	10	25
Bodwesango	16	9	25

KojoNkwanta	19	6	25
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Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.87 TRAINING ON FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL

The department of Agriculture in collaboration with the district fire command organized trainings for farmers on fire prevention and control in these communities, Bodwesango, Aboabo II, Tewobaabi, Akwaserem, Anhwiaso and Anlo to create awareness and update their skills on fire prevention and control.

The number of farmers that benefited are listed below

Table 37 Beneficiaries from Training in Fire Control and Prevention

COMMUNITY	BENEFICIARIES		TOTALS
	MALE	FEMALES	
Bodwesango	25	13	38
Aboabo II	29	20	49
Tewobaabi	312	24	56
Akwaserem	27	18	45
Anlo	35	25	60
Asokwa	20	13	33

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.88 STAFF TRAINING

Trainings were organized for staff on

- Postharvest management in agricultural value chain

- Soya milk making and liquid and shower gel

They were taken through the above topics and to train farmers accordingly

BENEFICIARIES		TOTAL
MALES	FEMALES	
12	4	16

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.89 VETERINARY ACTIVITIES

The Veterinary Department also undertook several activities across the year. These activities include disease surveillance of animals, sensitization on antirabies, brooding of day old chicks and de-beaking of poultry birds and also several vaccination programs (I2 vaccination, PPR vaccination, antirabies vaccination of dogs and cats).

Table 38 Veterinary Activities

Diseases	Species Affected	2020			
		No. of outbreaks/disease	No. of animals affected	Total Loss	Number of Communities Reporting
African Swine Fever	Pig	0	0	0	0
Anthrax	Cattle	0	0	0	0
	Sheep/Goats	0	0	0	0
	Cattle	0	0	0	0
Avian Infectious Bronchitis	Poultry	0	0	0	0
Trypanosomiasis	Cattle	0	0	0	0

	Pigs	0	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	Cattle	0	0	0	0
	Sheep	0	0	0	0
	Goats	0	0	0	0
	Dog/Cat/Monkey	0	0	0	0
Mange	Cattle	0	0	0	0
	Sheep	3	500	90	12
	Goat	3	800	170	13
	Pigs	2	200	15	4
	Donkeys	0	0	0	0
	Dogs	0	0	0	0

2.90 VACCINATION AND PROPHYLACTIC TREATMENT OF ANIMALS

Animal Species	Disease	2020
Poultry	Newcastle Orthodox	20000
	I-2	6000
	Gumboro	9000
	Fowl pox	9000
	Lasota	800
Cattle	Anthrax	0
	Blackleg	0
	PPR	0
	CBPP	0
Sheep	PPR	700
	Anthrax	0
Goats	PPR	800
	Anthrax	0
Dogs	Rabies	110
Cats	Rabies	41

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

ENDOPAR ASITE CONTROL	ECTOPAR ASITE CONTROL	LOCAL SLAUGHTER	SERVICE CHARGES
CATS – 28	DOGS – 11	0	0
DOGS – 90			

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.91 FARMERS DAY CELEBRATION

The 36th District Farmer’s Day Celebration was organized at Aboabo II, under the theme “Ensuring Agriculture Development under COVID 19, challenges and opportunities”. Women’s

group at Nyankumasu community (NyankumasuKroyekuo) was awarded the overall best farmer's group. WIAD unit prepared the under listed items for display on the occasion.

Liquid soap, Shower gel, Bleach, Sobolo (Hibiscus Tea), Soy bean tom brown, Floor cleaner

Awards were presented to honordeserving and hardworking farmers for their contribution.

In all twenty (20) farmers were awarded for their contribution to agriculture development in the district.

The farmers received awards in the following categories.

	AWARD	NAMES OF FARMERS	COMMUNITY
1.	BEST CITRUS FARMER	ESTHER KORKOR	ANSAH
2.	BEST COCOYAM FARMER	KINGSLEY TETTEH KWAO	APPIAH NKWANTA
3.	BEST PLANTAIN FARMER	ASANA ADAMS	YAW DANKWA
4.	BEST MAIZE FARMER	GIDEON OWUSU	HWIREMOASI
5.	BEST PEPPER FARMER	CHARLES KOFFIE	
6.	BEST TOMATO FARMER	KWAME ESUMANG	ASOKWA
7.	BEST CABBAGE FARMER	ATTAH GEORGE	ASOKWA
8.	BEST RICE FARMER	AMADU SEIDU	BODWESANGO
9.	BEST TIGERNUT FARMER	SOLOMON ARTHUR	TEWOBAABI
10.	BEST CASSAVA FARMER	BOAKYE NYANOR SOLOMON	BODWESANGO
11.	BEST AQUACULTURE FARMER	GUGGISBURG APPIAH DANKWA	TASLIMAN

12.	PROMISING YOUTH FARMER	KOFI OPPONG	FUMSO
13.	BEST F.B.O	KROYEKWO	NYANKOMASU
14.	NON-TRADITIONAL FARMER	ALBERT AMPIAH	DANSOKROM
15.	BEST DISABLE FARMER	ROBERT NYAME	DUAPOMPO
16.	BEST POULTRY FARMER	ADOMAGYA STEPHEN	PIPIISO
17.	BEST LIVESTOCK FARMER	KYEI DOMINIC	ANHWIASO
18.	2ND RUNNER-UP	PAUL OWUSU	ABOABO II
19.	1ST RUNNER-UP	TWENEBOAH KODUA	ANWONA
20.	OVERALL BEST	NANA KWABENA PEPRAH	DUAPOMPO

Source: Department of Agriculture, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.92 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH EDUCATION PROMOTION

Routine inspection was carried out within the various communities within the District with the sole aim of identifying and educating the people/residents on the nuisances and calling for their abatement

PREMISES INSPECTION

Premises inspection includes both domiciliary, eating and drinking premises as well as institutions such as hotels/guest houses, etc. Below are the details of the outcome of the visit to those premises during the period under review.

DOMICILIARY

About one thousand two hundred sixty - seven (1,267) dwelling premises were inspected during the year. Few of them were found with the following nuisances:

- Growth of weeds on undeveloped building plots
- Insanitary drains
- Disposal of waste water in open spaces (walk ways)
- Insanitary latrines
- Stagnation of waste water
- Poor drainage
- Crude dumping at unapproved sites

ACTION TAKEN

Residents were hygienically educated. However, few were served with abatement notices to abate the nuisances in a given period of time frame.

EATING/DRINKING PREMISES

One hundred fifty-seven (157) eating/drinking premises were inspected. The following were nuisances commonly detected.

- Cooking in open spaces
- Accumulation of wastewater in utensils
- Dusty fly-proof nets
- Unkempt premises
- Lack of dust bins at some drinking bars
- Inadequate ventilation

ACTION TAKEN

Owners / operators were hygienically educated to keep their working environment clean to protect the food hence protecting public health.

2.93 WASTE MANAGEMENT

Waste Management includes solid waste and liquid waste, the latter includes faecal waste and sewage water management. Below are some activities under each area

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

Solid waste management was carried out during the year, though in spite of the challenges. This major service was provided by Zoomlion Ghana Limited with sweeping of streets, market places and collection of domestic waste using the communal skip containers placed at vantage points within the area councils

The Area councils enjoying the services are Asokwa, Anhwiaso, Fumso and Bodwesango Area councils respectively. To ensure clean environment at all times of the community dumping sites without SKIP containers, piled refuse were pushed and levelled to create enough dumping platform at Ayokoa and Nyamebekyere. In an attempt to improving solid waste management in the district, 85 No. 240litre plastic bins were procured from the Ashanti Regional Coordinating Council (ARCC). These had been used in diverse ways including distributing twelve (12) of these to the basic schools to achieving good sanitation practices in schools

The table below shows the distribution and condition of container sites

Table 39 Condition and Distribution of Refuse Containers within the District

NO	LOCATION	TYPE	NUMBER	CONDITION OF CONTAINER	CON DITION OF SITE
	Asokwa junction	SKIP	3	Satisfactory	Satisfactory
	Adiemera	SKIP	1	do	do
	Brofoyeduro	SKIP	2	do	do

	Anhwiaso	SKIP	2	do	do
	Bodwesango	SKIP	2	do	do
	Fumso	SKIP	2	do	do
	TOTAL		11		

Source: Environmental Health and Sanitation unit, Adansi Asokwa 2020

CHALLENGES

The following are some challenges encountered

- Inadequate of SKIP refuse containers.
- Lack of comprehensive management plan for the final refuse disposal site
- Lack of motorbike for field inspection

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Additional five (5) refuse containers should be procured and distributed in some communities in Asokwa, Anhwiaso and Fumso area councils where the refuse generation is high or has been pushed and leveled
- A comprehensive management plan should be drawn for the final refuse disposal site
- An official motorbike should be procure for the office

LIQUID WASTE

- There are 43 public toilets in the district. These include water closet, vault chamber, septic tank and traditional pit latrines. The table below shows the breakdown

AREA COUNCIL	NO.OF PUBLIC	TYPES	NO.IN USE	NO.INSPECTED	CONDITION
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	TOILETS				
ASOKWA	6	4Aqua privy 2w/c		1 1	Good
ANHWIASO	2	1 w/cVault chamber		1 1	Satisfactory
FUMSO	2	W/C		1 1	Not satisfactory
BODWESANGO	3	Vault chamber		3 3	Not satisfactory

Source: Environmental Health and Sanitation unit, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.94 HOUSEHOLD TOILET

During the year under review, the District realised a significant increase in the household toilet as compared to the year 2019. The total household toilet for the year 2019 was 1,778. It was increased by 673 in the year 2020 making a total household toilet 2,451 for the District. The District plan to increase the household toilet by 20% by 2021 December. The Assembly has started mass education on disadvantages of open defecation, also approving building permits with toilet facilities and also engaging private consultants to construct bio digester toilet at subsidize rate for various registered households.

HOSEHOLD TOILET FACILITIES

Table 40 Household Toilet Facilities

/N	AREA COUNCIL	TYPE OF FACILITY		
		W/C	VIP	PIT
	Asokwa	195	287	396
	Anhwiaso	15	32	102

	Fumso	16	31	121
	Bodwesango	11	27	54
	TOTAL	237	377	673

Source: Environmental Health and Sanitation unit, Adansi Asokwa 2020

2.95 FOOD HYGIENE

Food hygiene activities comprise screening of food vendors/handlers, market/stores inspection and meat hygiene. The details are as follows:

SCREENING OF FOOD VENDORS/HANDLERS

During the year under review, screening of food vendors was not done due to circumstances that was beyond the unit's control

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that food vendors screening exercise be conducted within the first quarter of 2021.

2.96 SCHOOL HEALTH

Health Education was organized in eight (8) basic schools in the district. The pupils were educated personal hygiene, how a refuse dump emerges and activation of sanitation groups in the schools. Some of the schools visited were: Asokwa D/A Basic school, Brofoyedru, Pippiiso D/A 'B', Bodwesango D/A JHS A, Akwanserem R/C JHS, Anhwiaso D/A JHS, Fumso D/A JHS, and Ansah D/A JHS.

2.97 ARREST AND CONTROL OF STRAY ANIMALS

In the quest to ensuring clean environmental sanitation and accident free on our roads within the district, a number of stray animals were arrested and impounded.

CHALLENGES

- Animal pound not in good shape

RECOMMENDATION

- Animal pound should be put in good shape to serve its intended purpose

2.98 CLEAN-UP EXERCISES

In an effort to improve sanitation in the district, many clean-up exercises were organized with the assistance of Chiefs and elders throughout the year. This helped in contributing immensely to improved sanitation within the district.

2.99 PEST/VECTOR CONTROL (FUMIGATION/DISINFECTION/DISINFESTATION)

Under the Nationwide Malaria Control Programme (NAMCOP) of Zoomlion Ghana Limited, spraying activities were carried out within the district. The areas included: sanitary sites (public toilets, refuse dumps, communal refuse container sites, and public urinals), public school toilets and urinals, mosquitoes breeding sites and markets.

2.100 SANITARY COMPLAINTS

A number of sanitary complaints were brought to office which were investigated and resolved with the exception of one at Fumso which is still in process of resolving.

2.101 DISASTERS

During the year 2020, Fourteen (14) disaster cases were recorded in the district, affecting Two Hundred and Ninety-Nine (299) persons, with no deaths or injuries recorded with an estimated cost of damage being Three Hundred and One Thousand Eight Hundred Ghana Cedis (GHC301,800)

a. FIRE OUTBREAKS:

The district recorded a total of Two (2) fire cases comprising One (1) domestic fire and One (1) Commercial Fire affecting, seven (7) persons with no one injured and no death. The total cost of damage resulting from fire disasters is estimated to be Forty-Eight Thousand Eight Hundred Ghana Cedis (GHC48,800.00)

Key affected communities were: Asokwa Junction

DATE	DISASTER TYPE	ZONE/COMMUNITY	Nº OF VICTIMS	ESTIMATED COST (GHC)
7 TH January 2020	COMMERCIAL FIRE	ASOKWA	1	15,800
14 TH January 2020	DOMESTIC FIRE	ASOKWA	6	33,000
TOTAL	-	-	7	48,800

b. RAIN/WINDSTORMS:

A total of Nine (9) cases were recorded during the year, affecting Two Hundred and Nine (209) persons with no injured and no deaths. Total estimated cost of damage was One Hundred and Sixty-Nine Thousand Ghana Cedis (GHC169,000.00). Affected communities were Tewobaabi, Anitoa, Sarponso, Agogooso, New Akrofuom, Atatem, Fumso, Ketewa, and Aboabo.

DATE	DISASTER TYPE	ZONE/COMMUNITY	Nº OF VICTIMS	ESTIMATED COST
3 RD March 2020	RAINSTORM	AKROFUOM	14	3,000
3 RD March 2020	RAINSTORM	NEW ATATEM	20	7,000
3 RD March 2020	RAINSTORM	FUMSO KETEWA	32	15,000
3 RD March 2020	RAINSTORM	ABOABO	78	25,000
3 RD April 2020	RAINSTORM	NEW AKROFUOM	2	20,000
1 ST October 2020	RAINSTORM	TEWOBAABI	32	33,000
11 TH October 2020	RAINSTORM	ANITOA	3	4,000
29 TH October 2020	RAINSTORM	AGOGOOSO	11	37,000
6 TH November 2020	RAINSTORM	SARPONSO	17	25,000

TOTAL	-	-	209	169,000
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c. FLOOD:

There were a total of three (3) flood cases recorded during the year, affecting Eighty-Three (83) persons with no injured and no deaths. Cost of damage was estimated at Eighty-Four Thousand Ghana Cedis (GHC84,000.00). Affected Communities were Adansi Anwona, and Aboabo

DATE	DISASTER TYPE	ZONE/COMMUNITY	NO. OF VICTIMS	ESTIMATED COST (GHC)
8 TH September 2020	FLOOD	ANWONA BIAKWASO	20	30,000
6 TH October 2020	FLOOD	ANWONA	63	54,000
TOTAL	-	-	83	84,000

2.102 PUBLIC EDUCATION/SENSITIZATION ON DRR

The Assembly through the National Disaster Management Organization (NADMO) held educational programme under the “Advocacy and Capacity Building on Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR). The District Director of the National Disaster Management Organization (NADMO) and his outfit embarked on educational programme on Hydro-meteorological disaster (flood) at flood prone areas including Anwona and Biakwaso on Tuesday 11th May 2020 and Aboabo NO 1 and 2 on Tuesday 30th of July 2020.

The primary causes of flood were communicated to participants as follows;

- Intense rainfall when the river is flowing full
- Excessive rainfall in river catchments or concentration of runoff from the tributaries and river carrying flows in excess of their capacity
- Cyclone and very intense rainfall
- Synchronization of flood peaks in the main rivers on their tributaries
- Landslides leading to obstruction of flow and change in the river course

- Backing water in tributaries at their confluence with the main river

One of the goals of the project was to reduce disaster risks through awareness creation at all levels of the society. In view of this, NADMO developed fire safety and flood awareness materials (leaflets) focusing on disasters in urban settings, which were been disseminated in a series of sensitization activities that included TV/radio discussions and engagement of schools.

About One Hundred and Twenty people in these communities benefited from this programme.

This also created a platform for the people living in the communities to share their knowledge and experience with flooding situations and the actions they took to address the threats. The leaflets were distributed to the members present, who were encouraged to be agents of change and share the information with their families, friends and neighbours.

2.103 CLIMATE CHANGE INTERVENTIONS

Climate change issues have gained prominence in recent times due to its threats on human livelihood and existence. The environmental impacts of climate change are seen in our communities every day. In response to increased calls for action to mitigate as well as reverse the trend of climate change impact, the Adansi Asokwa District Assembly in collaboration with other partners undertook various climate change mitigation activities in the year under review 2020. These activities included: Bush fire campaigns, tree planting in schools and communities, education on the preservation of water bodies, public education on flood, rain/windstorm disasters, establishment of fire volunteers in communities, encouragement of farmers to undertake agro forestry, campaigns against indiscriminate use of Agro-Chemicals and the implementation of COVACA in the District.

2.104 CLIMATE CHANGE SENSITISATION

The National Disaster Management organised a climate change sensitization programme in June 2020. Participants at the training included three representatives each from twenty (20) selected communities in the District. Communities that had fire volunteers were asked to select a representative from the group to represent the group. In all sixty (60) participants made up of forty-one (41) males and nineteen (19) females attended the programme.

The overall objectives of the sensitization programme were to; strengthen capacity on community based climate change adaptation for local community members and offer participants the opportunity to learn about basic knowledge and experience of climate change and its impact on people’s livelihood. Topic treated included: Climate change and its impact, climate change adaptation and disaster risk reduction, early warning systems and weather/climate forecasting on community level, understanding underlying causes of community vulnerability to climate change for: Agriculture, water, forest and community vulnerability and capacity responding to climate change/Role of community and concerned organizations.

At the end of the programme, participants were able to identify local coping and adaptation options and disaster risk reduction response mechanisms through demonstration exercises. Participants were tasked to engage the larger populace in their communities to educate and adopt community specific measures to combat and mitigate the effects of climate change.

2.105 EDUCATION ON BUSHFIRES

During the year under review 2020 the department of community development embarked on community sanitization on bush fire in the Bodwesango area council, communities invited includes Fumso Ketewa, Bodwesango, Nsokote, Atatem, Odem Duampompo, Anomabo, Brofoyeduru and Anhweam. The total number of community members involved were 536 out of which 432 were males and 104 females. Participants were taken through the causes of bush fires which included; uncontrolled burning of farm lands, activities of hunters, improper discarding of cigarette butts among others. Participants were made up of Assembly Members, Unit Committee Members, Chiefs and the general community. At the end of the programs, communities were able to identify alternative ways of undertaking activities such a hunting in order not to cause bushfires.

Table 41 Training on the Effects and Consequences of Bush Fire

No.	Date	Location	No.of Participants	Topic Discussed
1	23 RD to 26 TH July 2020	Fumso Ketewa, Bodwesango, Nsokote, Atatem, Odem, Duampompo, Anomabo, Brofoyeduru, and	536(M-432, F-104)	Effects and consequences of bush fires

		Anhweam		
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Source:NADMO AADA 2020

2.106 TREE PLANTING IN SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES

During the year 2020, the District Directorate of Forestry undertook tree planting exercises in schools and communities in the district. In all, fifteen (15) schools and 35 communities participated in the exercise. All the Assembly members and majority of opinion leaders in the communities were greatly involved in the exercise. The District Directorate of Forestry educated the participating communities about the relevance of planting trees in schools and the communities.

In all, three hundred and fifty (350) trees were planted in the schools whereas one thousand five hundred (1,500) were planted in the various communities.

As part of its function as windbreaks, the trees were planted in front of buildings and along major roads. The tree planting exercise in communities mainly targeted degraded lands which were as a result of deforestation and sand winning activities. The community members were also asked to plant fruit producing trees such as mango, pear among others.

The District Directorate of Forestry advised all the headmasters of the participating schools and the leaders of the various communities to ensure that proper monitoring is done so as to achieve the aim of planting the trees.

2.107 EDUCATION ON PRESERVATION OF WATER BODIES

The District Directorate of Agriculture and other relevant stakeholders embarked on a campaign to curb water pollution in the year 2020. Thirty-two (32) communities were visited in this exercise. The primary target people were the farmers but the training was extended to the general public. The elected Assembly members and the chiefs were some of the focal persons who graced the occasions with their presence.

The District Director of Agriculture and his outfit took the communities through some of the activities that pollute water bodies which must be checked to halt the said menace and to avoid its associated effects on both human beings and animals. As part of the education, participants were asked to weed around the water bodies to make way for proper aeration. One major issue

that came up for discussion in most communities visited was the menace of open defecation especially along water ways. Communities committed to construct household toilets to check the phenomenon.

2.108 PUBLIC EDUCATION ON FLOODS, RAIN/WINDSTORM DISASTERS

The Director of Agriculture and his outfit together with the Information Service Department of the District Assembly and NADMO on 5th June, 2020 undertook an intensive public education exercise on rain/windstorm Disasters. Eight (8) communities were visited in this exercise. These included: Aslivikrom, Bodwesango, Nkonsa, Odem, Duapompo, Anomabo, Brofoyeduru and Anitoa. Communities were educated on some of the ways of preparing against floods, rain/windstorm disasters. The following were outlined;

- Houses should not be built in water ways/valleys
- Effective de-silting of choked gutters
- Planting of trees to serve as windbreaks
- Avoiding indiscriminate disposal of waste especially along water ways

Communities were advised to implement the decisions arrived at to ensure the safety of live and property from these natural phenomena which have increasingly become a major concern for people all over the world.

Table 42 Beneficiaries on Training Techniques to Prevent Hydro-Meteorological Disasters

No.	Date	Location	No.of Participants	Topic Discussed
1.	5 th June 2020	Aslivikrom, Bodwesango, Nkonsa, Odem, Duampompo, Anomabo, Brofoyeduru, and Anitoa	77	Techniques to Prevent Hydro-meteorological disasters such as Flood, Windstorm, Rainstorms

Source: NADMO AADA 2020

2.109 ESTABLISHMENT OF FIRE VOLUNTEERS IN COMMUNITIES

In the year 2020, the District Directorate of Agriculture together with the Ghana National Fire Service of the District educated ten (10) communities on the need to establish fire volunteer groups in their communities. The communities included Agyenkwaso, Fumso Ketewa, Anhwem, Odem, Duapompo, Bodwesango, Nsokote, Atatem, Anomabo and Brofoyeduru. The fire volunteer groups were tasked to prevent and assist relevant agencies to fight fire in their communities.

So far seven (7) out of the eleven (11) communities visited have established their fire volunteer groups. The fire volunteer groups were advised to be proactive in their activities. The Ghana National Fire Service provided some elementary training for the fire volunteer groups in the year under review to improve their performance. As part of their activities, they went round the various homes to sensitize the farmers on the need to avoid farming practices such as slash and burn, and any other farming activities that involves the use of fire as well as sensitizing cigarette smokers on proper ways of putting out their cigarette butts.

2.110 ENCOURAGE FARMERS TO UNDERTAKE AGRO-FORESTRY

District Directorate of Agriculture within the year educated and encouraged farmers to undertake agro-forestry. The District Director of Agriculture and his team visited various communities where they met with the farmers and encouraged them to go into agro-forestry. In all, twenty (20) communities were visited. The meeting with the farmers took place in places such as schools, churches and the chief palace among others. The farmers were educated on the benefits of agro-forestry. Some of the trees farmers were encouraged to plant included fruit producing trees as well as commercial trees such as timber and teak among others. The farmers were also informed that agro-forestry is an important component of climate change mitigation and as such it is meant to safeguard their communities from the negative effects of climate change on the environment while reversing the trend of degradation. The District Director of Agric told the communities that, the UNDP will assist farmers register their commercial trees in their name so as to secure them for future income. Most of the farmers in the communities have initiated the idea and have since planted a lot of trees their farms.

2.111 CAMPAIGN AGAINST INDISCRIMINATE USE OF AGRO-CHEMICALS

The District Directorate of Agriculture and the Information Service Department of the District undertook a campaign against the indiscriminate use of agro-chemical in the district. This exercise was an intensive one because of the dangers it can have on human life. The team organised training for farmers at Asokwa Area council on 12th May 2020. The team sensitised fifty farmers made up 32 males and 18 females on the abuse of agro-chemicals in farming. They were educated on the health implications of abusing agro-chemicals in their farming activities.

Farmers were educated on the proper ways of using agro-chemicals and the right types to apply in each respective farming system (mixed farming, mixed cropping, mono-cropping etc.). The District Director of Agric admonished farmers in the various communities to desist from purchasing unapproved agro-chemicals which will not only kill the plants but may also pose danger to precious human lives.

Table 43 Training in Safe Use of Agro Chemicals

No	Date	Location	Participants	Topic discussed
1	12 th May 2020	Asokwa(Area council)	50(M-32, F-18)	Safe use of agro chemicals

Source: agric. Directorate AADA 2020

2.112 IMPLEMENTATION OF COVACA IN THE DISTRICT

During the year, 18TH August 2020 the National Disaster Management Organisation implemented the COVACA concept in four (4) communities comprising Fumso Ketewa, Aduposo, MensahKrom and Anomabo. Total of 36 people made up 28 males and 8 females from the four communities constituted the formulation members of the COVACA. COVACA is a key component of Climate change –Disaster Risk Reduction and adaptation efforts. Communities were facilitated to:

- ✓ Carryout realistic assessment of vulnerabilities and capacities leading to better decision making
- ✓ Identify activities that communities can implement within their own resources to protect themselves from selected key threats

- ✓ Identify ways to empower their communities to take responsibility for their own protection and implementation of the identified activities

Four (4) communities were assisted to develop a disaster preparedness plan. Members of these communities contributed excellently to the discussion. The team noted that, only one out of the four communities that is Anomabo had the disaster volunteer group functioning effectively in the community. The communities identified logistics as the result of their breakdown. These volunteer groups were set up by NADMO.

Assembly members, Chief’s and elders in the other 3 communities were encouraged to revive the disaster volunteer groups in their communities so they can carry out periodic education on disaster issues and mitigation measures. With this, the impact of any disaster that is not man-made would be minimal. The table below presents the attendance in all four communities.

Table 44 Participants in COVACA

No	Date	Location	Participants	Topic Discussed
1	18 th August 2020	Fumso Ketewa, Aduposo, Mensahkrom and Anomabo	36(M-28, F-8)	Formulation of COVACA members

Source: NADMO July, 2020

The activity was carried out at community gatherings in all communities. Communities were made to give a historical account of disasters that had ever occurred in their communities. They were also made to identify hazards that could easily lead to disasters within their areas. Communities were told that COVACA was aimed at Proactive adaptation – prepare for disasters and change before they occur and to reduce vulnerability and risk, increase resilience and promote preparedness. Efforts will be aimed at monitoring the formation of disaster volunteer groups and the implementation of the disaster plans in 2020.

2.113 IMPLEMENTATION OF RURAL ENTERPRISE PROGRAMMES

The Business Advisory Centre (BAC) during the year 2020 undertook some training programmes aimed at introducing improved technology and packaging in some production areas. The trainings covered training in auto diagnostics, Fashion design and production, beads making, cosmetics care among others

Source: Business Advisory Centre, 2020

Activity	Type of training	Beneficiaries	Venue	Date	No. Of Ppants		
					M	F	T
Business Counselling	Management	BAC Client	Fomena	2020	59	12 2	181
Pig farming (internship)	Technical	Pig farmers	DomeabraAnwomaso, Kumasi	June	4	1	5
Beauty care	Technical	Beauticians	Visabkwadaso estate	June	0	5	5
Fashion Designing and Production	Technical	Tailors and Dress makers	Fomena	June	3	87	90
Coco HUSK production	Technical	Unemployed women in Asokwa	Asokwa	June	0	11	11
Kaizen	Technical	Mark Kwakye	Dompoase-Nyame ye Odo processing	Oct to Dec	4	16	20
Stakeholders forum	Management	Selected Bac clients	Fomena	November	11	16	27
Total					81	25 8	339

TRAINING IN POULTRY AND FISH FARMING AND SHEEP AND GOAT REARING

During the year under review, the Department of Agriculture in collaboration with BAC trained farmers on good poultry and fish farming practices and sheep and goat rearing. They were also taken through approved feedings and record keeping. In all, the training had 31 farmers across the District, out of the total 12 were females and 19 were males. The participants were drawn from the following communities; Bodwesango, Nsokote-Anomabo, Aboabo, Pippiiso and Duampompo.

2.114 TOURISM

The Nyankomasu waterfall has long been identified as a great tourism potential for the District. The District Assembly in consultation with Nananom and the entire leadership of Nyankomasu agreed to develop the waterfall for the benefit of the indigenes and the District at large. The

Assembly has finally made the place functional and was opened to the public on the later part of December 2020. Due to the Covid, the number of visitors was not as expected, however, the Covid protocols were strictly adhered to at the site. The waterfall opening has created employment to appreciable number of persons and youths.

COMMUNITY INITIATED PROJECTS

The Assembly supported community initiated projects within the District with roofing sheet, iron rods and cement. Beneficiary communities included Dasubimandwen, Bodwesango, Nkonsa, Pippiiso among others.

VERIFIED 2020 PLANTATION SITES - ADANSI ASOKWA DISTRICT

Forest Reserve	Political District	Taungya Community	Compartment	Target(ha)	Verified Area (ha)
Nyamebe Bepo	AdansiAsokwa	FumsoKetewa	12	40	43,17
Numia	AdansiAsokwa	Aboaboso	12 & 23	15	6.25

MODIFIED TAUNGYA SYSTEM (MTS) 2021 – ADANSI ASOKWA

Forest Reserve	Political District	Taungya Community	Compartment	Target(ha)
Nyamebe Bepo	AdansiAsokwa	Nkonsa	38	50
Kunsimoa	AdansiAsokwa	Boku	Non-compartmented	30

2.115 PARTICIPATORY M & E AND OTHER STUDIES

The periodic monitoring by the Monitoring Team was undertaken. This comprised of the Monitoring Team, Assembly Members and Community Members. As usual, the exercise was embarked upon to assess the quality of work done, the usage of material, the steady progress of works on projects under construction in district.

Situational Report And Recommendations On Various Projects Visited.

1. Construction of 2 N0.10 Seater Water Closet Toilet, Drilling and Mechanization of Borehole at Bodwesango and Nyankomasu.

Progress of Works

. Work was on-going and project was at the painting stage.

2. Construction of 1 No. 3- Unit Classroom Block with Ancillary Facilities at Amanorkrom

Progress of Works

Works was at the lintel level.

3. Mechanization of Existing 5No. Borehole at Bodwesango, Asokwa Achiase, Asokwa D/A School, Biakwaso and Konsimwa

Progress of Works

The project had been completed and was in use at the time of visit.

4. Construction of 1No. 3- Unit Classroom Block with Ancillary at Mensahkrom

Progress of Works

The project was at the roofing stage

5. Re – Shaping of Roads at Agyenkwaso to Bodwesango

Progress of Work

Work has been satisfactorily completed at the time of visit.

6. Grading of Virgin Roads at Bodwesango

Progress of Work

Grading has been done at the time of visit.

7. Construction of 1No. 6- Unit Pavilion Classroom with Office and Store at Badwe

Progress of Work

Works was at roofing stage. Workers were on the site working. There were enough materials on site. Foreman was also on site.

8. Construction of 1No. 2- Unit Kindergarten Classroom Block with Ancillary Facility at Bodwesango Primary School at Bodwesango (GETFund)

Progress of Work

The project was at the painting level.

9. Construction of 1No. 3- Unit Classroom Block with Office and Store at Aboabo no.1 JHS (GETFund)

Progress of Work

The project has been completed.

10. Construction of 1No. 3- Unit Classroom Block with Office and Store at New Atatem JHS (GETFund)

Progress of Work

The project was the roofing stage.

11. Construction of 1 No. 3- Unit Classroom Block with Office and Store at Odem JHS (GETFund)

Progress of Work

The project was at the roofing level.

12. Construction of 1No. 6- Unit Classroom Block with Office and Store at Nyamekrom Primary School (GETFund)

Progress of Work

The project has been completed.

13. Construction of 1no. 6 unit classroom block with office and store at Kyereboroso Primary School. (GETFund)

Progress Work

The project has been completed.

14. Rehabilitation of 1no. 6 unit classroom block with office and store and completion of KG classroom block with office and store at Akwansrem (GETFund)

Progress of Work

The project was at the lintel level at the time of visit.

15. Construction of 1no. 6 unit classroom block with office and store at Nyamenaose (GETFund)

Progress of Work

The project was at the substructure level at the time of visit and workers were on site.

CHAPTER THREE

THE WAY FORWARD

3.0 INTRODUCTION

This section of the report looks at issues that have been addressed and those yet to be addressed. Recommendation would be made to improve the delivery of programmes, projects and activities in the district.

3.1 KEY ISSUES YET TO BE ADDRESSED

Reducing Overcrowding in Schools

The Assembly has constructed 1 No. 3-Unit Classroom Block with ICT room at Bodwesango and 1No. 3-Unit Classroom Block with office & store at Anomabo to reduce overcrowding in these schools.

Provision of Safe and Quality Potable Water to the Populace

The Assembly in its quest to ensure provision of quality and easily accessible water, the Assembly has awarded the Drilling and Mechanization of five (5) No. Borehole at Betenase, Anitoa, Nkonsa, Brofoyedru and Akromaso funded by its share of District Development Fund (DDF).

The Assembly has also awarded the mechanization of 5no. existing boreholes at Bodwesango, Ayokoa, New Akrofroum, Atatem and Pipiiso. This is a DACF funded project.

Support for Small-scale and medium enterprises

Some of the small-scale and medium enterprises are not known and therefore cannot be supported by the Assembly. However, the Assembly's Business Advisory Center under the Rural Enterprise project which currently operates from Adansi-North would also continue to offer business advice to the people in the informal sector in order to expand their business and also recruit more people especially the youth who are unemployed.

Women Empowerment

The Assembly through the Department of Social Welfare organized two programmes to empower women to achieve their aspirations and dreams. The program was organized at Asokwa Methodist Church and Asokwa Assembly Hall. The program discussed issues such as HIV, support for women in Assembly members' elections, role of women in home building, financial management, home management skills and women empowerment. The program drew people from various communities in the district. The program at Asokwa Methodist Church focused on artisans, students and apprentices. In all, ninety-six persons were involved in both programs

Poor Environmental Sanitation

Poor environmental sanitation has been a heavy toll on the Assembly for some time now despite the vigorous work by the district to reduce it to the barest minimum. The Environmental health departments of the Assembly in collaboration with the other decentralized departments are devising measures to help curb the situation. Public education will be aired at vantage information centers, schools, churches, mosques, lorry stations and all public gatherings to drum home the message.

Improvement in Agriculture

Agriculture been the largest employer with the District, the Department of Agriculture in collaboration with the district Assembly is raising 30,000 Oil Palm Seedlings for free distribution to farmers under the PERD program.

3.2 RECOMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE THE ASSEMBLY'S PERFORMANCE

- ❖ Rehabilitation of road leading to agricultural production centers.
- ❖ Construct more Educational infrastructure with ancillary facilities and rehabilitate dilapidated ones.
- ❖ Involvement of the Private Sector in Revenue Mobilization
- ❖ Chiefs, Assembly members, Unit Committees to collaborate with the Assembly to clamp down illegal mining activities in their various communities
- ❖ Organize periodic seminar and workshop for the Assembly personnel
- ❖ Undertake periodic public hearing fora and Town Hall meetings to account to the people.

- ❖ BAC and RTF to collaborate with Assembly to seek funding to engage the youth in apprenticeship programme
- ❖ Improve the Assembly's internally generated revenue to complement the support from central government and the donor community.

4.2 CONCLUSION

The Adansi- Asokwa Assembly to collaborate with the various Decentralized Departments, the Private Sector and NGOs to work diligently to ensure that the Development goal and objectives of the District are achieved to improve the quality of life of the people.

LIST OF ON – GOING PROJECTS

PROGRAMME AND PROJECTS

GHANA EDUCATION TRUST Fund (GETFund) Projects

<i>o</i>	<i>Project Title</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Funding Source</i>	<i>Contractor</i>	<i>Consultant</i>	<i>Contract Sum</i>	<i>Payment to Date</i>	<i>Outstanding Payment</i>	<i>Award Date</i>	<i>Start Date</i>	<i>Expected Completion</i>	<i>Status</i>	<i>Stage (%)</i>
1	Construction of 1No. 2-Unit Kindergarten Classroom Block with Ancillary Facility at Bodwesango Primary School	Bodwesango	GETFund	O.A.B .U Company Limited.	Works Dept.	299,804.70	0.00	0.00	10/07/20	27/07/20	27/11/20	Painting	85%
2	Construction of 1No. 3-Unit Classroom Block with	Aboabo No. 1J.H.S	GETFund	Adujem Company Ltd	Works Dept.	275,285.80	0.00	0.00	03/08/20	03/08/20	03/12/20	Completed	100%

	Office and Store												
3	Construction of 1No. 3-Unit Classroom Block with Office and Store	AtatemJ .H.S	GETFund	Adujem Company Ltd	Works Dept.	275,076.00	0.00	0.00	03/08/20	03/08/20	03/12/20	Roofing	58%
4	Construction of 1 No. 3-Unit Classroom Block with Office and Store	OdemJ. H.S	GETFund	Arthurs Const. Company Limited	Works Dept.	274,205.00	0.00	0.00	03/08/20	03/08/20	03/12/20	Roofing level	30%
6	Construction of 1No. 6-Unit Classroom Block with Office and	Nyamekrom Primary School	GETFund	Newlove Company Limited	Works Dept.	450,000.00	0.00	0.00	03/08/20	03/08/20	03/12/20	Completed	100%

	Store												
7	Construction of 1No. 6-Unit Classroom Block with Office and Store	Kyeraboroso Primary School	GETFund	Newlove Company Limited	Works Dept.	449,919.70	0.00	0.00	03/08/20	03/08/20	03/12/20	Completed	100%
8	Rehabilitation of 6-unit classroom Blk with Office and Store and completion of K.G Classroom Blk with Office and Store at Akwans	Akwans erem	GETFund	Arthur's Const. Company Ltd	Works Dept.	182,728.00	0.00	0.00	6/11/2020	-	-	Lintel	45%

	erem												
9	Construction of 1 No. 6-Unit Classroom Blk with Office and Store	Nyamensoase	GETFund	Kojabon Enterprise Limited	Works Dept.	449,223.00	0.00	0.00	6/11/2020	17/11/2020	17/03/2021	Substructure	15%

District's Assembly Common Fund (DACF) and Member of Parliament Common Fund (MPCF) Projects

<i>o</i>	<i>Project Title</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Funding Source</i>	<i>Contractor</i>	<i>Consultant</i>	<i>Contract Sum</i>	<i>Payment to Date</i>	<i>Outstanding Payment</i>	<i>Award Date</i>	<i>Start Date</i>	<i>Expected Compl.</i>	<i>Status</i>	<i>Stage (%)</i>
	Construction of 1No. 3-Unit Pavilion Classroom Block with Office and Store	Nyamensoase	DACF	Prismanuel Building & Construction Company Limited	Works Dept.	59,765.00	39,264.90	20,500.10	08/03/19	08/03/19	08/08/19	Roofing Stage	80%
	Construction of 1 No. 3-Unit Classroom	Amanokrom,	DACF	K.Adusark.Ent	Works Dept.	254,785.65	0.00	0.00	9/04/20	23/04/20	23/08/20	Lintel	45%

	m Block with Ancillary Facilities												
.	Construction of 1No. 3-Unit Classroom Block with Ancillary Facility	Mensahkrom	DAC F	Jekoa 07 Enterprise	Works Dept	282,411.67	0.00	0.00	10/07/20	27/07/20	10/11/20	Roofing stage	58%
.	Re-Shaping	Fumso, Odem, TawiakromAnisah, Anitoa	DAC F	Taw J. Company limited	Works Dept	69,994.00	69,994.00	0.00	5/10/20	5/10/20		Completed	100%
.	Re-Shaping	wiaso, Odem Asokwa Town Park	DAC F	Arthur's Construction Ltd	Works Dept	44,665.60	44,665.60	0.00	2/11/20	2/11/20		Completed	100%
.	Renovation	Anhwiaso Area council	DAC F	Jekoa 07 Enterprise	Works Dept	38,000.00	38,000.00	0.00	2/10/20	2/10/20		Completed	100%
.	Construction of 1No. 6-Unit Pavilion Classroom with Office and Store	Badwe	MPC F	HellenBuame enterprise	Works Dept.	67,018.00	0.00	67,018.00	07/05/20	20/05/20	07/08/20	roofing stage	58%
	Grading	Akwansrem	MPC	ESTHY	Works	10,80	10,80	0.00	16/9/	16/9/		compl	10

8	of Public Park		F	EB Enterprise	Dept.	0.00	0.00		2020	2020		eted	0 %
9	Re-shaping	Aboabosu,Fu mso, Awukrom, Nsokote Junction, Nyamenaose, Agogoaso and Peweiso no.2	MPC F	Jekoa 07 Enterprise	Works Dept.	63,429.50	63,429.50	0.00	16/9/2020	16/9/2020		compl eted	100 %
0	Drilling of 4no. ,Drilling and Mechani sation of 8 no. borehole	Nyamekrom, Ansah, Konsimwaa, old Atatem,Kwab enaFranti, Nyamenoase, AdomKoforid ua and New Atatem	MPC F	ESTHY EB Enterprise	Works Dept.	90,000.00	40,000.00	50,000.00	27/10/20	27/10/20		compl eted	100 %
1	Renovat ion of Police Station Building	Aboabo No.2	MPC F	ESTHY EB Enterprise	Works Dept.	40,000.00	40,000.00	0.00	25/11/20	25/11/20		compl eted	100 %
2	Constru ction of 1 No. 3-Unit Classroo	Bodwesango	DAC F	O.A.B.U	Works Dept.	184,142.00	135,985.65					On-going	

	m Block with Ancillary Facilities at Bodwesango												
3	Construction of 2 NO.10 Seater Water Closet Toilet, Drilling and mechanization	Bodwesango, Nyankomaso	DDF	O.A.B.U Company LIMITED	Works Dept.	234,27.00	0.00	0.00	10/07/20	17/07/20	10/11/20	Painting ongoing	
4	Construction of 1 No. 3- Unit Classroom Block with Office, Store & 4 Seater – Vault Chamber Toilet at	Sarponso	DDF	Gallen Ventures	Works Dept	222,405.50	99,581.20					On-going	

Sarpons													
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Appendix 1: Implementation of the 2020 Annual Action Plan

N/S	DEVELOPMENT DIMENSIONS	Total Number of Projects & programmes in the ACAP	Implemented Projects & programmes	%	Partially Implemented	On-going	Not implemented
01	Economic Development.	49	45	91.84	2	1	1
02	Social Development	51	45	88.24	2	2	2
03	Environment, Infrastructure and Human Settlement	23	11	47.83	1	1	10
04	Governance, Corruption and Public Accountability	10	10	100	-	-	-
TOTAL		133	111	83.46	5	4	13
Gross %		100	83.46		3.76	3.01	9.77

Appendix 2: Update on Critical Development and Poverty Issues In 2020

Critical Development and Poverty Issues	Allocation GH ₵	Actual receipt GH ₵	No of beneficiaries	
			Targets	Actuals
Ghana School Feeding Program				
Capitation Grants		Primary = GHC136,197.94 Junior High School = GHC46,200.84		Sixty-One (61) public Primary Schools, fifty (50) public Junior High Schools
National Health Insurance Scheme				232 M-92 F-140
Livelihood Empowerment Against Poverty (LEAP) Programme				403-male=94 Female=309
National Youth Employment Programme				144
One District-One Factory Programme				
One Village-One Dam Programme				
One Constituency-One Million Dollars Programme				
Planting for Food and Jobs Programme				356 farmers M- 333 F-23
Free SHS Programme				Male (482),

				Female (489)
National Entrepreneurship and Innovation Plan (NEIP)				
Implementation of Infrastructural for Poverty Eradication Programme (IPEP)				8 projects (males-2007, Female 2203)
Others				

Appendix 4: Performance of Core Indicators at the District Level

DEVELOPMENT DIMENSION	INDICATORS		DISTRICT TARGET 2020	ACHEIVEMENT 2020
	NATIONAL BASELINE(2018)	DATA		
Economic Development. (Goal: Build prosperous society)				
<p align="center">Focus Area are Agriculture and rural development</p> <p align="center">Promote a demand –driven approach to agricultural development</p>	<p align="center">1.Coverage of flagship agricultural programme of “planting for food and jobs”</p> <p align="center">-Number of beneficiary farmers</p> <p align="center">-Number of Extension Officers</p> <p align="center">-Total number of of jobs created</p>	<p>202,000</p> <p>1,070</p> <p>745,000</p>	<p>667</p> <p>13AES</p> <p>3,000</p>	<p>575</p> <p>5</p> <p>2,877</p>
<p align="center">Improve production efficiency and yield</p>	<p align="center">*Total amount of subsidized seeds distributed to</p>	<p>44,000</p>	<p>13,507</p>	<p>8,561</p>

	farmers (metric tonnes)			
	*Extension officer-farmer ratio (excluding cocoa extension officers)	1:3,374	1:5,322	1:5,322
	*Fertilizer application rate(kg/ha)	12.0	333mt	103mt
	*Average productivity of selected crop (Mt/Ha):	(134,000 metric tonnes		
	-Maize		2.5mt/ha	2.5mt/ha
	-Rice(milled)		5.0mt/ha	5.0mt/ha
	*Number of young people	11,500	667	345

	engaged under the Planting for Food and Jobs				
Social Development (Goal: Create Equal Opportunity)					
Focus Area 1: Education and Training	*Net enrolment ratio in kindergarten, primary, JHS,SHS	KG= 74.6	109.3%	78.5%	
		Primary=91.1	111.8%	79.3%	
		JHS=49.7	76.2%	37.3%	
		SHS=26.5		45.0%	
	*SHS Retention Rate	92%		90.1%	
		Primary 6=100.8%	88.2%	85.3%	
	*Completion rate in P6. JHS3, SHS3	JHS= 75.2%		96.1%	
		SHS= 48%	92.6%	81.4%	
	*Gender parity index in kindergarten, primary, JHS, second cycle,	KG=1.01	2	1.0	1.02
		Primary=1.01		1.0	0.98

	Tertiary	JHS=0.98	2		1.02
		SHS=0.96	2	1.0	1.10
		Tertiary=0.64	2	1.0	
	*Pupil-to-trained teacher ratio in basic schools	KG=30:1	2		1:41
		Primary=30:1			1:31
		JHS=14:1			1:13
	*BECE pass rate	SHS=21:1		-	1:28
					95.06%
		68		77.2%	

HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES	Proportion of functional community-based Health Planning Services (CHPS) zones	4,400 (67.4%)		26 Zones (100%)
	Doctor-to- population	1:8,301		No Doctor
	Nurse-to- population	1:834		1:715
	Maternal mortality ratio: -Survey -Institution			
Focus Area: Water and Sanitation	Percentage of population with basic access to drinking water sources	Urban: 76% Rural :62:23%	90%	92%

*Enhance access to improved and reliable environmental sanitation services	Percentage of population with access to safely managed drinking water management	27% (JMP7 National)	92%
	Percentage of population with access to liquid waste management	15%	-
	Proportion of liquid waste properly disposed of (major towns/cities)	70%	
	Number of IPEP projects implemented by		-

Reduce income disparities among socio-economic groups and between geographical areas	type Percentage of children engaged in child labour	0	-	4 (100%)
Ensure effective child protection and family welfare system	Incidence of child abuse cases	21.8%		
Ensure the rights an entitlements of children		4,720		
Focus Area: Gender Equality Attain gender equality and equity in political, social and economic	Percentage of women in public life	Minister= 23.25% (9) Dep. Ministers =20.93% (30) MMDCES=10.3%	-	8%

development system and outcomes		(20) Chief Directors=10% (4) Chief Justice=100% (1)		
Focus Area: Social Protection *Strengthens social protection especially for children, women, persons with disability and the elderly	Number of extremely poor house benefiting from LEAP	213,043	403	Leap beneficiaries received their grant in full during the period
Focus Area: Disability And Development	Proportion of District Assembly Common Fund (DACF) released to PWDs (%) Proportion	NA		Disability fund management committee during the period ensured the payment of all amount due the disabled persons. The beneficiaries had

	of person with disabilities receiving needed assistive technologies			hair dryers, sewing machines, Deep freezers corn mill machine to make a living with
Focus Area: Youth Development Promote effective participation of the youth in socio-economic development	Number of youth provided with employable skills	53,171		204
ENVIRONMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS				
Focus Area: Disaster Management Promote proactive planning for disaster prevention and mitigation	*Number of communities trained in disaster prevention and management (especially bush fire and flooding) *Number of deaths, missing person and persons affected by disaster per	81		

	100,000 people		287,399		-
<p>Focus Area : Transport Infrastructure (Road, Rail, Water and Air)</p> <p>Improve efficiency and effectiveness of road transport infrastructure and services</p>	<p>Road condition mix</p> <p>Total road network size (km)</p> <p>-Trunk roads</p> <p>-Urban roads</p> <p>-Feeder roads</p>	<p>41% Good</p> <p>33% Fair</p> <p>26% Poor</p> <p>71,401km</p> <p>14,582.62km</p> <p>15,462km</p> <p>48,401km</p>		-	
<p>Focus Area : Enhance security service delivery</p> <p>*Enhance public safety</p>	<p>Police-citizen ratio</p> <p>Fireman-citizen ratio</p>	<p>Total no. of police :33,002</p> <p>Ratio 1:848</p> <p>1:700</p>		-	<p>14 police personnel</p> <p>Ratio 1:5,416</p> <p>18 Fire personnel</p>

				Ratio 1:4,213
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